

What Is Home With-  
out the Republican

State Librarian

# The Daily Republican.

All the News That's  
Fit to Print

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Rushville, Indiana, Wednesday Evening, March 5, 1913.

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## LAST SALOON TO CLOSE APRIL 4

Four Liquor Licenses Will Expire  
Saturday as Result of "Dry"  
Victory Yesterday.

OTHER 2 HOLD OVER 4 WEEKS

Temperance Element Wins by 98  
And Show Gain in Every  
Precinct But One.

OFFICIAL VOTES.

	1913		1911	
	D	W	D	W
Precinct 1....	100	125	101	118
Precinct 2....	117	69	103	82
Precinct 3....	75	139	56	153
Precinct 4....	94	127	74	138
Precinct 5....	274	189	221	191
Precinct 6....	138	51	117	46
	798	700	672	728

"Dry" majority in 1913, 98.  
"Wet" majority in 1911, 56.

Rushville voted "dry" yesterday by 98 votes, and after Friday, April 4, Rushville will be a saloonless city, after a two year period of "wetness."

The liquor licenses of William Price and August Roth will be the last to expire. They will have the job of replenishing thirst of the city from next Saturday night until April 4.

The other four licenses belonging to Clyde Miller, Thomas J. O'Neil, James McCormick and James Smith will be in force until Sunday March 9. This means, of course, that they will close the doors of their saloons the last time next Saturday night at eleven o'clock.

The "wets" and "drys" divided honors in the number of precincts carried. But the "dry" victory is due to the fact that the precinct in which the temperance element predominated were larger, and a bigger majority was piled up.

The returns from all but the big fifth precinct were in last night by seven-thirty o'clock. Even with three of the five precincts carried by the "wets," there was a "dry" lead of thirteen votes.

The suspense for partisans of both sides was telling. It was very uncertain what the result would be. The division includes nearly the whole factory district—all that part of the city west of the middle of Harrison street and north of Fourth street.

The precinct went "dry" two years ago by thirty votes. But there was no certainty in estimates, because it had been ascertained that fifty more votes had been cast at this election. "Dry" partisan argued that the "dry" lead in the precinct would be increased this time because of the larger votes, while the "wets" were hopeful and thought the in-

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### TOM VOTED "NO."

Some members of the election board of the second precinct, voting at the court house, laughed last night, and others were just plain glum when a ballot with Tom Marshall's picture pasted over the "No" square was opened. Of course, no one knows who voted Tom Marshall for the continuance of a licensed saloon, but it is presumed that the voter believed Tom's record as governor of Indiana was such as would justify the action. The ingenuity of the voter and his willingness to lose his vote was the subject of much comment on the streets today.

## HAD PNEUMONIA A WEEK

W. C. Bennett, Age 26, Died Last  
Night Near Milroy.

Wilbur C. Bennett, age twenty-six years, died last night at 11:30 o'clock of pneumonia. He has been afflicted with the disease only a week. He is survived by two brothers, Roy and Otis, and his father and mother, all of whom lived at the same place. The funeral will be held at the Moscow Christian church tomorrow afternoon and burial will take place there.

## DID JOKERS REALIZE IT WAS NUMBER 23?

Sound of Church Bells Dies Out Just  
As False Fire Alarm is  
Turned in.

### SECOND ONE SOON AFTERWARD

The last sound of church bells and the court house bell, which were rung last night when it was certain the "drys" had won in the local option election, had no more than died away until a fire alarm was turned in at box No. 23, corner of Cherry and Eighth streets. It was a false alarm and the firemen were never quite able to figure out whether the jokers realized the special significance of the number when they pulled that number.

The fagged fire horses were just backing the wagon into the barn when another alarm was turned in at Box No. 21, located at the corner of Perkins and Ninth streets. The second alarm was false also.

## NEW COUNTY FAIR BILL WINS FAVOR

Committee in Lower House Reports  
on Measure Providing For a  
Remonstrance.

### MUST OUTNUMBER PETITION

The house committee on agriculture yesterday evening decided to recommend for passage the Lochry county fair bill introduced after the Governor vetoed the Isenbarger bill on the same subject. The Lochry bill differs from the Isenbarger bill in that it provides for a remonstrance, the Governor assigning this as the reason for veto. The bill provides for a tax levy for the support of county fairs, agricultural and horticultural exhibits on the petition of twenty or more free holders in each township of the county. It would be mandatory on the board of commissioners to levy the tax, unless a remonstrance containing a greater number of signatures was filed within ten days of the date the petition was filed.

U. G. Beaver and family have moved from East Fourth street to West Third street.

David P. Bond, Miles E. Bond and James E. Blew have filed suit to a note against Charles W. Stephens, demanding \$650.

"The Bohemian Girl" show troupe passed through here today enroute to Columbus, Ind., where it will play tonight. The show appeared in Connersville last night.

## ECHO OF LATE OUSTER FAINT

Councilman Newhouse Dissents When  
Motion to Adopt Minutes of Last  
Meeting is Introduced.

MAHIN SALARY IS HELD UP

Council Refuses to Pay Claim For  
Full Month—Concurs in Dis-  
missal Again.

There was nothing more than a faint echo last night at council meeting of the ouster proceedings which the Democrats brought against Supt. A. T. Mahin of the water and light plant at the last meeting of February.

It was rumored yesterday that the Democratic members of the council would take steps last night to declare Dr. C. H. Parsons' seat in the council vacant, but no attempt of the sort was made, and the story was denied in Democratic administration circles. Nevertheless there has been a persistent tale to that effect for two or three days, it has been learned.

The first intimation in the regular proceedings last night that there ever had been such a man as A. T. Mahin employed by the city of Rushville was when City Clerk Tom Canley read the minutes of the last meeting and their adoption was moved.

Councilmen Orme and Kelley voted for the adoption of the minutes, and Councilman Alva Newhouse, the only Republican member present, dissented. The vote of Mr. Newhouse in favor of the adoption of the minutes of the last meeting would have put him on record as favoring the dismissal of A. T. Mahin and the appointment of Frank Brown, which action he has consistently opposed from the first.

The Democrats further attempted to clinch the ouster of Mr. Mahin, when Councilman Ed Kelley moved that the council concur in the action of the last February meeting when Brown was named superintendent. Kelley and Orme, of course, voted to concur and Councilman Newhouse voted against the motion. It has not been determined whether this clinching proceeding will take place at all future council meetings.

For the third time during the meeting the council's action was recalled when the claims were read and showed that Mr. Mahin had entered one for a hundred dollars for February salary, and for \$6.58 to expense account.

The Democratic members were nonplused for the moment. Councilman Orme, who sits near the city attorney, Howard E. Barrett, turned to Mr. Barrett and they whispered a few minutes. Mr. Orme then suggested that the Mahin claim not be allowed in full. The city attorney had a suggestion. He thought the city clerk should figure out what Mr. Mahin's salary up to the time he was dismissed should be, and that the council should allow that much.

The city clerk had the figures already down. He said that since Mr. Mahin was dismissed February 18, he was entitled to eighteen days, which, at \$3.33 1/3 a day, would be equal to \$60. The total amount of the claim, with expenses attached, he said should be \$66.58.

The city attorney's brow was wrinkled. It should be explained that he had not done any figuring yet.

"You have that two cents too high, haven't you Tom?" asked the city attorney.

In the end, however, the council apparently decided to be charitable and Mr. Orme moved that a claim of \$66.58 be allowed Mr. Mahin. Councilman Newhouse moved to amend the

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## PAVING WORK TO BE STARTED SOON

Contract Provides Perkins and Ad-  
jacent Streets Shall be Comple-  
ted by September First.

BRIDGE CONTRACT AWARDED

Representative of One Company Bid-  
ding on Binder For Graham  
Road Contract Dissatisfied.

It will not be many weeks before actual work is started on the construction of a brick street in Perkins and adjacent parts of Sixth, Seventh and Eighth streets. The contract was left yesterday to DeGolder & Company of Seymour, Ind., for \$40,844.

The contract specifies that the improvement shall be completed by September first, 1913. The means that the street will likely be finished before fall, although the law gives the board of commissioners power to extend the time if they deem it necessary.

An extension of time was necessary when Main and Second streets were built. The Adams Construction company was unable to finish either street in the time specified and it was necessary for the board to grant the company an extension.

The contract in this case provides that the company shall pay ten dollars a day for each day beyond the specified time taken to complete the job. The board intends to make the company live up its contract unless the weather interferes or other unforeseen delay arise.

After letting the contracts late yesterday afternoon for the brick street and the Bruce Graham tar-bound road, the commissioners awarded the contract for the Thornberry Ford bridge to the Burke Construction company of Newcastle for \$11,000. There were three other bidders.

Bruce Graham was appointed superintendent of the road which bears his name and E. G. Thompson was appointed superintendent of the Thornberry Ford bridge. The superintendent for the Perkins street job has not been selected.

The commissioners specified Tarvia X binder for the Bruce Graham road because they believed it was the best to be had. The binder that is made by the Standard Oil company was the lowest estimate of all the binders.

Representatives of the Standard Oil Company remained over here today and threatened to sue the county board if they were not given the contract. They were in consultation with the county attorney this afternoon. The law gives the board the right to use its own discretion in selecting materials.

### QUIET IN COURT.

The court calendar has been thrown out of line for the last two days on account of the Taylor damage case being postponed. The case which is for \$25,000 damages was to have been tried yesterday and today. The case was postponed in order that the defendant might further examine Mrs. Taylor. The examination took place this morning and the case will likely come up for trial tomorrow. As a result of the postponement little has been done in the court.

Larline Council No. 296 will entertain with a pie social Thursday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus Brown have moved from the Hackleman farm on the Arlington pike to this city.

## THEIR FIRST ANNIVERSARY

Knights of Holy Grail Will Celebrate  
Tonight.

The first anniversary of the Camelot Castle, Knights of the Holy Grail, will be held at the St. Paul M. E. church this evening. A banquet will be served at six-thirty o'clock, which members and their parents will attend. The Rev. W. H. Wylie will give a stereopticon lecture after the banquet. Next Tuesday evening L. B. Smelser of the high school will give a lecture at the M. E. church on the subject, "The Real Filipino," under the auspices of the Knights of the Holy Grail.

## TO ENCOURAGE NEW SUBJECTS

Milroy Plans to Create Interest in  
Agricultural and Domestic  
Science Studies.

### WILL HAVE AN EXHIBIT HALL

Preliminary steps are in progress by the teachers of the Milroy high school, and are creating interest among the young people—for the purpose of raising farm products, says the Greensburg News. The new school building which is soon to be erected to displace the one fire-razed, is to be provided with an agricultural exhibit hall, and thus opportunity is thrust toward Milroy students.

Work on poultry, in the garden and the home, are to be exemplified and taught, and business men of Milroy have so soon begun to offer prizes for winning products. Domestic science which naturally will be followed by the department for the young ladies, is not to be slighted and the girl that can make the best cake and the best loaf of bread will come in for her share of the prizes. It is the object of those taking the initiative, to have the first prize vary in value from one to five dollars and the second from fifty cents to one dollar.

Milroy, always progressive—not politically—but morally and commercially, is taking the proper step of advancement, and its neighbors will watch the schools there progress with not only interest, but perchance, to their own benefit.

### EASTERN STAR.

The degree work and banquet of Martha Poe Chapter No. 143 O. E. S. which was to have been held March 12th has been postponed to March 17th.

## IT ALL DEPENDS ON RUSHVILLE

Ideal Husker Company Will Locate  
Here if Citizens Show the  
Proper Interest.

STOCK SALESMEN ENTHUSED

They Investigate and See Practical  
Tests Before Entering Into a  
Contract.

Harry F. Taylor, president of United States Realty company, 321 Hume-Mansur building, Indianapolis, was in Rushville today upon business connected with the Ideal Corn Husker company. The directors of the Rushville company have contracted with the United States Realty Company to place the stock of the company.

Before agreeing to take this contract, Messrs Taylor and A. B. Evans of the U. S. Realty Company came to Rushville and made a careful examination of the machine and investigated what it had been able to accomplish in practical tests in husking corn upon various farms of Rush county. Both are enthusiastic in their belief that it will prove to be one of the greatest mechanical successes of the age and that its manufacture will be productive.

The statement of J. G. Kingsbury, the editor of the Indiana Farmer, as to the number of these machines, at a very conservative estimate, which should be sold each year, should have read five thousand, and not five hundred as quoted in the Republican a few days ago.

Public spirited citizens of Rushville have been interested in knowing whether the factory for the making of these machines will remain in Rushville. They have had some opportunity to see the advantage of important manufacturing industries to Rushville and realize that from the output of these machines naturally to be expected, such a factory would be a great business help to the city.

The officers and directors, in answer to this question, say that, while they naturally would prefer to have the factory remain here, commercial organizations of other cities already have an eye upon the possibilities of this factory and it will depend upon whether the citizens of Rushville and vicinity show the proper appreciation of this industry in taking stock, as to whether the factory remains here.

### MASONIC WORK.

Phoenix Lodge, No. 62, F. & A. M. will have work in the E. E. degree tonight. A good attendance is desired.

## Greatest Value Ever Offered For Two Cents

The power of two cents is truly wonderful when one considers what it will buy.

It will buy an evening's entertainment. It will buy pages of cleverly written incidents happening throughout the world. It will buy complete stories of adventures in the daily lives of men and women. It will buy comics and ludicrous features that "bring happiness to declining years and erase the finger-marks of time from wrinkled brows."

It will buy the latest news of theatredom, the successes of the operatic stage, the basketball, baseball and gridiron feats of skill and strength, the review of the latest books and music.

Do you know of a greater value for two cents than your daily newspaper?

The two cents you invest in THE DAILY REPUBLICAN will pay dividends a hundred fold if you will read its advertisements closely and constantly every night and take advantage of the money-saving opportunities they afford.



# BRILLIANT INAUGURAL CEREMONY

Weather Favored Mr. Wilson.

SUN SHINES BRIGHTLY

Great Crowd That Thronged Washington Delighted.

THE SPECTACULAR FEATURES

Following Splendid Parade Was Magnificent Fireworks.

Washington, March 5.—At 1:31 o'clock Tuesday afternoon Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey became the twenty-eighth president of the United States. He took the oath on the stand at the east front of the capitol before the largest crowd that ever witnessed the inauguration of a president.

A few minutes before Mr. Wilson had touched his lips to the Bible held in the hands of the venerable chief justice of the United States, Thomas Riley Marshall, Democratic vice president, and seventeen new Democratic senators had taken the oath in the senate chamber.

These proceedings marked the surrender by Republicans of sixteen years of continuous control and the appearance of a full-fledged Democratic administration for the first time since Grover Cleveland sat in the White House.

## Greatest Crowd on Record.

No president ever was blessed with a finer inauguration day than was Mr. Wilson. No incoming president ever was greeted by a greater throng of patriotic Americans. But notwithstanding the ideal weather conditions and the hundreds of thousands who lined the streets for miles, there seemed to be something lacking. There was none of that zip and bing that characterized the enthusiastic throng that cheered for Colonel Roosevelt on the day of his inauguration back in 1905. There was hardly as much of a demonstration as was accorded to Mr. Taft when he rode up Pennsylvania avenue and back four years ago, when the blizzard had palsied the plans for the big celebration. Everybody was pleased Tuesday and everybody was happy, but there was a spirit of apathy which was plainly noticeable from the beginning to the end of the ceremonies.

## Mr. Bryan Makes a Hit.

At no time was this so apparent as at the stand at the east front of the capitol, when Mr. Wilson was taking the oath of office. The cheers that greeted the new president were only moderate and of brief duration. They seemed in fact to be less enthusiastic than the ones that rolled out when William J. Bryan made his appearance on the open-air platform. Several times in the course of the proceedings on the great stand a volley of cheers went up for the Commoner, and at the conclusion of Mr. Wilson's inaugural address a situation arose which really seemed embarrassing. The last words of the new president's speech had hardly fallen from his lips when the crowd shouted "Bryan! Bryan! We want a speech from Bryan!"

Mr. Wilson's new secretary of state, who was standing near him, turned away from the thousands in front of the stand, apparently for the purpose of discouraging any further demonstration in his favor, and there was plainly a feeling of relief among the Democratic statesmen when the police jumped in and began to drive the throng back for the exit of the new president.

## Police Finally Woke Up.

One would never have suspected from the appearance of Tuesday's throng that it was made up of many who had caused the disorderly scenes during the suffragist parade the day before. The police from beginning to end had the situation in control and there seemed to be no disposition at any time on the part of the visitors to cause trouble.

It was a good sterling American crowd. It stretched from Washington circle, half a mile west of the White House, to the capitol, a mile east of the president's mansion and up and around Capitol Hill to the east front of the historic building. For almost the entire distance it was fifteen or twenty deep on both sides of the street. How many hundreds of thousands were out to greet the Democratic president it would be idle even to conjecture. All the railroads entering Washington had been disgorging thousands upon thousands for days, and automobiles and other conveyances had been bringing a host from the neighboring states. In addition to the long lines of humanity along the streets more tens of thousands had places on the stands.



Photo by American Press Association.

The president of the United States and the vice president started in immediately after their inauguration upon one of the most arduous jobs physically that will confront them when, at 3:10 o'clock, they took their places in the reviewing stand in the middle of the court of honor out in front of the White House and continued to stand until almost 7:30 o'clock at night, or until the last of 50,000 or more soldiers, sailors and civilians had passed on in the darkness.

The inaugural parade, needless to say, is the sole reason most folks come to the inauguration, always excepting the great grand divisions of patriots who come here at this time to save the country by accepting political jobs. Wherefore a crowd placed somewhere around 300,000 was on hand between the capitol and the disbanding point at Washington circle, a mile and a half west of the capitol and a few blocks behind the White House.

And this time, at least, the Washington police saw to it early in the day that there was no possible way at all to get into the roped-off asphalt of Pennsylvania avenue from the starting gate to the finishing wire unless one dropped into the avenue from an aeroplane.

## Darkness Closes on Display.

And so the parade, once it had started, never was interrupted seriously. As it started later than any previous inaugural parade and was a record-breaker in size, darkness had begun to gather by the time the first thousands of monster civic and semi-military sections that followed the military and naval divisions had reached the reviewing stand at all. And, appropriately, just as 2,000 Tammany braves with Charles F. Murphy at their head and four bands playing "Tammany" in relay fashion, had swung around the north end of the treasury building into the white and green court of honor in front of the White House, the decoration committee's electricians threw the switches and the court of honor flashed from semi-darkness into a blaze of electric glory.

Washington says the parade was its biggest. Also it was wonderfully splendid. With the exception of a start an hour later than customary, for which the paraders were blameless, and gaps far too wide between the various sections, the parade was flawless. Nevertheless the lack of spontaneous cheering, at times, the solemn apathy of the dense crowds in the grandstands was unusual. There were enough wonderful things to look upon and to listen to streaming past for almost four hours and a half to arouse, one would fancy, any crowd in enthusiasm, but they did not.

## Closed in Blaze of Fireworks.

President Wilson sat on the back stoop of his new home at night and heard thousands of his fellow citizens cheer his name as they saw his features delineated in fire. The president of less than a day saw from the rear of the White House a sea of humanity that filled an area estimated at not less than one square mile. Overlooking the multitude he saw with them the celebration of his inauguration come to a brilliant close in a splendid display of fireworks.

The Washington police confessed themselves staggered by the vast crowds assembled in the park spaces behind the White House. Estimates ran into the hundreds of thousands, and no one who travelled around the shores of the human sea could find any reason for disbelief of the estimates. Anyhow, there were 500,000 people in Washington, and it is a good bet of dollars to doughnuts that all who were able to travel after a strenuous day saw those fireworks.

It was the most orderly crowd in the world. This inauguration crowd came to see the show provided for them, and the thousands upon thousands rubbed elbows as respectfully and politely as could be.

When it was over they started home just as quietly as they came. For a time the downtown streets were literally choked with a surging crowd. After they had gone their way there was left only the lights, throwing a garish glare upon acres of pavements, covered with papers, boxes and general litter suggestive already of "the morning after."

# PUBLIC SERVICE BILL IS SIGNED

New Commission to Go In First of May.

A FAR-REACHING MEASURE

Friends of the New Law Declare That It Is Entitled to Take First Place Among the Laws Enacted in the United States, Being the Clearest Exposition of the Public Utilities Problem Yet Devised.

Indianapolis, March 5.—Yesterday afternoon the public service commission bill was formally approved by Governor Ralston. The bill was signed just before 4 o'clock, and Governor Ralston presented the pen with which he signed the bill to Representative W. W. Spencer.

It is now understood that Governor Ralston will be ready in a few days to announce the names of the men he proposes to appoint as public service commissioners. The commissioners will not be appointed in fact or organized until after May 1. Governor Ralston is to appoint two new members of the public service commission and the three members of the Indiana railroad commission are, by the new law, made public service commissioners. The law declares that it is the legislative intention to substitute the public service commission for the railroad commission.

While the new law abolishes the railroad commission, it confers the powers of the railroad commission upon the new commission and specifically takes over the railroad commissioners to serve as public service commissioners until their present terms of office expire and carefully sets out that the powers of the railroad commission continue in the new body.

## Defines Public Utilities.

The new law defines public utilities to include street railways, interurban railways, telegraph and telephone companies, heat, light, water or power companies and elevator and warehouse companies. Steam railroads are not called "public utilities" under the new law, but are continued under the railroad commission law which is given to the new public service commission to enforce after May 1.

The new law is based on the principle that public service corporations are neither public nor private, but quasi-public; that these corporations have received rights and privileges from the public and owe certain duties to the public. Regulation is taken to be the right and duty of the people, acting through governmental agencies.

The law is declared by its friends to be entitled to first place among the laws enacted in the United States. It is one among two or three laws to provide for an indeterminate permit, for a utility corporation depreciation fund, adequately for the control of stock and bond issues by public utilities, and for the future taking over of utilities by municipalities.

## Legislative Doings.

The Dickinson-Koenig bill, providing a nine-hour day for women, was killed in the senate by a vote of 29 to 19. When the vote had been announced Senator Fleming immediately moved to reconsider. This motion was tabled on motion of Senator Kistler, this action having the effect of burying the bill beyond resurrection during this session of the legislature.

The senate passed the "anti-blind tiger" bill prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquor by druggists, except on prescription from a physician, by a vote of 27 to 7. If passed in the lower branch Indiana will have a stringent law against the sale of liquor by druggists.

But little opposition developed to the weights and measures bill, which passed by a vote of 36 to 6. It requires boards of county commissioners in counties having a population of 50,000 or more to appoint inspectors of weights and measures, and changes the wording of the present law where the word "sealers" is used, to "inspector." The registration bill was passed in the senate by a vote of 40 to 0. As it stands now the bill provides for one regular registration period in October thirty days before election, and for one additional registration period in September. The September registration, however, may not be held unless on demand of 300 resident freeholders of a county.

The specific and new regular appropriations bill passed the house without a dissenting vote.

## TERSE TELEGRAMS

The members of the Madero family have sailed from Cuba for the United States.

Sir Thomas Lipton has sent a challenge to the New York Yacht club for the America's cup.

It is said that terms of peace between the allies and the Turks have already been secretly settled.

National Chairman William F. McCombs has been offered the ambassadorship to France, but has not yet decided whether he will accept it.

The sweeping amnesty bill passed by the Cuban congress is said to be scandalously inclusive of many criminals, although only intended for the negroes involved in the recent uprising.



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## ANOTHER BORDER BATTLE

Mexican Federal Soldiers Renew Attacks on Our Soldiers.

El Paso, Tex., March 5.—For the third time Mexican federal soldiers have fired on the Ninth United States cavalry on duty near Douglas, Ariz., and the cavalymen returned the fire with rifles and a machine gun, driving the Mexicans back. Two troops of cavalry came to the rescue of the small detachment of border guards under attack by the Mexicans and soon drove the Mexicans back.

Americans cannot understand what the attacks mean, and feeling in Douglas and Agua Prieta is extremely bitter. The Mexicans taunt the negro soldiers with jeers and epithets and there are frequent street fights. One negro cavalymen whipped five Mexicans for taunting him, and the American citizens of Douglas looked on and cheered and refused to permit the negro to be arrested.

## The Tafts Go to Augusta.

Washington, March 5.—William Howard Taft rode through Washington twice Tuesday. He went on his first journey as president of the United States to his room at the capitol to sign bills and transact other official business. The second time he was a private citizen hurrying to join his wife at the union station, for the first time in twenty-eight years bearing no official responsibility. He left for Augusta, Ga., at 3:40 o'clock in the afternoon.

Fresh supply Mrs. Austin's Bag Buckwheat now on hand at your grocers.

When you have hogs to sell call on H. A. Kramer. Highest Market price. 293tf.

Smoke FAIR PROMISE 5c Cigars

# Unable to Walk for Two Months Dr. Jones' Liniment EFFECTED A CURE



Mr. John H. Drumheller, 2613 Sartain St., Philadelphia, Pa., says:



"For months I was unable to put on shoes or walk. My feet were so sore. When I tried to make a step the pain was unbearable. My case baffled the doctors, and all the remedies I tried failed to help me. A few applications of Dr. Jones' Liniment gave me relief, and cured me of my affliction after a short treatment."

Dr. Jones' Liniment relieves sore corns, swellings or any affection of the feet. Price 50c per bottle.

Sold by Thos. W. Lytle, F. E. Wolcott and all leading druggists.

Purify your blood with Sangvin, sold by druggists.

# SHH! LADIES! SECRET TO DARKEN FADED GRAY HAIR—USE SAGE TEA.

Sage Mixed With Sulphur Restores Natural Color and Lustre to Hair.

Why suffer the handicap of looking old. Gray hair, however handsome, denotes advancing age. We all know the advantages of a youthful appearance.

Your hair is your charm. It makes or mars the face. When it fades, turns gray and looks dry, wispy and scraggly just a few applications of Sage Tea and Sulphur enhances its appearance a hundred fold.

Either prepare the tonic at home or get from any drug store a 50 cent bottle of "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy," ready to use; but listen,

avoid preparations put up by druggists as they usually use too much sulphur, which makes the hair sticky. Get "Wyeth's" which can always be depended upon to darken beautifully and is the best thing known to remove dandruff, stop scalp itching and falling hair.

By using Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur no one can possibly tell that you darkened your hair. It does it so naturally and evenly—you moisten a sponge or soft brush, drawing this through the hair, taking one small strand at a time which requires but a few moments. Do this at night and by morning the gray hair disappears; after another application or two its natural color is restored and it becomes glossy and lustrous and you appear years younger.

HARGROVE & MULLIN,

# CHIROPRACTIC

KI-RO-PRAK-TIC

This Science has proven that LIFE and HEALTH of man depend upon the transmission of life and health impulses, from the brain, by nerves which extend down within the spinal column and out to all parts of the body. And that these nerves may become pinched where they pass through the foramina, small holes, between the vertebrae. The vertebrae becoming subluxated, slightly misplaced, close the foramina more or less and pressing on the nerves hinder transmission of impulses from the brain to some part or parts of the body which become diseased as a result. The CHIROPRACTOR locates and adjusts these subluxated vertebrae and the nerves being no longer pinched. Innate Nature in the brain is enabled to send the necessary impulses to restore function and health and remove diseased conditions. I do not treat Effects, or use Medicine, Surgery, Osteopathy, Massage, Magnetic Healing, Suggestive Therapeutics, Christian Science or any methods used by others except the Chiropractor who uses his hands only to locate and adjust subluxations.

Most surgical cases yield to Chiropractic without use of knife, especially Appendicitis. Fevers usually yield in from one to thirty minutes. Investigate and learn the cause of your disease. It will cost you nothing for Spinal Analysis of your case.

C. A. THOMPSON, D. C.

209 North Harrison Street.

Rushville, Indiana.

# The Very Latest Creation in the Vehicle Line

is the Parcel Post Wagon, and it is the handiest wagon on earth for the farmer. We want you to see this wagon and you will find it at the store that always introduces the new styles in vehicles. This is the practical storm buggy for the farmer to buy and when you see the advantages it offers over other storm buggies you will be sure to want one.



## Parcel Post Wagon

WE ALWAYS LEAD IN VEHICLES

Will Spivey, at Oneal Bros.



# PUBLIC SALE

I, the undersigned, will sell at Public Sale, at my farm, 7 miles southwest of Rushville and 4 miles southeast of Homer on

**Tues. March 11, 1913**

Beginning at ten o'clock a. m. sharp, the following property:

## 7 — HEAD OF HORSES — 7

Consisting of one Gray Mare, weighs 1400 pounds, 11 years old; one Brown Mare, weighs 1400 pounds, 11 years old; one Bay Mare, 13 years old; one Bay Mare, light harness, 9 years old; one Gelding, 5 years old, draft horse; one three-year-old green broke Draft Mare; one two-year-old Gelding, good broke, standard bred, light harness and gentle. All these are good workers.

## 10 — HEAD OF MULES — 10

These animals are all good ones, coming two years old and stand 15 hands and one inch high.

## 6 — HEAD OF CATTLE — 6

Consisting of two cows, one fresh; two Jersey heifers and calf; one Shorthorn and one Jersey bull

## 32 — HEAD OF BROOD SOWS AND GILTS — 32

Part of these have pigs by their sides and part are due to pig.

## 3 — POLAND BOARS — 3

## FULL LINE OF FARMING IMPLEMENTS

Including Manure Spreader, Self Binder, 4 Wagons, 5 Sets of Work Harness enough for 10 horses, Closed Buggy and two Sets of Buggy Harness. 2 or 3 Tons of Straw.

TERMS MADE KNOWN ON DAY OF SALE

Clen Miller, Auctioneer. **Fred Hilligoss**

Lunch will be served by the Ladies' Aid Society of the Homer Baptist Church.

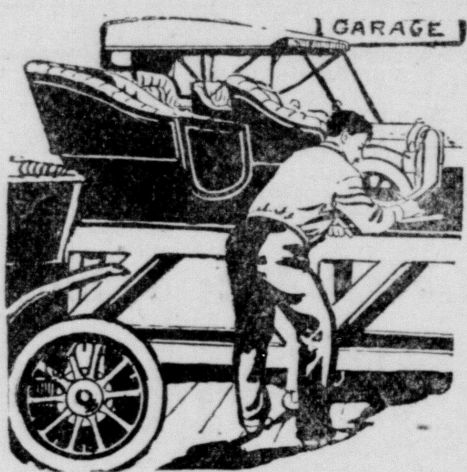
# FIRE and TORNADO INSURANCE

ABSTRACTS OF TITLE  
FIDELITY AND SURETY BONDS  
BURGLARY INSURANCE

**GEORGE W. OSBORNE**

805 Main St.

Telephone 1326



## Now is the Time

to have your auto overhauled or rebuilt while the weather and roads are bad. We can do everything in the auto line from repairing the tires to rebuilding the top. Our workmen are all experienced in their lines and our prices are reasonable, which assures satisfaction in every way. If you need anything in the auto line it will pay you to see us.

**WILLIAM E. BOWEN**  
Phone 1364.

## Transfers In Realty

### REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.....

Frank McCorkle and wife to Harry Colter, lot 69 in McCorkle's addition to Milroy, \$185.

Frank McCorkle and wife to Harry Colter, lot 51 in McCorkle's addition to Milroy, \$185.

Allen Hill and wife to P. C. C. & St. L. R'y Co., 1 436/1000 acres in Ripley township, \$275.

Rushville Furniture Co. to P. C. C. & St. L. R'y Co., 126/1000 of an acre in Rushville and easement, etc., \$1, etc.

Geo. A. Looney, adm'r estate of Sidney M. Brooks, to Cathrine D. Gruell, 72 1/2 acres in Noble township, \$9,000.

John S. Wall and wife to Wm. O. Lucy A. Brown, parcels of land in Posey township, \$425.

Frank McCorkle and wife to Margaret E. Morton, lot 30 in McCorkle's addition to Milroy, \$185.

Sylvester F. Tinsley and wife to David G. Trusley, interest in 69 acres in Orange township, \$4,000.

Frank McCorkle and wife to Ben Smith, lot 36 in McCorkle's addition to Milroy, \$195.

Frank McCorkle and wife to Fred W. Mack, lot 22 in McCorkle's addition to Milroy, \$195.

Frank McCorkle and wife to Jesse Seright, lot 25 in McCorkle's addition to Milroy, \$195.

John C. Frazier and wife to Chas. J. Brooks, west half of lot 78 in the original plat of Rushville, \$3,200.

John C. Frazier and wife to Chas. J. Brooks, east half of lot 78 in the original plat of Rushville, \$3,300.

Frank W. McGregor to Samuel O. and Cora N. McCarty, lot 14 in Carthage, \$500.

Frank McCorkle and wife to Wesley A. Stockinger, lots 29 and 55 in McCorkle's addition to Milroy, \$185.

Marianne Wellman and husband to Stillwell A. and Ida G. Wilkinson, lot in Circleville, \$1,600.

Flora Hitt and husband to Mary E. Walker, 3 acres in Rushville township adjoining Berkley Park addition, \$4,000.

Frank McCorkle and wife to W. R. Sharp, lot 35 in McCorkle's addition to Milroy, \$195.

Frank McCorkle and wife, to Donald Miller, lot 47 in McCorkle's addition to Milroy, \$185.

Lewis E. Harcourt and wife to Newell Hungerford, lot 10 in the new addition to the Milroy cemetery, \$240.

Frank McCorkle and wife to Charles E. and Olive A. Wiley, lot 17 in McCorkle's addition to Milroy, \$195.

The Grover & Layman Realty Co. to John B. and Mary F. McCarty, lots 77 and 78 in Belmont addition, \$625.

Charles A. Roach and wife to Sarah Roach, 2 lots in New Salem, \$1,000.

John F. and Laura Boyd to Rose Evans, lot 39 in Stackhouse Park, Rushville township, \$125.

A. L. Stewart et al. to Wm. and Tenia Gregg, lot 87 in Stewart and Tompkins' addition to Belmont, \$160.

Peter Reddick and wife to Charles F. and Sallie Whitton, 80 acres in Center township, \$9,000.

Trustees of Milroy U. P. church to John Cameron, lot in Milroy cemetery, \$20.

J. P. Frazee and wife to Greely P. and Fannie M. McCarty, lot 46 in McMahon and Foster's addition to Rushville, \$250.

Newton Paxton to Emma Myers, lots 15 and 16 in corrected plat of Mays, \$700.

Amos McCord and wife to Wm. M. and Mary H. Garner, 33 1/5 acres in Orange township, \$2,000.

Blanche Riley and husband to B. J. and Zenilda Madden, part of lot 88 in the original plat of Rushville, \$2050.

Thomas Porter and wife to Willard C. Porter, 70 acres in Ripley town-

## VERIFY IT

The Proof is in Rushville, Almost at Your Door.

The public statement of a Rushville citizen is in itself strong proof for Rushville people, but confirmation strengthens the evidence.

Here is a Rushville citizen who testified years ago that Doan's Kidney Pills relieved weak kidneys and now states the result was permanent. Can any sufferer from kidney ills ask better proof? You can investigate. The case is right at home.

George Priest, 223 W. Third St., Rushville, Ind., says: "I use Doan's Kidney Pills whenever I feel in need of a kidney tonic and they always give highly satisfactory results. I gladly confirm what I said in their praise some years ago. For several years I had kidney trouble which came on by spells. The complaint started with a dull pain just over my kidneys then I became weak and dizzy. Doan's Kidney Pills were finally brought to my attention and were so highly recommended that I got a supply at Johnson's Drug Store. They proved to be the best medicine of the kind I had ever tried and in a short time restored my kidneys to a normal condition."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

(Advertisement.)

ship, \$1 and subject to life estate of grantors.

Frank McCorkle and wife to Harlan P. Overleese, lot 48 in McCorkle's addition to Milroy, \$185.

Frank McCorkle and wife to Cassius C. Readmond, lot 46 in McCorkle's addition to Milroy, \$185.

Frank McCorkle and wife to Joseph M. Farlow, lot 26 in McCorkle's addition to Milroy, \$185.

Anna B. Smith and husband to P. C. C. & St. L. R'y Co., part of lot 95 in H. G. Sexton's Heirs' addition to Rushville, \$1, etc.

Henrietta Stevens to George Reber, third interest in 168 acres in Orange township, \$1, etc.

Henrietta Stevens, adm'r estate of Wm. H. Stevens, to George Reber, 168 acres in Orange township, \$15,000.

Oscar E. Newhouse and wife to S. R. Newhouse, 60 acres in Jackson township, \$9,120.

## ANAEMIC PEOPLE

Need More Iron in the Blood.

If you are anaemic, you need more iron in your blood, and the tell-tale symptoms are a pale face—colorless lips, ashen finger nails, poor circulation, and short breath, and more serious diseases are easily contracted when in this condition.

What Vinol did for Mrs. G. S. Manuel of San Antonio, Texas, it will do for every anaemic run-down person. She says: "I was weak and nervous and had general debility for about three years. My health was badly run down and my complexion became sallow and badly affected with pimples. While in this weakened condition, I contracted pleurisy which made it very hard for me. I am happy to say that Vinol has restored me to health again, and I have no cough or soreness of the lungs at all."

We ask every anaemic or run-down, weak person in this vicinity to try a bottle of Vinol with the understanding that their money will be returned if it does not do all we claim. F. B. Johnson and Company, druggists, Rushville, Indiana.

P. S. Eczema Sufferers! We guarantee our new skin remedy. Saxo.

(Advertisement.)

Children are much more likely to contract the contagious diseases when they have colds. Whooping cough, diphtheria, scarlet fever and consumption are diseases that are often contracted when the child has a cold. That is why all medical authorities say beware of colds. For the quick cure of colds you will find nothing better than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It can always be depended upon and is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by All Dealers.

(Advertisement.)

You can say goodbye to constipation with a clear conscience if you use Chamberlain's Tablets. Many have been permanently cured by their use. For sale by All Dealers.

(Advertisement.)

# Only Unwise People Tolerate CATARRH

Here is a sure way to get rid of Catarrh; hawking, snuffing, and all misery caused by the Catarrh germs. Get a HYOMEI outfit today, follow the instructions and breathe five times a day deep into your lungs the germ killing air through the little inhaler.

At night just before going to bed use the vapor treatment as directed. This treatment is prescribed by the best Catarrh Specialists in America and Europe to destroy Catarrh germs. Booth's HYOMEI is Australian Eucalyptus and other splendid antiseptics. A complete outfit which includes inhaler is \$1.00; separate bottles, if the first does not entirely cure, can be obtained for 50 cents, and money back from F. B. Johnson and Company if you are dissatisfied. Just breathe it—no stomach dosing.

(Advertisement.)

Fresh sparrows at Harry A Kramer's. 276tf

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has won its great reputation and extensive sale by its remarkable cures of coughs, colds and croup. It can be depended upon. Try it. Sold by all dealers.

(Advertisement.)

Many sufferers from rheumatism have been surprised and delighted with the prompt relief afforded by applying Chamberlain's Liniment. Not one case of rheumatism in ten requires any internal treatment whatever. This liniment is for sale by All Dealers.

(Advertisement.)

You can judge a man not by what he promises to do, but by what he has done. That is the only test. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy judged by this standard has no superior. People everywhere speak of it in the highest terms of praise. For sale by All Dealers.

(Advertisement.)

Corn and oats fertilizer in stock at my ware house Pennsylvania Depot. A. B. Norris. 295tf

Corn and oats fertilizer in stock at my ware house Pennsylvania Depot. A. B. Norris. 295tf

# THE MADDEN BROTHERS CO. MACHINISTS

REPAIR WORK IS OUR SPECIALTY

Have your old Machinery repaired and made good as new. Steam and Gas Engine Repairing a Specialty. Call and see our St. Mary's Semi-Automatic Gas and Gasoline Engines before you buy. 2 1/2, 4 and 7 horse power. BUILT FOR HARD SERVICE ON THE FARM. We Grind and Sharpen Lawn Mowers, Mowers, Sickles, Plow Points, Cutter Knives, Etc.

Phone 1632.

517 to 519 West Second Street.

## FOR THE YEAR 1913.

We Offer Our Services as Designers and Executors of MONUMENTAL WORK

Which Has Merited for Us a Nation Wide Reputation. Lately Installed Up-To-Date Machinery and No Agent Fees. Places us in a position to operate under the lowest overhead expense of any firm in this section and to quote you a price on your monumental work as near first cost as is possible.

We are not quarry owners, (as this distinction belongs alone to Jones Bros. Co., of Boston) but we do manufacture our specialties

MONTELO — MILLSTONE — GRANITES

**J. B. SCHRICHTE SONS**

ESTABLISHED 1859.

117 - 121 South Main Street.

Rushville, Indiana.

# PUBLIC SALE

I, the undersigned, will offer at Public Sale at my Farm 3 1/4 miles northeast of Rushville, Indiana

**Friday, March 7, 1913**

the following personal property to-wit:

**12 Head Horses and Mules 12**

consisting of one team Gray Geldings, 7 years old, one Black Mare, 5 years old; one Sorrel Gelding, 7 years old; one Bay Mare, 10 years old, can pace a 40 gait; two 2-year old Draft Mares; 1 span Mules, 4 years old, good workers; 1 Bay Gelding, 7 years old, one Bay Mare, 12 years old; one Gelding, 3 years old.

**3000 Bushels of Corn 3000**

**5 Head Milch Cows 5**

These are all good ones.

**Farming Implements Of All Kinds**

consisting of Wagons, Plows, Hog Racks, Harrows, Corn Drills, Wheat Drills, Mowers, Work Harness of all kinds, Closed Buggy and Buggy Harness, Double Trees, Single Trees, etc,

**Also Some Household Furniture**

**Terms of Sale**

All sums of \$5 and under, cash on day of sale. All sums over \$5 a credit will be given until Sept. 1, 1913, without interest, purchaser giving bankable note, with approved surety. A 4% discount will be allowed for cash. No property to be removed until terms of sale are complied with.

Lunch Will Be Served on the Grounds

Sale begins at 9:30 **Verne W. Norris**

AUCTIONEERS: Miller & Flannagan

# AUCTIONEERS

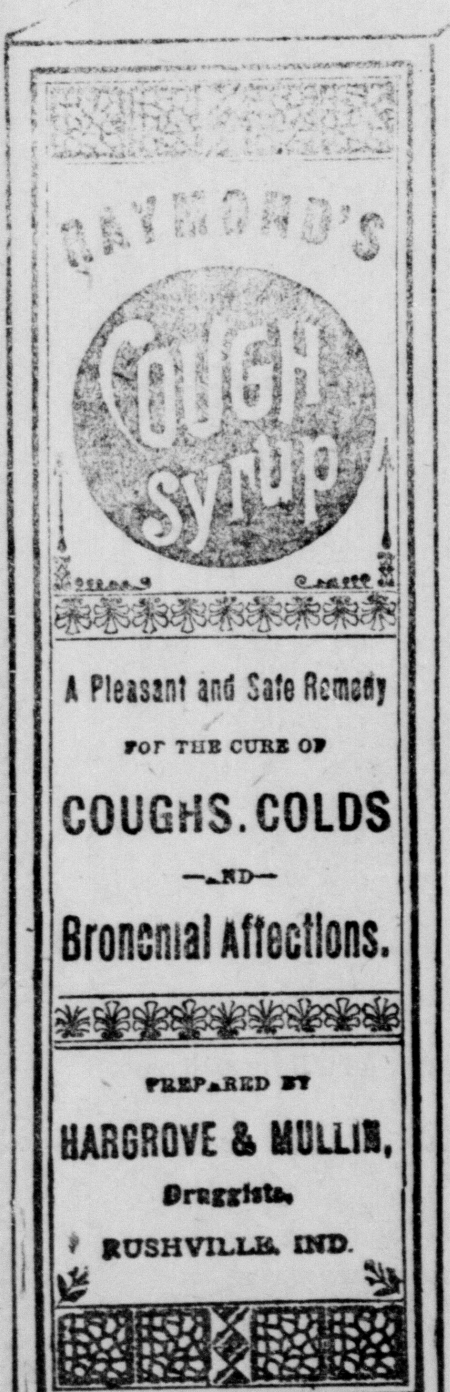
**MILLER & VANDERBECK**

When you want first class class auctioneering service Call Phone 4106, 2L and 2S Rings, or See Clen Miller

# Raymond

**Cough Syrup Will Cure Your Coughs and Colds**

**25c and 50c**

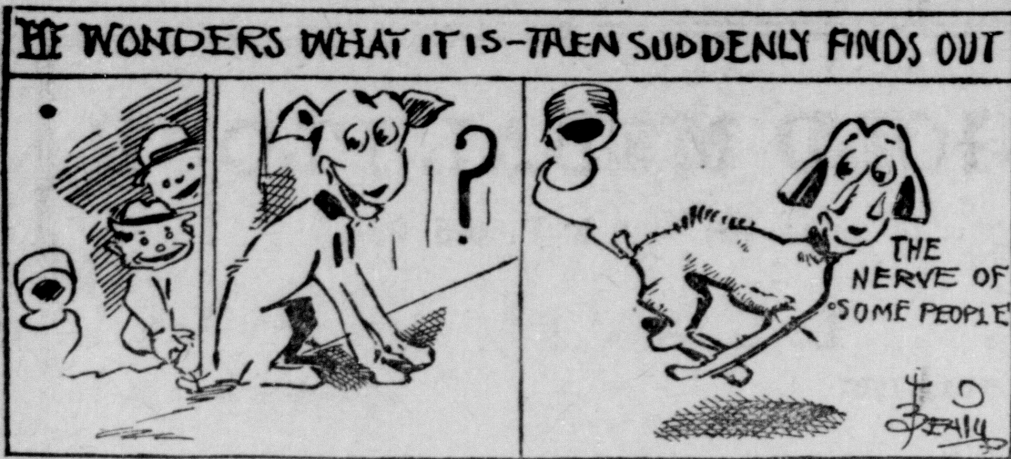


Dr. J. C. 25 Cents

"The Store for Particular People."

**Hargrove & Mullin - Drugs**  
Quality First





# THE DAILY REPUBLICAN

Published Daily except Sunday by The Republican Company  
Office in Republican Building, Northwest Corner Second and Perkins Streets.

Entered as second-class matter March 22, 1904, at the postoffice at Rushville, Indiana, under the act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

One week, delivered by carrier.....\$10  
One year in the city by carrier.....\$4.00  
One year delivered by mail.....\$3.00

J. FEUDNER, Editor.  
ROY E. HARROLD, News Editor. ALLEN C. HINER, City Editor.

TELEPHONE NUMBER, 1111.

Wednesday, March 5, 1913.

## Smashing Precedent.

It is startling to hear that Mr. Wilson contemplates spending a part of each day in a room at the Capitol while Congress is in session, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. This would be a smashing of all precedent. It would be iconoclastic in its destruction of the theory that the executive should not infringe upon the legislative branch of government. The Parliament of England was once invaded by a king of that country who had not been invited to give it counsel. His appearance was resented as an intrusion. He lost his head afterward, but there are historians who contend that he had lost it before that.

What Mr. Wilson could do in Congress it is not easy to see. No president ever has been able to do what Mr. Taft again tried to do in asking Congress to consent to the budget plan of government. Our Congress, in both branches, has always been so jealous of executive encroachments that it has frequently refused to adopt a system of work which would simplify administration by bringing the two branches in closer and more familiar contact. It has stubbornly refused to do anything like calling the heads of departments into what might look like consultation as to appropriation bills. It has preferred shooting in the dark to taking necessary facts relating to receipts and disbursements in a way approved of all financial experience.

We shall have to await the appearance of Mr. Wilson in the Capitol before passing judgment upon such action as he is now said to contemplate. If he has a fear that he will not see members of Congress often enough, let him reassure himself. He will soon find that he is being asked to see them too often. He will find them taking the initiative in coming to see him without waiting for him to call first. Neither senators nor representatives ever have been sticklers, like women in a neighborhood, as to who should make the first call. They lay no obligation on presidents to begin the sociability. Most presidents have found it necessary to plead excuses to avoid receiving some of them. Mr. Wilson will soon be finding this out so well that, if he has formed a plan for returning their calls he will soon abandon it. It will not be necessary for Mahomet to go to the mountain. The mountain will go to Mahomet.

## The Extra Session.

Announcement is made by the President-elect that the new Congress will be called in session April 1.

A comparatively few years ago an extra session in the spring was something unusual. It usually occurred in case of some startling exigency, or when a change in administration called for some new policy.

It used to be a matter of common remark among business men that if congress would only adjourn for two years, business would be good. That may be perfectly true. But in view of the ability of congress to handle only a small part of the measures on its calendar, it may be assumed that the extra session has become a regular feature.

In many states, it is the practice to give hearings and make a report on every measure presented. It seems only fair that a petition signed by responsible people should be given this courtesy. But a committee's pigeon hole is the politician's typical method of disposing of inconvenient legislation.

## Pay No Attention

To reports that the legislature will knock out the Co-operative Rebate Stamp. We stand ready to comply with any law enacted by the legislature, so have no fear. Have been in business in Indiana for nearly twenty years. We are here to stay. Co-Operative Rebate Stamp Co. 30314

## Chiropractors.

At 209 North Harrison street; hours 8 to 11, a. m., 1 to 3 p. m. Lady attendant. Thompson & Thompson. 30416.

We will be glad to make out your mortgage exemptions at Recorders office. CHAS. J. BROOKS, Recorder. 30412.

## Pay Telephone Toll.

Don't overlook to pay your telephone toll before March 12 if you wish to avoid paying 15 cents extra for collection. No notice will be given by telephone. W. T. JACKSON, Sec'y. 303110.

Fresh supply Mrs. Austin's Bag Buckwheat now on hand at your grocers.

Smoke FAIR PROMISE 5c Cigars

# LEGISLATURE IS COSTING A LOT

Estimates Reveal That General Assembly is Running \$890.24 a Day Over 2 Years Ago.

## "PLUNDER" CUTS LOTS OF ICE

Clause in Bill Allows Payment From General Fund if Deficiency in Appropriation is Found.

Based on the best estimates it is possible to obtain, the present session of the Indiana general assembly has spent approximately \$890.24 a day more than the session of two years ago for its own expenses. Additional increase all along the line, but principally in the matter of "plunder" in both houses, is responsible for the large amounts of money that have been used. Based on the same estimates, the total amount of money expended for this session would be \$183,414.40, says the Indianapolis News. The total cost two years ago, including every expense, was approximately \$130,000.

The increase has not been particularly in the printing of bills, although it is practically impossible to get "a line" on the total in the printing of bills of this session.

"Plunder" is doing the spending. In the house it is common knowledge that several resolutions have been drawn up for introduction calling on the Speaker to have a list of the employees compiled, showing which representative each employee was charged to on the official pay roll and showing the total number of employees drawing money from the state.

In the senate it is known that the "plunder" situation has created not a little dissension during the last few weeks. There, it is said, there were something like eighty-two employees on the pay roll last pay day, though Senators Harlan, Netterville and Yarrling, of the "plunder" committee "cut down" the pay roll several times during February to a basis of approximately sixty-four employees, which, they said, was sufficient to run the work of the upper house. The "cuts" had no effect and at one pay day there were eighty-seven vouchers for "help," signed by Lieutenant-Governor O'Neil.

In the house there are so many employees that although they have been together for two months now, many of them do not know each others names.

In the house it is impossible to find any one who keeps the account of total expenditures, if such a person there is. In the senate the assistant secretary has charge of the figures. Myron D. King, deputy state auditor, explained that it would be impossible for his office to arrive at even an estimate of the total cost of the legislature until long after it had adjourned. He said that some of the employees in each house and many of the representatives and senators hold up their pay vouchers to the end of the session and then cashed them all at once. In the estimates made of the total cost of the session, this fact was not considered, but the total expenditures of the legislature to date, as shown on the books of the auditor's office, combined with a printing bill to date of approximately \$16,000 were the items taken into accounts in arriving at the totals.

The calculations show that at the end of the month of February, two years ago, the total expenses of the general assembly, as listed in the auditor's office, reached \$81,447.40, including all or much of the printing bill that had accrued up to that time. The total expenditures of the present legislature up to last Thursday, a week ago, which was the weekly pay day, were \$86,324.90. That figure includes not 1 cent of the printing bill of the present general assembly, according to Mr. King, who said that he had "held up all printing bills this session until I see just where we're coming out." According to the books of Ed D. Donnell, clerk of the state printing board, who simply records the purchases of both houses and does not have anything to say about the buying of printing supplies,

the approximate cost of the printing in both houses to date has been \$16,000.

Two years ago, although the printing bills of the assembly had been met by the auditor as they appeared, there remained a total bill of approximately \$16,500 to pay in the month of March, after the adjournment of the legislature. That the coming week will be the heaviest of all in the matter of printing is conceded by those in charge of the work.

Dividing the sum of the total cost of the legislature this year up to pay day a week ago, when approximately forty-three days of the session had passed, and the \$16,000 printing bill that is unpaid to date, which is a total of \$108,324.90, by forty-three, it is seen that the average cost of the present session a day is \$2,519.18. The average cost of the 1911 legislature a day up to the close of February, or approximately the end of fifty days of the session, was \$1,628.94. The difference in cost a day thus is shown to be \$890.24. At such a rate of increase the sixty-day session will cost the state approximately \$53,414.40 over the sum of \$130,000 expended by the 1911 session.

That many representatives and senators, hearing rumors of the extravagance of the leaders in passing out the legislative "pie" to political hangers-on, have begun quiet investigations and arrived at conclusion of their own on the situation, became known recently when a rumor was circulated that the present session would cost \$80,000 more than that of two years ago.

The specific appropriation bill carries a clause, which will allow the payment of legislative expense in addition to the \$120,000 appropriation at the beginning of the session, out of the general fund of the state without further appropriations.

+++++  
From The Suburbs  
+++++

## Dangerous Traveling.

At the present rate of legislation it soon will be unsafe for any drinking animal, except the camel, to travel through the South.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

## His Own Stamping Ground.

Nothing pleases a man of natural conservatism in matters involving financial outlay better than to attend a free lecture on the evils of indiscriminate giving.—Ohio State Journal.

## Drawing the Line.

A Brooklyn Bull Moose has been expelled from the organization for calling a man a liar. It is only in campaigns that calling people liars, thieves and pickpockets is a Bull Moose virtue?—Kansas City Star.

## Only a Piker County.

Pennsylvania also has a Pike county, but it never had a Joe Bowers or Champ Clark to make it famous.—Kansas City Journal.

## Invariable Rule.

And when you get down to the rock bottom truth, you find this: The less a man has to do the less he does.—Columbus Dispatch.

## Another Benefactor.

He also is a public benefactor who fixes things so that only one weed grows where two grew before.—Boston Globe.

## Will Never Touch 'Em.

The advantage of being a regular minister, instead of a prominent evangelist, is that you're not anywhere near so likely to be liable under the income tax.—Ohio State Journal.

## Divorce of the Prosperous.

As usual in divorces of the prosperous, the separation of the Southern and Union Pacifics is chiefly interesting because of the size of the alimony.—New York Sun.

## Less a Function.

Instead of letting down the bars to easy divorces it would be better for the general assembly to make marriage more difficult and the dissolution of the contract less a society function.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Best by Test, Fair Promise 5c Cigar

## Diversified Service

This bank performs all the functions of a commercial and savings bank.

Care of funds on checking or savings account, loans upon good security, discounts, collections everywhere, transmission of funds by draft, telegram or cable—these are a few of the services which it places at the disposal of patrons.

Your business, personal or savings account is invited.

## The Rush County National Bank

Rushville, Indiana

Capital \$100,000 Surplus, \$100,000  
L. LINK, President, W. E. HAVENS, Vice President  
L. M. SEXTON, Cashier, B. L. TRABUE, Ass't Cashier

# Combination Sale

Davis Bros. Sale Barn  
Rushville, Indiana

Saturday, March 8, '13

40 Horses 40  
10 Mules 10  
20 Brood Sows 20

All bred to Pig soon. 15 of them Hampshires. 4 Sows and Pigs. Every one a good one.

A better class of horses was never offered at public sale. Every one a ribbon winner. 10 of these mares in foal.

We will have more stock in by day of sale. Enter your stock in this sale. It will be a money winner. Entries received up to day of sale. Write or phone.

J. E. Ryburn, Secretary

## Try Some Dried Raspberries

They Make Delicious Pies

Canned Mush Fresh Potato Chips

FRED COCHRAN, Grocer

105 W. First Phone 3293

# Spring Goods Ready To Be Shown



An immense stock consisting of a large variety of patterns, the season's best sellers. Many attractive models in Norfolk and double breasted suits, ages 6 to 17 at \$2.50 to \$10.00. Children's Top Coats, ages 3 to 8, little beauties, at \$2.50 to \$5.00.

XTRAGOOD

Will Be Glad to Have You Call

and see the new models for spring. You'll be welcome.

Wm G Mulno  
MEN AND BOYS CLOTHING  
RUSHVILLE, INDIANA

It Pays To Advertise

## THAT'S OUR BUSINESS

SANITARY PLUMBING, HEATING, ELECTRIC LIGHTING

PHONE 1091

We do work of this kind up-to-date, and do it at a reasonable rate

The CAPP Plumbing & Electrical Co.



# Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

The only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

Makes delicious home-baked foods of maximum quality at minimum cost. Makes home baking pleasant and profitable

## SCOTT RULED FROM GAME

Star of Newcastle Team Played Over Four Years.

Local followers of high school athletics will be surprised to learn that Freddie Scott, the star center of the Newcastle high school basketball team has been ruled from the game by the Indiana High School Athletic Association. It has been discovered that Scott has played more than four years and as this is one of the important rules of the association, he was ruled from the team. When Newcastle played here Scott was directly responsible for the defeat of the locals. His work was of high order and about the best seen on the Rushville floor. The barring of Scott may keep Newcastle out of the State tournament.

## GANTER HERO IN SENATE'S EYES

Rushville Man Holds up "Phoney" Amendments to Public Utility Bill in Engrossing Room.

HE IS CHIEF CLERK THERE

Rule is That Senate's Floor Leader's Signature Shall be on all Documents.

After the senate had made the caucus amendments to the public utility bill an attempt was made to render the bill useless, and that is the reason the bill was taken to the Governor's office to be enrolled and that is why it has been watched so carefully, says the Indianapolis News.

That the bill was not put out of commission was due to the watchfulness of John Gantner, of Rushville, chief clerk in the senate engrossing room.

It will be remembered that the senate caucus had a long list of amendments, and after these were adopted the bill was sent to the senate engrossing room to be engrossed before it was sent to the house.

One of the rules that P. W. Roche, head of the engrossing bureau, made, was that no documents should be engrossed that did not bear the name of Senator Curtis, the floor leader. When the bundle of amendments reached the senate engrossing room Gantner noticed that they did not bear the signature of Senator Curtis and refused to engross them until they were so signed.

It was further discovered that the amendments were not those that had been adopted and, of course, Senator Curtis would not sign anything like that.

The real amendments were found with the name of Senator Curtis on them and these are the ones that went into the bill. No one seems to know where the "phoney" amendments came from, or who tried to slip them into the bill.

## GOLD MEDAL FLOUR

75c Per 24 Pound Bag

L. L. ALLEN, Grocer

Phone 1420

327-329, Main St.

## HARNESS LIGHT AND HEAVY

Have Tug, Trace and Piping Harness made by the best workmen in the city out the best oak tanned leather I can buy. I don't buy anything ready-made. Everything that goes in the harness made right in my store by men whose homes are in Rushville, and if I can't sell what they make, you know very well I can't keep them. They will have to leave our city and go where they can get work. You can get any kind of Harness you want at J. W. Tompkins' and you won't have to wait over 15 minutes till you can go home with them, and this is no lie. Come and see who has lied, Sam or the other fellow.

## CLOSED BUGGIES

I have a full car load just come. This make 4 cars this winter. They are finer finish than the other ones. They are the best on earth today and this is no lie. I will sell on time or cash.

Come in and See Them

## SPREADERS

The Great Western Manure Spreader, one of the best made. We keep you in repairs for one year. Will A. Jones has used one for 6 years and bought only 3 links in that time. It is the best made of any of them. If you need one you can buy one at about cost, on time or for cash.

I have a one-horse power Grinder not sold. No better made. The price is right and the Grinder is one of the best.

## J. W. TOMPKINS

## Personal Points

—Walter Kelley of Indianapolis has returned home after a visit here.

—Miss Alice Winship has returned to Indianapolis after a short visit here.

—Mrs. Hugh Mauzy and daughter went to Richmond today for a week's visit with relatives.

—Mrs. H. S. Havens and Miss Lottie Callaghan are in Chicago purchasing spring goods.

—Robert Norris of Richmond is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Norris and family.

—Dr. and Mrs. Walter Havens of Connersville visited here last night and attended the dinner dance at the Social club.

—Mr. and Mrs. Verl Bebout of Indianapolis came to Rushville yesterday evening because of the illness of Mr. Bebout, who is suffering from a severe attack of the grippe.

—L. A. Krammes has returned to his home of near Gowdy after helping his brother Claud move from Grant county to his farm he has purchased south of Orange.

—Miss Theresa Sweetman of Indianapolis, who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. James Barrett, in West First street, went to Danville, Ill., this morning to be superintendent of a large hospital there. Miss Sweetman's friends are pleased to hear of

the promotion and hope that she will win success in her profession.

—The Rev. C. M. Yocum, pastor of the Main Street Christian church, and Hugh Mauzy, superintendent of the Sunday school, will go to Canton, Ohio, to attend the school for Sunday school workers, which is located there, for a week.

## Society News

The Raleigh Embroidery Club met with Mrs. Maria Smullen in Raleigh today.

Mrs. Wm. R. Gartin will entertain the members of the Crosscountry club Friday afternoon north of the city.

Miss Lenora Norris will entertain the Happy-Go-Lucky club at 1 o'clock luncheon at her home at 728 North Morgan street Friday afternoon.

Mrs. A. L. Aldridge will entertain the Willing Workers at her home in North Perkins street, Thursday afternoon at three o'clock. All the numbers are requested to bring a guest that is not a member of the Sunday school. A free will offering will be taken.

## WILL GIVE CONCERT HERE

Mrs. Spencer to Sing at Christian Church March 26.

The young men's class taught by the Rev. C. M. Yocum and the young women's class taught by Mrs. Yocum both of the Main Street Christian Sunday school, have arranged for Mrs. Ruth Tevis Spencer of Indianapolis, daughter of Dr. V. W. Tevis of this city, to give a concert at the Christian church Wednesday evening March 26, at eight o'clock. Mrs. Spencer will appear in costume as "The Colonial Girl," "The Indian Girl" and "The Little Girl." She has been heard here numerous times since having won a reputation as a vocalist and her work has been greatly admired.

Theodore F. Holden will be at the auditor's office during March and April to execute affidavits of mortgage indebtedness. 306t1.

FOR SALE—A heavy draft 3 year old Stallion, one of the best imported in the county. A bargain. See J. E. Spradling. 306t1.

## SEASON WILL END FRIDAY

Last Game Will be Played Here With Madison.

The last high school game of the season will be played on the local floor when the Madison high school team comes here for a game with Rushville Friday night. It has been a very unsuccessful season for the local team and the fans are pulling for a victory in winding up the season. The Madison team is said to be very fast and has defeated some of the best teams in southern Indiana and Kentucky. The Rushville team is in good condition for the contest and a battle is expected. The game will be called at eight o'clock. The girls will play the curtain raiser.

## HE IS STILL AFTER RICHIE

Joe Geraghty Wants to Play That Pool Game.

Joe Geraghty, of Indianapolis is still after Richie, the pool shark of Milroy for a match game and can't understand why Richie does not accept his challenge. Since the grand jury put the lid on minors playing pool the match could not be played here or in Milroy. Geraghty recently won the tournament at the stock yards and the match between the two would prove interesting. Since Richie established a high run record of 69 balls little has been heard of him and all efforts to get him to play here failed.

## AMUSEMENT.

The Palace will show a comedy entitled "Oh Such a Night" for the first picture tonight. The other film is a Power drama, "The Better Part." Both are said to be good pictures. Tonights show will be a benefit for Dr. C. H. Gilbert's class of the Christian Sunday school.

The Princess will show a two-reel Vitagraph feature "The Vengeance of Durand" or "The Two Portraits" tonight. "The Vengeance of Durand" is by Rex Beach and is said to be a wonderful picture. An all-star cast is used in producing the picture and it compares favorably with "The Dawning" a Vitagraph shown here recently and which received much favorable comment.

Test by Test, Fair Promise 5c Cigar

## PALACE

Harry Clifford, Owner and Manager

## "Oh! Such a Night"

(Dandy Comedy)

## "The Better Half"

(Powerful Drama)

5c Admission 5c

## The Opening Day Of Our Wall Paper Sale

was just fine. We sold more Wall Paper than we had ever sold on any previous day. Really we were greatly surprised and highly pleased.

Of course our stock is as yet practically unbroken and we want you to have some of the bargains we are offering, so come early—come tomorrow—and make your selections even if you do not want your paper hung for awhile, we will lay it away for you, and save you about the time you think you will want it. Ask your neighbor if she was in and what she thought of the bargains we are offering.

No trouble to show stock. We want you to come and see us whether you wish to buy or not. You are welcome. The usual bargains will prevail throughout the sale.

## The G. P. McCarty Co.

Decorations, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Window Shades etc.

W. Third St.

FINE FRAMING A SPECIALTY

Phone 1572

# Princess EXTRA SPECIAL Princess

TONIGHT

IN TWO REELS

TONIGHT

## "The Vengeance of Durand, or the Two Portraits"

Specially Written For the Vitagraph Co. by Rex Beach, A Beautiful Silent Drama. All Star Cast. Better Than "THE DAWNING"

# BASKET BALL

Madison vs. R. H. S., High School Gym  
Girls Will Play Curtain Raiser at 7:30

# FRIDAY







MOTHERS

insist upon CLEAN FLOUR for the CHILDREN'S BREAD. In the crease of every wheat kernel lodges dirt. Unless all the dirt is washed out of the wheat and the wheat hair and waste fibre separated from the flour, it goes into the bread and the children have only partly clean, partly wholesome food. You can always tell clean flour by the length of time the bread keeps fresh. No other bread keeps fresh and sweet as long as bread made from

"CLARK'S PURITY FLOUR"

Pure Bred Stock and Farm Sales Real Estate and Merchandise  
**CLARENCE G. CARR**  
AUCTIONEER  
Falmouth Phone GLENWOOD, IND.

**FARM LOANS**  
Renewals or New Loans  
Tax Exempt Gravel Road Bonds and Bank Stock  
**A. C. BROWN**  
Office Phone 1637 Over Aldridge's Grocery Residence Phone 1256

DAILY MARKETS

The local elevators are paying the following prices for grain today, March 5, 1913.

Wheat	97c
Corn	43c
Oats	28c
Rye	55c
Timothy Seed	\$1.00 to \$1.50
Clover Seed	\$7.00 to \$8.00

The following are the ruling prices of the Rushville market, corrected to date—March 5, 1913.

POULTRY AND PRODUCE.

Geese	10c
Spring Turkeys	15c
Turkeys	13c
Chickens	10c
Hens	12c
Ducks	11c
Butter	18c
Eggs	20c

Want Ad Department

Advertisements under this head are charged for at the rate of one-third cent per word for each insertion. The same ad will be placed in the Indianapolis Star and Daily Republican at the combined rate of one cent per word. Found articles of small value will be advertised free of charge.

FOR SALE—Duroc Jersey Male Hogs. Ben Reeves, R. R. 12, phone 4110, 2 long, 1 short ring. 30616

AGENTS WANTED—To do canvas work. Call 1426. 30616

TO LET—First class furnished room and board, 405 North Harrison, Flora Gray. 30616

FOR SALE—Five room cottage. City water, good location. Phone 1473. 3051f.

MILLE ZARA—New York's favorite palmist and clairvoyant has just returned from Europe where she has met with remarkable success in the foretelling of coming events. This wonderful woman can tell you all about your business and love affairs, anything you want to know. Special offer—bring this ad. and 25c. and Mlle Zara will give you a \$1.00 reading, or for 50c. a \$2.00 full life reading. This offer is good for a few days. You will find her at 332 Morgan, corner 4th, from 9:30 a. m. to 9:00 p. m., including Sunday. 30412

FOR SALE—A span of 5-year-old mules, 15 hands and 2 inches high. Good workers. John Wright, R. 10, Rushville. 30316

FOR SALE—Little Red, Mammoth, Alsike, clover, Timothy and Alfalfa. Hinkle & Co., Rushville. 2901f.

FOR QUICK SALE—A full lot with 7 room house, located at corner 10th and Oliver St., if sold by March 15th, \$1,100. See Chas. Tucker, or phone 3409. 287115.

Indianapolis Grain and Live Stock.

Wheat—Wagon, \$1.03; No. 2 red, \$1.06½. Corn—No. 3, 50½c. Oats—No. 2 white, 34½c. Hay—Baled, \$9.00@11.00; timothy, \$10.00@12.00; mixed, \$10.00@12.00. Cattle—\$3.00@8.50. Hogs—\$5.00@8.55. Sheep—\$2.50@5.75. Lambs—\$4.00@8.75. Receipts—5,000 hogs; 600 cattle; 300 sheep.

At Cincinnati.

Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.10. Corn—No. 2, 51½c. Oats—No. 2, 34½c. Cattle—\$4.00@8.25. Hogs—\$5.00@9.00. Sheep—\$2.75@5.25. Lambs—\$5.25@9.25.

At Chicago.

Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.06. Corn—No. 3, 50½c. Oats—No. 2, 32c. Cattle—Steers, \$4.00@9.25; stockers and feeders, \$5.00@8.15. Hogs—\$5.50@8.55. Sheep—\$5.00@6.85. Lambs—\$7.40@8.75.

At St. Louis.

Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.09. Corn—No. 2, 49c. Oats—No. 2, 33c. Cattle—Steers, \$5.00@8.75. Hogs—\$5.25@8.65. Sheep—\$3.50@5.00. Lambs—\$6.50@8.75.

SENATE HELD UP THE CEREMONIES

Poindexter's Filibuster Responsible for Delay.

FORMALITIES OF INAUGURATION

Preceding the Impressive Ceremony Which Marked Taking of Oath of Office by New President, a Brilliant Crowd Had Gathered in the Senate Chamber to Witness the Induction Into Office of Thomas Riley Marshall.

Washington, March 5.—Preceding the inaugural ceremonies all was a bustle and a hustle on the floor of the senate. The big appropriation bills had been disposed of, but many members had public measures for which they desired to make one final effort. The senators themselves were a pretty tired looking lot. They had been grinding away with the legislative mill until 4 o'clock in the morning, and then had been called back at 9:30. It was not, however, until the hands of the clock began to move around to the hour when the inaugural ceremonies were to begin that the senators drifted into their seats. Some who were saying good-by to Washington were early on the floor and met with a kindly reception on the part of the victorious Democrats. The reading clerk of the senate droned through the bills and the senators continued to swap stories until after 11 o'clock.

When there was commotion out in the lobby everybody who was familiar with the proceedings knew what it meant. The president and the president elect had arrived at the capitol. Preceded by the sergeant-at-arms of the senate and the president's aides, Mr. Taft, with the incoming president, moved through the senate corridors to an ornate room at one end. Mr. Wilson looked very serious, while President Taft was smiling and happy, bowing to right and left to acquaintances.

Diplomatic Corps Meets Bryan.

The members of President Taft's cabinet followed into the little room and there they were introduced to Mr. Wilson, while the president himself took a seat at the table, preparatory to passing on the bills that were put through in the final hour of the session.

Things had again assumed a humdrum course in the senate and outside, when there came another stir and William Jennings Bryan put in an appearance. He beamed upon a number of Democrats who greeted him, and finally Senator Bacon of Georgia, who is to be chairman of the foreign relations committee in the senate, took him by the arm and they moved together into the marble room of the senate.

For more than half an hour the diplomatic corps, all dressed in their brilliant state costumes, had been gathered in this room. Mr. Bryan was steered straight toward this gorgeous group by Senator Bacon. He was soon surrounded by the foreign representatives, who seemed glad of this opportunity to meet informally Mr. Wilson's secretary of state. By 11:15 o'clock the senators inside the chamber had arranged themselves in the space which had been reserved for them.

A Unique Situation.

By this time the members of President Wilson's cabinet had begun to take their seats on the floor, and there was a great craning of necks to get a look at the incoming cabinet. There had been no official announcement of its personnel, but there they were on the floor of the senate. The situation was unique in the history of inaugurations.

It was now 11:40 o'clock and everybody was expecting the announcement which would begin the formal ceremonies of the day, but instead of this a tall young man in a frock coat moved down the center aisle of the senate and announced: "The president asks me to present to congress a message in writing."

This turned out to be Mr. Taft's last message to congress, and for a while it threatened to play havoc with the plans that had been made for the Wilson inauguration. It was partly responsible for the failure to rush the entire program through on time. This communication was a veto of the sundry civil bill carrying millions of dollars to run the government. Mr. Taft had vetoed the bill because it exempted labor unions and farmers from prosecutions under the Sherman anti-trust law.

The message had no sooner been concluded than Senator Poindexter of Washington was on his feet. He seized on this opportunity to attack the Washington police for their failure to protect the suffragettes in their parade Monday. He talked on and on and on and on and everybody grew nervous and glanced at the clock. Inasmuch as the Washington senator seemed to be wound up for a long run inauguration or no inauguration, the senate clerk hurried around and turned the big hand of the clock back half an hour, and later was compelled to repeat the operation. Finally, however, the Washington senator had had his say and sat down. In a jiffy a wiry young man in a frock coat announced in a solemn voice: "The speaker and the members of the house of representatives."

Everybody had risen with this announcement, and as they sank back into their seats a throng from the low

house squeezed their way into the chamber. Again Senator Gallinger's gavel fell with a sharp rap, and the young man with the solemn voice again presented himself with a stately bow before the senate.

"The ambassadors and ministers from foreign countries," he announced. Added a Touch of Color.

In came the diplomatic corps, led by Ambassador Jusserand of France. They added the touch of color that was needed to set off the somber effect on the floor of the senate and to blend it with the medley of colors in the gallery.

The herald then announced: "The chief justice of the United States and associate justices of the supreme court."

Hardly had the justices arranged their black silk skirts about their feet when the sergeant-at-arms stepped down the center aisle and with the same solemn voice announced: "The vice president elect of the United States."

Instantly Governor Marshall entered with Senators Bacon and Crane. He wore a black frock coat, a pearl-colored tie and gray gloves. Mr. Marshall took a seat on the right of the presiding officer. Again the sergeant-at-arms appeared in the center aisle.

"The president of the United States and the president elect," was the announcement, and through the center doors of the senate appeared the two big figures in the ceremony. Mr. Taft had the semblance of a smile on his face, but Mr. Wilson still looked very serious and very solemn. The president elect was seated on Mr. Taft's left beside the presiding officer's desk. Mr. Wilson wore a black frock coat, a dark purple tie and striped trousers. He wore no gloves.

Without further delay Senator Gallinger administered the oath to Vice President Marshall. Mr. Marshall's reply in pledging himself was somewhat unusual:

"God helping me, I will," was his statement, spoken in a strong voice.

Without further delay Senator Gallinger began his farewell address. Mr. Gallinger then turned the gavel over to the new vice president, after announcing that the Sixty-second congress was adjourned sine die.

The president's proclamation had already been read calling the senate in special session, and Vice President Marshall called upon the chaplain, the Rev. Dr. U. G. B. Pierce, to deliver the prayer.

Vice President Marshall seemed to be somewhat shaky at first, and Senator Gallinger remained close at his right hand to give him a little advice now and then. Mr. Marshall's speech made a poor impression upon the senate. His references to burglar kits and divorcees and a few other things seemed to grate even on the Democratic senators, two or three of whom moved their heads sadly while the address was being delivered. Some of the senators seemed to feel that the vice president had taken on himself rather early in the proceedings the duty of lecturing the senate. The swearing in of the new senators took place immediately after the delivery of the vice president's address.

The Inaugural Address.

The program was more than half an hour behind time when the procession moved toward the great stand that had been built from one wing of the capitol to the other and which accommodated 10,000 persons. The spacious capitol grounds was a sea of humanity. It was the biggest assemblage that had ever come together to witness the taking of an oath by an incoming president.

It was just 1:30 when President Taft raised a warning hand to the crowd and the racket was stilled. Clerk Maher of the supreme court advanced, holding an open Bible in his hand. The president elect laid his hands upon the open book. The chief justice did likewise and in a voice clear and strong, recited the presidential oath:

"I do solemnly swear that I will faithfully execute the office of president of the United States, and will to the best of my ability, preserve, protect and defend the constitution of the United States."

As he finished, the new president replied with fervor:

"I do."

At the same time he bent reverently and kissed the open book.

Woodrow Wilson had become president of the United States and the big man sitting on his left, a private citizen. Mr. Wilson's inaugural address was punctuated with cheers at several points. His final declaration that, God helping him, he would not fail those who stand by him in the task that is ahead, brought a round of applause.

After this concluding sentence no time was lost by the new president and Mr. Taft in stepping again into the carriage and starting the return trip to the White House.

WEATHER EVERYWHERE.

Observations of United States weather bureaus taken at 8 p. m. yesterday follow:

	Temp.	Weather
New York.....	48	Cloudy
Boston.....	38	Cloudy
Denver.....	30	Pt. Cloudy
San Francisco..	48	Cloudy
St. Paul.....	2	Cloudy
Chicago.....	22	Snow
Indianapolis...	27	Clear
St. Louis.....	34	Snow
New Orleans...	60	Cloudy
Washington...	56	Pt. Cloudy

Fair and warmer.

GENERAL HUERTA IS LOOKED UPON AS AN UNUSUAL TYPE

Man Who Overthrew Madero Was Considered Fine Example of Loyalty.

Is Member of Higher Class, Wealthy Landholder and Exporter.

HUERTA SPEAKS TO CROWD.

Huerta, following his overthrow of Madero, made a speech to a great crowd that gathered in front of the national palace. He appeared on a balcony and was wildly cheered. "The killing of brother by brother is over!" he cried. "The people should embrace one another and live in peace. They need peace so that they may develop their land and industry."

VICTORIANO HUERTA, who recently won the provisional presidency of Mexico by cleverly turning upon Madero and making him prisoner, has always appeared to the American onlookers in the Mexican situation as a rather unusual type of Mexican general.

Many an American, sticking close to his investments in that troubled region, has felt a distinct disinclination to talk Mexican politics with the leading natives, because it would be impossible to guess at the real sympathies of the leader addressed. But Huerta throughout the recent uprisings had always been considered a shining example of loyalty to the administration. He was one of the men who stuck to Diaz to the bitter end, not so much because he was devoted to the president, but because he was a federal general, an officer of the government, and so long as Porfirio Diaz was the government just so long Victoriano Huerta fought for Diaz. The moment that Diaz resigned and De la Barra became provisional president of Mexico Huerta began to fight for De la Barra.

Madero Relied on Huerta.

That is how it happened that when Madero began to experience the excitement of being rebelled against, instead of doing most of the rebelling himself, it was Huerta who as general was sent out to obliterate his enemies. The chief command, however, was not granted to him until Gonzales Salas, in charge of the federal forces at first, committed suicide after the defeat of the federals at Corralitos, near Jimenez, in March of last year. After the suicide of Salas, Huerta, who had formerly been in command of the federal forces in Morelos, took charge of the campaign to subdue Orozco and spoke of that rebellious critic of the Madero regime with as much fine scorn as he had once been wont to heap upon the head of Madero himself.

The news that Huerta had decided to succeed Madero could not shock the already jangled nerves of those who were sensitive because of their heavy investments in Mexico. Americans in the comparatively safe coast towns of Tampico and Vera Cruz have brought back word that at least ten claimants to the presidency were to be found in the field in various disguises of loyalty to Madero and the federal cause. Each of these has done some plotting and entered into secret deals with different foreigners resident in Mexico, making vast promises of federal patronage and concessions in return for a little immediate material assistance. Many a frantic appeal for prompt intervention by the government at Washington has been interpreted as inspired by a fear that some such investment was about to fail dismally.

Huerta Suspected of Early Plot.

So to the canniest of Mexican observers it has seemed highly probable that at any moment some comparatively inconspicuous general would step forward and call himself the successor to Madero. Even Huerta, with all his reputation for sobriety in the midst of revolution, has not been above suspicion, and it was not very long ago that there was an open prediction that he was scheming to unseat his chief. This prediction was made last September, when an unusually savage outbreak of anti-Maderist sentiment had enlivened the City of Mexico, where the citizens paraded the streets with uproarious "vivas" for the banished Diaz. On that same day, Sept. 14, an American newspaper received an illuminating dispatch from that observation outpost of Mexican affairs, El Paso, Tex.

"Growler" Put Under Ban.

The excise board of the District of Columbia recently delivered a hard blow to "growlers." A ban was put on the sale of beer in buckets. Not only is the "growler" trade to be cut out, but all thirst satisfying parlors must be designated by the proprietor's name.

there will be a new revolution, for he is the acknowledged leader in the new movement to restore the military power to the control of Mexican affairs."

Huerta Protests Loyalty.

This predicted overturn of the Maderist administration was scheduled for Sept. 16, the Mexican independence day in celebration of the release from the ancient domination of Spain. Queries were rushed to Huerta as to his attitude in the matter, and his reply was indignantly haughty:

"I am not Orozco," he said, with a fine show of contempt for the man who had revolted against Madero. "I vouch for the loyalty of the army. We will hold a celebration in Juarez on the national holiday, but it will be merely one of patriotism and nothing more. I am a soldier and nothing more."

The news of Huerta's ascendancy aroused the greatest interest among New Yorkers who have Mexican interests and who have recently returned to this city from the vicinity of the trouble. Edwin M. Macpherson, who is directing large engineering schemes in Mexico, received the news at the Hotel Vanderbilt.

"General Huerta is one of the higher class Mexicans, a man of the De la Barra type," he said. "He is a man of large means, a member of the Mexican gentry. He has large ranch lands and many cattle. He does a very considerable export business to the United States, shipping to the Swift and Armour people. So Americans know him, and know him very favorably. Almost all foreigners who are guarding their investments in Mexico would feel a considerable degree of confidence in General Huerta and would welcome his control of affairs."

Story of His Life.

Victoriano Huerta was born in the state of Chihuahua some fifty-six years ago and as a lad of seventeen went to Mexico City and entered the military school at Chapultepec. Immediately after his graduation from that institution he entered the active service and by successive promotions reached the generalship he held at the time of the Maderist uprising against Diaz. Huerta was called into consultation by the elder Diaz after the capture of Juarez and counseled against resignation. He wanted 3,000 men and, with that force, promised to retake the city, but the opportunity was not granted to him, and, with the resignation of his chief, he was recalled to Mexico City. He headed the escort that attended the exiled Diaz as far as Vera Cruz, and it was Diaz's parting injunction that Huerta should support the administration.

A rumor of a break in the outwardly friendly relations between Madero and Huerta came only a few days ago, when one of Madero's brothers openly criticized Huerta's handling of the federal forces against the rebel Orozco. Men who knew Huerta guessed how furious that would make him and suspected that it caused later events.

TWO YEARS OF REVOLUTION IN MEXICO.

1910, June 23.—Porfirio Diaz re-elected president. Rebellion planned for election day frustrated by proclamation of martial law in border towns.

1910, November.—Insurrection breaks out in northern states. Francisco I. Madero proclaims himself "provisional president."

1911, March 7.—President Taft orders 20,000 United States troops to Mexican border and is reported to have given Mexico until May 1 to restore peaceful conditions.

1911, May 10.—Insurgents recapture Juarez in fight costing many lives and establish provisional government.

1911, May 25.—Diaz resigns presidency and De la Barra is made president pro tem, pending new election.

1911, Oct. 1.—Madero chosen president at general election; inaugurated Nov. 6.

1912, January-December.—Fighting between Madero's troops and various insurgent bands.

1912, Oct. 16.—General Felix Diaz, nephew of president deposed by Madero, seizes arsenal and garrison at Vera Cruz.

1912, Oct. 23.—Madero troops recapture Vera Cruz; Diaz taken prisoner, is court martialed and sentenced to death, but is saved from execution by Madero.

1913, Feb. 9.—Army revolts in the City of Mexico, releases Diaz and Reyes and captures arsenal under leadership of Diaz.



## No "Gold Brick Sale" at Betker's Shop

**OWING** to the fact that we are putting in a full line of MEN'S HATS, and have bought a larger spring line of other goods than ever before, it forces us to reduce our present stock to make room.

So we are offering to you a one week's **SPECIAL SALE**

One lot of Men's Dress Shirts, both light and dark patterns, \$1.50, \$2, \$2.50 grades **79c**

Choice of any other Dress Shirts in the house, \$2.50 grade **\$1.79**

\$2.00 grade **\$1.37** \$1.50 grade **\$1.00**

\$1.75 grade **\$1.13** \$1.25 and \$1.00 **79c**

Men's Fancy Silk and Silk Lisle Hose  
50c grades - 25c. 25c fancy hose 15c, 2 for 25c

## Betker's Shop

"It's the Man Who Knows That Wears My Clothes"

## Birge Wall Papers Lead the World

and we carry them in stock.

Come in and Let Us Show You

The Much Talked of Tiffany Blends

## F. B. Johnson & Co.

Drugs, Wall Paper, Paints and Window Shades  
Free Delivery Fine Picture Framing a Specialty Phone 1408

## ECHO OF LATE OUSTER FAINT

Continued from Page 1  
motion to read that the Mahin original claim should be allowed in full.

"Is there a second to the motion?" asking Mayor Black, knowing full well there was not.

"The motion is lost for the want of a second," said the mayor.

A motion was passed that the mayor and clerk be instructed to borrow \$300 for the general fund. The council also voted to instruct the same officials to issue warrants to pay off notes to the extent of \$12,500.

Councilman Orme moved that sixty water meter covers be purchased at the list price, with ten per cent. discount.

Councilman Newhouse suggested that water mains be extended into the new Stewart & Tompkins addition because a number of people have built homes up there and others contemplate doing so during the spring and summer. He thought they should be extended two blocks into the addition in Perkins, Willow and Cherry streets. A water main was run up Eleventh street to the Pennsylvania railroad when the factory was built. A motion was eventually passed that Supt. Brown be instructed to look over the ground, correspond with the water pipe concerns and report at the next meeting.

Supt. Brown told the council Clyde Deeters was doing the work of two men as electrician at the water and light plant and suggested his salary be increased to \$75 a month. Deeters has been receiving thirty cents an hour. Councilman Kelley allowed Deeters ought to have the raise if he was doing two men's work, and Councilman Orme put his thoughts into a motion granting the increase. Suffice to say it passed.

Councilman Orme said he had noticed ashes had been thrown in the streets and alleys. The city attorney said the evil could be remedied by having the city health board order the debris cleaned up. If the property owner did not obey, he said, the police could have the work done and it would be charged to the property owner.

"We haven't got any health board have we?" Councilman Kelley wanted to know. The question was dropped after that.

## LAST SALOON TO CLOSE APRIL 4

Continued from Page 1  
crease meant a "wet" majority.

The returns eventually were made, and showed a "dry" majority of 85 in the precinct, which ran the "dry" lead up to 95. Apparently, as compared with the 1911 vote, the extra votes cast were all "dry."

This year's vote shows a loss to the "wets" and a "dry" gain in every precinct but one. The "wets" showed a gain of eight votes in the first precinct, which voted at the Catholic church. The "wet" majority two years ago was 17 and this year it was 25.

The second ward kept up its reputation as a "wet" district, but it lost 64 votes over two years ago. The third and fourth precincts, which comprise this ward, had a "wet" majority yesterday of 64 and 33 respectively. The vote two years ago showed a "wet" majority of 97 in the third precinct and 64 in the fourth precinct. The second ward comprises all that part of the city lying west of Main street and south of the C. H. & D. railroad.

The first precinct went "wet" by 17 two years ago and by 25 this year. The second precinct, the other half of the first ward, went "dry" two years ago by 21 votes and this year by 48, a net "dry" gain of 27 votes.

The third ward, composed of the fifth and sixth precincts, maintained its reputation for the big "dry" precinct and increased its "dry" majority this year in both precincts.

The fifth precinct went "dry" two years ago by 30 votes and this year by 85, a "dry" gain of 55 votes. The sixth precinct, which, voted at Irvin's garage and includes the strip between Main and Harrison streets as far south as the C. H. & D. railroad, voted "dry" two years ago by 71 votes and this year by 87 votes, a net "dry" gain of 16 votes, even though the "wets" in the precinct cast 5 more votes than two years ago.

Close students of politics marveled at the heavy vote which was cast. There were a total of 1498 cast yesterday, as against 1400 cast two years ago.

The "dry" poll included many more names than the "wet" poll. The "drys" had 1652 votes on their poll books, which indicates that there were only 154 voters remained away from the polls. Ninety per cent of the polled vote was cast.

There were no disturbances to mar the day. The election passed off quietly and very little illegal voting was attempted. The women stuck at the polls until they were closed. Many of them remained on the all-day vigil through the worst of the inclement weather. The "drys" celebrated last night by ringing the church bells and the court house bell for more than an hour.

## OPTION ELECTIONS FAVOR THE "DRYS"

Several More Campaigns Ended in Indiana.

Wabash, Ind., March 5.—When the city was voted "dry" by a majority of 15, a bitterly fought campaign ended here. The city has been "wet" during the last two years.

Portland—By a majority which astounded even the most optimistic "dry" workers, Portland rolled up a "dry" vote of 866 to 58 "wet," giving the "drys" 357 majority, an increase of 306 above the majority of two years ago.

Tipton—The city of Tipton voted "dry" by a majority of 120. Two years ago the city, voting as a unit, gave a "dry" majority of 42.

### FRED McCLOUD, JR., DIED

Frederick McCloud, Jr., age one year, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. F. McCloud of Cincinnati, formerly of this city, died at his home in Cincinnati this morning of measles and pneumonia. The body will be brought here for burial Friday. The child was the grandson of Squire James Kratzer.

Word has been received here that an eight and one-half pound boy has been born to the wife of Harry Carr in Chicago.

## FARM LOANS

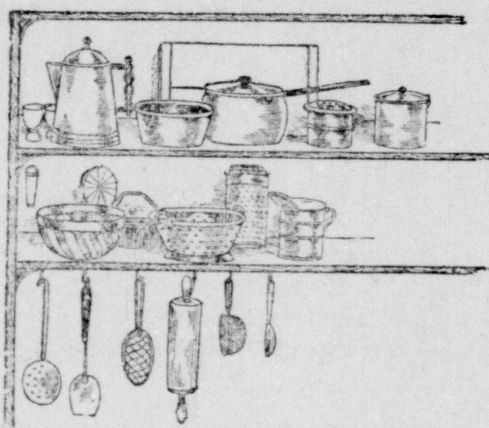
We have ample Facilities to handle Farm Loans in any Amount, and if you are thinking of making A New Loan or Renewing One soon to become Due, we invite you to call and get our Terms and Rates, which will be found reasonable and satisfactory.

THE PEOPLES LOAN & TRUST CO.  
RUSHVILLE, INDIANA

"The Home For Savings"

WE GIVE *2x* GREEN TRADING STAMPS

## An Interesting Section



of this store is the HOUSE-FURNISHING DEPARTMENT, interesting in the variety of goods shown, in the many novelties to be found only here, and in the economies the prices speak. Every time you are in this store you should not omit a visit to this department.

Dinnerware, in many beautiful designs, both floral and conventional, available in all

the different "pieces." Select a few pieces as a starter and add to this nucleus as you feel able.

Fancy China and Glassware, suitable both for home use and for gifts.

Guernsey Cooking Ware, the kind that has no superior, in casseroles, bean pots, bakers, and castards. Should you desire it, we can furnish these in silver or nickel containers.

Cooking Utensils in the best grades of aluminum, granite, and tin. The variety is almost endless.

Brushes, of every description for the hair, teeth, clothes, shoes, bath, nails. Also scrub brushes, brushes for cleaning sinks, radiators, cream separators, lamp chimneys, etc.

Cedar Wardrobes, otherwise moth-proof bags in all sizes for protecting your fine garments and furs when not in use.

Gas Fixtures—lamps, burners, mantles, globes, etc., for either inverted or upright style. We first introduced the 5c mantle to Rushville, and we still continue to give the same exceptional value for a nickel.

Sewing Machines in several different models, priced from \$15.00 to \$35.00. We are agents for the famous "FREE" and have needles for all machines made.

Upholstering Goods—Imitation Leather, pantosote, velour, gimp, tacks, chair seats, cotton, etc.

For Housecleaning—Curtain stretchers, carpet beaters, tack claws, ammonia, scour-alls, silver polish, feather dusters, carpet sweepers, and vacuum cleaners—hand power or electric. We are sole agents for Oil of Gladness Dustless Mops and Dusting Cloths. Try these for ten days without costing you a cent.

For Gifts—Cut Glass, Silverware, Brassware, Parisian Ivory, Books, etc.

LADIES HOME JOURNAL PATTERNS

## THE MAUZY CO.

The Corner Store

The Daylight Store

## Ninth Annual Seed Day

Fri. and Sat., March 14 and 15

WATCH THIS SPACE

: Lytle's Drug Store :

## House Dresses of Style and Beauty

The Prices  
Will  
Surprise You  
Pleasantly

\$1 to \$1.50

Style features from the latest costumes have been adapted for these beautiful and becoming dresses. They are house dresses raised to real beauty, in which one may well receive or pay a morning call and be becomingly dressed. Shapely, perfecting fitting, neatly made of pretty materials and priced extremely LOW—these dresses are worth your careful investigation. You will certainly find a great deal of proper pride and real satisfaction, if you select one or more of these beautiful dresses.

## KENNEDY & CASADY

PHONE 1143.

PICTORIAL REVIEW PATTERNS.

223 NORTH MAIN ST.

## Annual Horse Sale

At the Livery Barn in Lewisville, Ind., on

## Saturday, March 8, '13

at 10:00 a. m., the following:

50	Head Horses and Mules	50
50	Head Hogs	50
5	Head Cattle	5
19	Head Sheep	19

Vanderbeck & Son, AUCTIONEERS.

## Myer & Son

## FOR SALE--Real Estate

I have for sale a number of houses and lots, that can be bought at the right price and without commission to anyone.

These properties are very desirable either for a house or as an investment.

The locations are the very best in the city, with improved streets, sidewalks, sewer, etc. Also several vacant lots for sale. I intend to sell and it will pay you to see me.

## GATES SEXTON



What Is Home With-  
out the Republican

# The Daily Republican.

All the News That's  
Fit to Print

Vol. 9, No. 306.

Rushville, Indiana, Wednesday Evening, March 5, 1913.

Single Copies, 2 Cents.

## LAST SALOON TO CLOSE APRIL 4

Four Liquor Licenses Will Expire  
Saturday as Result of "Dry"  
Victory Yesterday.

OTHER 2 HOLD OVER 4 WEEKS

Temperance Element Wins by 98  
And Show Gain in Every  
Precinct But One.

OFFICIAL VOTES.

	1913		1911	
	D	W	D	W
Precinct 1....	100	125	101	118
Precinct 2....	117	69	103	82
Precinct 3....	75	139	56	153
Precinct 4....	94	127	74	138
Precinct 5....	274	189	221	191
Precinct 6....	138	51	117	46
	798	700	672	728

"Dry" majority in 1913, 98.  
"Wet" majority in 1911, 56.

Rushville voted "dry" yesterday by 98 votes, and after Friday, April 4, Rushville will be a saloonless city, after a two year period of "wetness."

The liquor licenses of William Price and August Roth will be the last to expire. They will have the job of replenishing thirst of the city from next Saturday night until April 4.

The other four licenses belonging to Clyde Miller, Thomas J. O'Neil, James McCormick and James Smith will be in force until Sunday March 9. This means, of course, that they will close the doors of their saloons the last time next Saturday night at eleven o'clock.

The "wets" and "drys" divided honors in the number of precincts carried. But the "dry" victory is due to the fact that the precinct in which the temperance element predominated were larger, and a bigger majority was piled up.

The returns from all but the big fifth precinct were in last night by seven-thirty o'clock. Even with three of the five precincts carried by the "wets," there was a "dry" lead of thirteen votes.

The suspense for partisans of both sides was telling. It was very uncertain what the result would be. The division includes nearly the whole factory district—all that part of the city west of the middle of Harrison street and north of Fourth street.

The precinct went "dry" two years ago by thirty votes. But there was no certainty in estimates, because it had been ascertained that fifty more votes had been cast at this election. "Dry" partisan argued that the "dry" lead in the precinct would be increased this time because of the larger votes, while the "wets" were hopeful and thought the in-

Continued on Page 8

### TOM VOTED "NO."

Some members of the election board of the second precinct, voting at the court house, laughed last night, and others were just plain glum when a ballot with Tom Marshall's picture pasted over the "No" square was opened. Of course, no one knows who voted Tom Marshall for the continuance of a licensed saloon, but it is presumed that the voter believed Tom's record as governor of Indiana was such as would justify the action. The ingenuity of the voter and his willingness to lose his vote was the subject of much comment on the streets today.

## HAD PNEUMONIA A WEEK

W. C. Bennett, Age 26, Died Last Night Near Milroy.

Wilbur C. Bennett, age twenty-six years, died last night at 11:30 o'clock of pneumonia. He has been afflicted with the disease only a week. He is survived by two brothers, Roy and Otis, and his father and mother, all of whom lived at the same place. The funeral will be held at the Moscow Christian church tomorrow afternoon and burial will take place there.

## DID JOKERS REALIZE IT WAS NUMBER 23?

Sound of Church Bells Dies Out Just  
As False Fire Alarm is  
Turned in.

SECOND ONE SOON AFTERWARD

The last sound of church bells and the court house bell, which were rung last night when it was certain the "drys" had won in the local option election, had no more than died away until a fire alarm was turned in at box No. 23, corner of Cherry and Eighth streets. It was a false alarm and the firemen were never quite able to figure out whether the jokers realized the special significance of the number when they pulled that number.

The tagged fire horses were just backing the wagon into the barn when another alarm was turned in at Box No. 21, located at the corner of Perkins and Ninth streets. The second alarm was false also.

## NEW COUNTY FAIR BILL WINS FAVOR

Committee in Lower House Reports  
on Measure Providing For a  
Remonstrance.

MUST OUTNUMBER PETITION

The house committee on agriculture yesterday evening decided to recommend for passage the Loehry county fair bill introduced after the Governor vetoed the Isenbarger bill on the same subject. The Loehry bill differs from the Isenbarger bill in that it provides for a remonstrance, the Governor assigning this as the reason for veto. The bill provides for a tax levy for the support of county fairs, agricultural and horticultural exhibits on the petition of twenty or more free holders in each township of the county. It would be mandatory on the board of commissioners to levy the tax, unless a remonstrance containing a greater number of signatures was filed within ten days of the date the petition was filed.

U. G. Beaver and family have moved from East Fourth street to West Third street.

David P. Bond, Miles E. Bond and James E. Blew have filed suit to a note against Charles W. Stephens, demanding \$650.

"The Bohemian Girl" show troupe passed through here today enroute to Columbus, Ind., where it will play tonight. The show appeared in Connersville last night.

## ECHO OF LATE OUSTER FAINT

Councilman Newhouse Dissents When  
Motion to Adopt Minutes of Last  
Meeting is Introduced.

MAHIN SALARY IS HELD UP

Council Refuses to Pay Claim For  
Full Month—Concurs in Dis-  
missal Again.

There was nothing more than a faint echo last night at council meeting of the ouster proceedings which the Democrats brought against Supt. A. T. Mahin of the water and light plant at the last meeting of February.

It was rumored yesterday that the Democratic members of the council would take steps last night to declare Dr. C. H. Parsons' seat in the council vacant, but no attempt of the sort was made, and the story was denied in Democratic administration circles. Nevertheless there has been a persistent tale to that effect for two or three days, it has been learned.

The first intimation in the regular proceedings last night that there ever had been such a man as A. T. Mahin employed by the city of Rushville was when City Clerk Tom Canley read the minutes of the last meeting and their adoption was moved.

Councilmen Orme and Kelley voted for the adoption of the minutes, and Councilman Alva Newhouse, the only Republican member present, dissented. The vote of Mr. Newhouse in favor of the adoption of the minutes of the last meeting would have put him on record as favoring the dismissal of A. T. Mahin and the appointment of Frank Brown, which action he has consistently opposed from the first.

The Democrats further attempted to clinch the ouster of Mr. Mahin, when Councilman Ed Kelley moved that the council concur in the action of the last February meeting when Brown was named superintendent. Kelley and Orme, of course, voted to concur and Councilman Newhouse voted against the motion. It has not been determined whether this clinching proceeding will take place at all future council meetings.

For the third time during the meeting the council's action was recalled when the claims were read and showed that Mr. Mahin had entered one for a hundred dollars for February salary, and for \$6.58 to expense account.

The Democratic members were nonplused for the moment. Councilman Orme, who sits near the city attorney, Howard E. Barrett, turned to Mr. Barrett and they whispered a few minutes. Mr. Orme then suggested that the Mahin claim not be allowed in full. The city attorney had a suggestion: He thought the city clerk should figure out what Mr. Mahin's salary up to the time he was dismissed should be, and that the council should allow that much.

The city clerk had the figures already down. He said that since Mr. Mahin was dismissed February 18, he was entitled to eighteen days, which, at \$3.33 1/3 a day, would be equal to \$60. The total amount of the claim, with expenses attached, he said should be \$66.58.

The city attorney's brow was wrinkled. It should be explained that he had not done any figuring yet.

"You have that two cents too high, haven't you Tom?" asked the city attorney.

In the end, however, the council apparently decided to be charitable and Mr. Orme moved that a claim of \$66.58 be allowed Mr. Mahin. Councilman Newhouse moved to amend the

Continued on Page 8

## PAVING WORK TO BE STARTED SOON

Contract Provides Perkins and Ad-  
jacent Streets Shall be Comple-  
ted by September First.

BRIDGE CONTRACT AWARDED

Representative of One Company Bid-  
ding on Binder For Graham  
Road. Contract Dissatisfied.

It will not be many weeks before actual work is started on the construction of a brick street in Perkins and adjacent parts of Sixth, Seventh and Eighth streets. The contract was left yesterday to DeGorger & Company of Seymour, Ind., for \$40,-844.

The contract specifies that the improvement shall be completed by September first, 1913. The means that the street will likely be finished before fall, although the law gives the board of commissioners power to extend the time if they deem it necessary.

An extension of time was necessary when Main and Second streets were built. The Adams Construction company was unable to finish either street in the time specified and it was necessary for the board to grant the company an extension.

The contract in this case provides that the company shall pay ten dollars a day for each day beyond the specified time taken to complete the job. The board intends to make the company live up its contract unless the weather interferences or other unforeseen delay arise.

After letting the contracts late yesterday afternoon for the brick street and the Bruce Graham tar-bound road, the commissioners awarded the contract for the Thornberry Ford bridge to the Burke Construction company of Newcastle for \$11,000. There were three other bidders.

Bruce Graham was appointed superintendent of the road which bears his name and E. G. Thompson was appointed superintendent of the Thornberry Ford bridge. The superintendent for the Perkins street job has not been selected.

The commissioners specified Tarvia X binder for the Bruce Graham road because they believed it was the best to be had. The binder that is made by the Standard Oil company was the lowest estimate of all the binders.

Representatives of the Standard Oil Company remained over here today and threatened to sue the county board if they were not given the contract. They were in consultation with the county attorney this afternoon. The law gives the board the right to use its own discretion in selecting materials.

### QUIET IN COURT.

The court calendar has been thrown out of line for the last two days on account of the Taylor damage case being postponed. The case which is for \$25,000 damages was to have been tried yesterday and today. The case was postponed in order that the defendant might further examine Mrs. Taylor. The examination took place this morning and the case will likely come up for trial tomorrow. As a result of the postponement little has been done in the court.

Larline Council No. 296 will entertain with a pie social Thursday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus Brown have moved from the Hackleman farm on the Arlington pike to this city.

## THEIR FIRST ANNIVERSARY

Knights of Holy Grail Will Celebrate  
Tonight.

The first anniversary of the Camelot Castle, Knights of the Holy Grail, will be held at the St. Paul M. E. church this evening. A banquet will be served at six-thirty o'clock, which members and their parents will attend. The Rev. W. H. Wylie will give a stereopticon lecture after the banquet. Next Tuesday evening L. B. Snelser of the high school will give a lecture at the M. E. church on the subject, "The Real Filipino," under the auspices of the Knights of the Holy Grail.

## TO ENCOURAGE NEW SUBJECTS

Milroy Plans to Create Interest in  
Agricultural and Domestic  
Science Studies.

WILL HAVE AN EXHIBIT HALL

Preliminary steps are in progress by the teachers of the Milroy high school, and are creating interest among the young people—for the purpose of raising farm products, says the Greensburg News. The new school building which is soon to be erected to displace the one fire-razed, is to be provided with an agricultural exhibit hall, and thus opportunity is thrust toward Milroy students.

Work on poultry, in the garden and the home, are to be exemplified and taught, and business men of Milroy have so soon begun to offer prizes for winning products. Domestic science which naturally will be followed by the department for the young ladies, is not to be slighted and the girl that can make the best cake and the best loaf of bread will come in for her share of the prizes. It is the object of those taking the initiative, to have the first prize vary in value from one to five dollars and the second from fifty cents to one dollar.

Milroy, always progressive—not politically—but morally and commercially, is taking the proper step of advancement, and its neighbors will watch the schools there progress with not only interest, but, perchance, to their own benefit.

### EASTERN STAR.

The degree work and banquet of Martha Poe Chapter No. 143 O. E. S. which was to have been held March 12th has been postponed to March 17th.

## IT ALL DEPENDS ON RUSHVILLE

Ideal Husker Company Will Locate  
Here if Citizens Show the  
Proper Interest.

STOCK SALESMEN ENTHUSED

They Investigate and See Practical  
Tests Before Entering Into a  
Contract.

Harry F. Taylor, president of United States Realty company, 321 Hume-Mansur building, Indianapolis, was in Rushville today upon business connected with the Ideal Corn Husker company. The directors of the Rushville company have contracted with the United States Realty Company to place the stock of the company.

Before agreeing to take this contract, Messrs Taylor and A. B. Evans of the U. S. Realty Company came to Rushville and made a careful examination of the machine and investigated what it had been able to accomplish in practical tests in husking corn upon various farms of Rush county. Both are enthusiastic in their belief that it will prove to be one of the greatest mechanical successes of the age and that its manufacture will be productive.

The statement of J. G. Kingsbury, the editor of the Indiana Farmer, as to the number of these machines, at a very conservative estimate, which should be sold each year, should have read five thousand, and not five hundred as quoted in the Republican a few days ago.

Public spirited citizens of Rushville have been interested in knowing whether the factory for the making of these machines will remain in Rushville. They have had some opportunity to see the advantage of important manufacturing industries to Rushville and realize that from the output of these machines naturally to be expected, such a factory would be a great business help to the city.

The officers and directors, in answer to this question, say that, while they naturally would prefer to have the factory remain here, commercial organizations of other cities already have an eye upon the possibilities of this factory and it will depend upon whether the citizens of Rushville and vicinity show the proper appreciation of this industry in taking stock, as to whether the factory remains here.

### MASONIC WORK.

Phoenix Lodge, No. 62, F. & A. M. will have work in the E. E. degree tonight. A good attendance is desired.

## Greatest Value Ever Offered For Two Cents

The power of two cents is truly wonderful when one considers what it will buy.

It will buy an evening's entertainment. It will buy pages of cleverly written incidents happening throughout the world. It will buy complete stories of adventures in the daily lives of men and women. It will buy comics and ludicrous features that "bring happiness to declining years and erase the finger-marks of time from wrinkled brows."

It will buy the latest news of theatredom, the successes of the operatic stage, the basketball, baseball and gridiron feats of skill and strength, the review of the latest books and music.

Do you know of a greater value for two cents than your daily newspaper?

The two cents you invest in THE DAILY REPUBLICAN will pay dividends a hundred fold if you will read its advertisements closely and constantly every night and take advantage of the money-saving opportunities they afford.



# BRILLIANT INAUGURAL CEREMONY

Weather Favored  
Mr. Wilson.

SUN SHINES BRIGHTLY

Great Crowd That Thronged  
Washington Delighted.

THE SPECTACULAR FEATURES

Following Splendid Parade Was  
Magnificent Fireworks.

Washington, March 5.—At 1:31 o'clock Tuesday afternoon Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey became the twenty-eighth president of the United States. He took the oath on the stand at the east front of the capitol before the largest crowd that ever witnessed the inauguration of a president.

A few minutes before Mr. Wilson had touched his lips to the Bible held in the hands of the venerable chief justice of the United States, Thomas Riley Marshall, Democratic vice president, and seventeen new Democratic senators had taken the oath in the senate chamber.

These proceedings marked the surrender by Republicans of sixteen years of continuous control and the appearance of a full-fledged Democratic administration for the first time since Grover Cleveland sat in the White House.

## Greatest Crowd on Record.

No president ever was blessed with a finer inauguration day than was Mr. Wilson. No incoming president ever was greeted by a greater throng of patriotic Americans. But notwithstanding the ideal weather conditions and the hundreds of thousands who lined the streets for miles, there seemed to be something lacking. There was none of that zip and bling that characterized the enthusiastic throng that cheered for Colonel Roosevelt on the day of his inauguration back in 1905. There was hardly as much of a demonstration as was accorded to Mr. Taft when he rode up Pennsylvania avenue and back four years ago, when the blizzard had palsied the plans for the big celebration. Everybody was pleased Tuesday and everybody was happy, but there was a spirit of apathy which was plainly noticeable from the beginning to the end of the ceremonies.

## Mr. Bryan Makes a Hit.

At no time was this so apparent as at the stand at the east front of the capitol, when Mr. Wilson was taking the oath of office. The cheers that greeted the new president were only moderate and of brief duration. They seemed in fact to be less enthusiastic than the ones that rolled out when William J. Bryan made his appearance on the open-air platform. Several times in the course of the proceedings on the great stand a volley of cheers went up for the Commoner, and at the conclusion of Mr. Wilson's inaugural address a situation arose which really seemed embarrassing. The last words of the new president's speech had hardly fallen from his lips when the crowd shouted "Bryan! Bryan! We want a speech from Bryan!"

Mr. Wilson's new secretary of state, who was standing near him, turned away from the thousands in front of the stand, apparently for the purpose of discouraging any further demonstration in his favor, and there was plainly a feeling of relief among the Democratic statesmen when the police jumped in and began to drive the throng back for the exit of the new president.

## Police Finally Woke Up.

One would never have suspected from the appearance of Tuesday's throng that it was made up of many who had caused the disorderly scenes during the suffragist parade the day before. The police from beginning to end had the situation in control and there seemed to be no disposition at any time on the part of the visitors to cause trouble.

It was a good sterling American crowd. It stretched from Washington circle, half a mile west of the White House, to the capitol, a mile east of the president's mansion and up and around Capitol Hill to the east front of the historic building. For almost the entire distance it was fifteen or twenty deep on both sides of the street. How many hundreds of thousands were out to greet the Democratic president it would be idle even to conjecture. All the railroads entering Washington had been disgorging thousands upon thousands for days, and automobiles and other conveyances had been bringing a host from the neighboring states. In addition to the long lines of humanity along the streets more tens of thousands had places on the stands.

## OFFICIAL BOOTH

Stand in Front of White House  
Where Wilson Reviewed Parade.

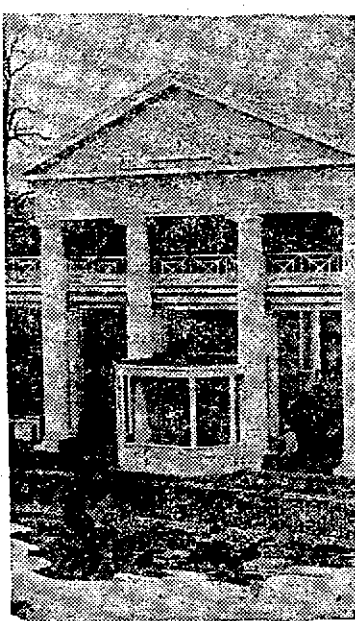


Photo by American Press Association.

The president of the United States and the vice president started in immediately after their inauguration upon one of the most arduous jobs physically that will confront them when, at 3:10 o'clock, they took their places in the reviewing stand in the middle of the court of honor out in front of the White House and continued to stand until almost 7:30 o'clock at night, or until the last of 50,000 or more soldiers, sailors and civilians had passed on in the darkness.

The inaugural parade, needless to say, is the sole reason most folks come to the inauguration, always excepting the great grand divisions of patriots who come here at this time to save the country by accepting political jobs. Wherefore a crowd placed somewhere around 300,000 was on hand between the capitol and the disbanding point at Washington circle, a mile and a half west of the capitol and a few blocks behind the White House.

And this time, at least, the Washington police saw to it early in the day that there was no possible way at all to get into the roped-off asphalt of Pennsylvania avenue from the starting gate to the finishing wire unless one dropped into the avenue from an aeroplane.

## Darkness Closes on Display.

And so the parade, once it had started, never was interrupted seriously. As it started later than any previous inaugural parade and was a record-breaker in size, darkness had begun to gather by the time the first thousands of monster civic and semi-military sections that followed the military and naval divisions had reached the reviewing stand at all. And, appropriately, just as 2,000 Tammany braves with Charles F. Murphy at their head and four bands playing "Tammany" in relay fashion, had swung around the north end of the treasury building into the white and green court of honor in front of the White House, the decoration committee's electricians threw the switches and the court of honor flashed from semi-darkness into a blaze of electric glory.

Washington says the parade was its biggest. Also it was wonderfully splendid. With the exception of a start an hour later than customary, for which the paraders were blameless, and gaps far too wide between the various sections, the parade was flawless. Nevertheless the lack of spontaneous cheering, at times, the solemn apathy of the dense crowds in the grandstands was unusual. There were enough wonderful things to look upon and to listen to streaming past for almost four hours and a half to arouse, one would fancy, any crowd in enthusiasm, but they did not.

## Closed in Blaze of Fireworks.

President Wilson sat on the back stoop of his new home at night and heard thousands of his fellow citizens cheer his name as they saw his features delineated in fire. The president of less than a day saw from the rear of the White House a sea of humanity that filled an area estimated at not less than one square mile. Overlooking the multitude he saw with them the celebration of his inauguration come to a brilliant close in a splendid display of fireworks.

The Washington police confessed themselves staggered by the vast crowds assembled in the park spaces behind the White House. Estimates ran into the hundreds of thousands, and no one who travelled around the shores of the human sea could find any reason for disbelief of the estimates. Anyhow, there were 500,000 people in Washington, and it is a good bet of dollars to doughnuts that all who were able to travel after a strenuous day saw those fireworks.

It was the most orderly crowd in the world. This inauguration crowd came to see the show provided for them, and the thousands upon thousands rubbed elbows as respectfully and politely as could be.

When it was over they started home just as quietly as they came. For a time the downtown streets were literally choked with a surging crowd. After they had gone their way there was left only the lights, throwing a garish glare upon acres of pavements, covered with papers, boxes and general litter suggestive already of "the morning after."

# PUBLIC SERVICE BILL IS SIGNED

New Commission to Go In  
First of May.

A FAR-REACHING MEASURE

Friends of the New Law Declare That It Is Entitled to Take First Place Among the Laws Enacted in the United States, Being the Clearest Exposition of the Public Utilities Problem Yet Devised.

Indianapolis, March 5.—Yesterday afternoon the public service commission bill was formally approved by Governor Ralston. The bill was signed just before 4 o'clock, and Governor Ralston presented the pen with which he signed the bill to Representative W. W. Spencer.

It is now understood that Governor Ralston will be ready in a few days to announce the names of the men he proposes to appoint as public service commissioners. The commissioners will not be appointed in fact or organized until after May 1. Governor Ralston is to appoint two new members of the public service commission and the three members of the Indiana railroad commission are, by the new law, made public service commissioners. The law declares that it is the legislative intention to substitute the public service commission for the railroad commission.

While the new law abolishes the railroad commission, it confers the powers of the railroad commission upon the new commission and specifically takes over the railroad commissioners to serve as public service commissioners until their present terms of office expire and carefully sets out that the powers of the railroad commission continue in the new body.

## Defines Public Utilities.

The new law defines public utilities to include street railways, interurban railways, telegraph and telephone companies, heat, light, water or power companies and elevator and warehouse companies. Steam railroads are not called "public utilities" under the new law, but are continued under the railroad commission law which is given to the new public service commission to enforce after May 1.

The new law is based on the principle that public service corporations are neither public nor private, but quasi-public; that these corporations have received rights and privileges from the public and owe certain duties to the public. Regulation is taken to be the right and duty of the people, acting through governmental agencies.

The law is declared by its friends to be entitled to first place among the laws enacted in the United States. It is one among two or three laws to provide for an indeterminate permit, for a utility corporation depreciation fund, adequately for the control of stock and bond issues by public utilities, and for the future taking over of utilities by municipalities.

## Legislative Doings.

The Dickinson-Koenig bill, providing a nine-hour day for women, was killed in the senate by a vote of 29 to 19. When the vote had been announced Senator Fleming immediately moved to reconsider. This motion was tabled on motion of Senator Kistler, this action having the effect of burying the bill beyond resurrection during this session of the legislature.

The senate passed the "anti-blind tiger" bill prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquor by druggists, except on prescription from a physician, by a vote of 27 to 7. If passed in the lower branch Indiana will have a stringent law against the sale of liquor by drug gists.

But little opposition developed to the weights and measures bill, which passed by a vote of 36 to 6. It requires boards of county commissioners in counties having a population of 50,000 or more to appoint inspectors of weights and measures, and changes the wording of the present law where the word "sealers" is used, to "inspector." The registration bill was passed in the senate by a vote of 40 to 0. As it stands now the bill provides for one regular registration period in October thirty days before election, and for one additional registration period in September. The September registration, however, may not be held unless on demand of 300 resident freeholders of a county.

The specific and new regular appropriations bill passed the house without a dissenting vote.

## TERSE TELEGRAMS

The members of the Madero family have sailed from Cuba for the United States.

Sir Thomas Lipton has sent a challenge to the New York Yacht club for the America's cup.

It is said that terms of peace between the allies and the Turks have already been secretly settled.

National Chairman William F. McCombs has been offered the ambassadorship to France, but has not yet decided whether he will accept it.

The sweeping amnesty bill passed by the Cuban congress is said to be scandalously inclusive of many criminals, although only intended for the negroes involved in the recent uprising.

## W. B. WILSON

Former Miner First Secretary  
of New Department of Labor.



© 1913, by American Press Association.

## ANOTHER BORDER BATTLE

Mexican Federal Soldiers Renew Attacks on Our Soldiers.

El Paso, Tex., March 5.—For the third time Mexican federal soldiers have fired on the Ninth United States cavalry on duty near Douglas, Ariz., and the cavalymen returned the fire with rifles and a machine gun, driving the Mexicans back. Two troops of cavalry came to the rescue of the small detachment of border guards under attack by the Mexicans and soon drove the Mexicans back.

Americans cannot understand what the attacks mean, and feeling in Douglas and Agua Prieta is extremely bitter. The Mexicans taunt the negro soldiers with jeers and epithets and there are frequent street fights. One negro cavalymen whipped five Mexicans for taunting him, and the American citizens of Douglas looked on and cheered and refused to permit the negro to be arrested.

## The Tafts Go to Augusta.

Washington, March 5.—William Howard Taft rode through Washington twice Tuesday. He went on his first journey as president of the United States to his room at the capitol to sign bills and transact other official business. The second time he was a private citizen hurrying to join his wife at the union station, for the first time in twenty-eight years bearing no official responsibility. He left for Augusta, Ga., at 3:40 o'clock in the afternoon.

Fresh supply Mrs. Austin's Bag Buckwheat now on hand at your grocers.

When you have hogs to sell call on H. A. Kramer. Highest Market price. 293tf.

Smoke FAIR PROMISE 5c Cigars

# Unable to Walk for Two Months Dr. Jones' Liniment EFFECTED A CURE



Mr. John E. Drumheller,  
2613 Burtain  
St., Philadelphia, Pa.,  
says:

"For months I was unable to put on shoes or walk. My feet were so sore. When I tried to make a step the pain was unbearable. My case baffled the doctors, and all the remedies I tried failed to help me. A few applications of Dr. Jones' Liniment gave me relief, and cured me of my affliction after a short treatment."

Dr. Jones' Liniment relieves sore corns, swellings or any affection of the feet. Price 50c per bottle.

Sold by Thos. W. Lytle, F. E. Wolcott and all leading druggists. Purify your blood with Sangvin, sold by druggists.

# SHH! LADIES! SECRET TO DARKEN FADED GRAY HAIR—USE SAGE TEA.

Sage Mixed With Sulphur Restores Natural Color and Lustre to Hair.

Why suffer the handicap of looking old. Gray hair, however handsome, denotes advancing age. We all know the advantages of a youthful appearance.

Your hair is your charm. It makes or mars the face. When it fades, turns gray and looks dry, wispy and scraggly just a few applications of Sage Tea and Sulphur enhances its appearance a hundred fold.

Either prepare the tonic at home or get from any drug store a 50 cent bottle of "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy," ready to use; but listen,

avoid preparations put up by druggists as they usually use too much sulphur, which makes the hair sticky. Get "Wyeth's" which can always be depended upon to darken beautifully and is the best thing known to remove dandruff, stop scalp itching and falling hair.

By using Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur no one can possibly tell that you darkened your hair. It does it so naturally and evenly—you moisten a sponge or soft brush, drawing this through the hair, taking one small strand at a time which requires but a few moments. Do this at night and by morning the gray hair disappears; after another application or two its natural color is restored and it becomes glossy and lustrous and you appear years younger.

HARGROVE & MULLIN,

# CHIROPRACTIC

KI-RO-PRAK-TIC

This Science has proven that LIFE and HEALTH of man depend upon the transmission of life and health impulses from the brain, by nerves which extend down within the spinal column and out to all parts of the body. And that these nerves may become pinched where they pass through the foramina, small holes, between the vertebrae. The vertebrae becoming subluxated, slightly misplaced, close the foramina more or less and pressing on the nerves hinder transmission of impulses from the brain to some part or parts of the body which become diseased as a result. The CHIROPRACTOR locates and adjusts these subluxated vertebrae and the nerves being no longer pinched. Innate Nature in the brain is enabled to send the necessary impulses to restore function and health and remove diseased conditions.

I do not treat Effects, or use Medicine, Surgery, Osteopathy, Massage, Magnetic Healing, Suggestive Therapeutics, Christian Science or any methods used by others except the Chiropractor who uses his hands only to locate and adjust subluxations. Most surgical cases yield to Chiropractic without use of knife, especially Appendicitis. Fevers usually yield in from one to thirty minutes. Investigate and learn the cause of your disease. It will cost you nothing for Spinal Analysis of your case.

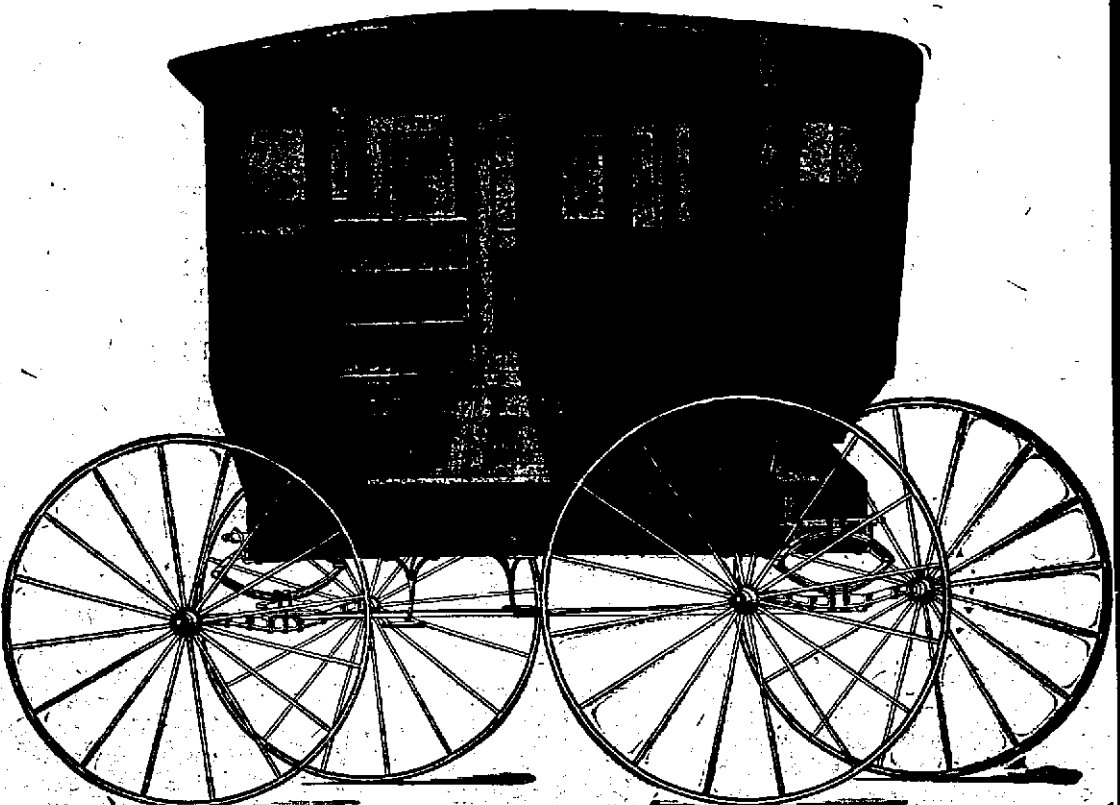
C. A. THOMPSON, D. C.

209 North Harrison Street.

Rushville, Indiana.

# The Very Latest Creation in the Vehicle Line

is the Parcel Post Wagon, and it is the handiest wagon on earth for the farmer. We want you to see this wagon and you will find it at the store that always introduces the new styles in vehicles. This is the practical storm buggy for the farmer to buy and when you see the advantages it offers over other storm buggies you will be sure to want one.



Parcel Post Wagon

WE ALWAYS LEAD IN VEHICLES

Will Spivey, at Oneal Bros.



# PUBLIC SALE

I, the undersigned, will sell at Public Sale, at my farm, 7 miles southwest of Rushville and 4 miles southeast of Homer on

**Tues. March 11, 1913**

Beginning at ten o'clock a. m. sharp, the following property:

## 7 — HEAD OF HORSES — 7

Consisting of one Gray Mare, weighs 1400 pounds, 11 years old; one Brown Mare, weighs 1400 pounds, 11 years old; one Bay Mare, 13 years old; one Bay Mare, light harness, 9 years old; one Gelding, 5 years old, draft horse; one three-year-old green broke Draft Mare; one two-year-old Gelding, good broke, standard bred, light harness and gentle. All these are good workers.

## 10 — HEAD OF MULES — 10

These animals are all good ones, coming two years old and stand 15 hands and one inch high.

## 6 — HEAD OF CATTLE — 6

Consisting of two cows, one fresh; two Jersey heifers and calf; one Shorthorn and one Jersey bull

## 32 — HEAD OF BROOD SOWS AND GILTS — 32

Part of these have pigs by their sides and part are due to pig.

## 3 — POLAND BOARS — 3

## FULL LINE OF FARMING IMPLEMENTS

Including Manure Spreader, Self Binder, 4 Wagons, 5 Sets of Work Harness enough for 10 horses, Closed Buggy and two Sets of Buggy Harness. 2 or 3 Tons of Straw.

TERMS MADE KNOWN ON DAY OF SALE

Clen Miller, Auctioneer.

**Fred Hilligoss**

Lunch will be served by the Ladies' Aid Society of the Homer Baptist Church.

## Transfers In Realty

### REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

Frank McCorkle and wife to Harry Colter, lot 69 in McCorkle's addition to Milroy, \$185.

Frank McCorkle and wife to Harry Colter, lot 51 in McCorkle's addition to Milroy, \$185.

Allen Hill and wife to P. C. C. & St. L. R'y Co., 1 436/1000 acres in Ripley township, \$275.

Rushville Furniture Co. to P. C. C. & St. L. R'y Co., 126/1000 of an acre in Rushville and easement, etc., \$1, etc.

Geo. A. Looney, adm'r estate of Sidney M. Brooks, to Cathrine D. Gruell, 72 1/2 acres in Noble township, \$9,000.

John S. Wall and wife to Wm. O. Lucy A. Brown, parcels of land in Posey township, \$425.

Frank McCorkle and wife to Margaret E. Morton, lot 30 in McCorkle's addition to Milroy, \$185.

Sylvester F. Tinsley and wife to David G. Trusley, interest in 60 acres in Orange township, \$4,000.

Frank McCorkle and wife to Ben Smith, lot 36 in McCorkle's addition to Milroy, \$195.

Frank McCorkle and wife to Fred W. Mack, lot 22 in McCorkle's addition to Milroy, \$195.

Frank McCorkle and wife to Jesse Seight, lot 25 in McCorkle's addition to Milroy, \$195.

John C. Frazier and wife to Chas. J. Brooks, west half of lot 78 in the original plat of Rushville, \$3,200.

John C. Frazier and wife to Chas. J. Brooks, east half of lot 78 in the original plat of Rushville, \$3,300.

Frank W. McGregor to Samuel O. and Cora N. McCarty, lot 14 in Carthage, \$500.

Frank McCorkle and wife to Wesley A. Stockinger, lots 29 and 35 in McCorkle's addition to Milroy, \$185.

Marianne Wellman and husband to Stillwell A. and Ida G. Wilkinson, lot in Circleville, \$1,600.

Flora Hitt and husband to Mary E. Walker, 3 acres in Rushville township adjoining Berkley Park addition, \$4,000.

Frank McCorkle and wife to W. R. Sharp, lot 35 in McCorkle's addition to Milroy, \$195.

Frank McCorkle and wife to Donald Miller, lot 47 in McCorkle's addition to Milroy, \$185.

Lewis E. Harcourt and wife to Newell Hungerford, lot 10 in the new addition to the Milroy cemetery, \$20.

Frank McCorkle and wife to Charles E. and Olive A. Wiley, lot 17 in McCorkle's addition to Milroy, \$195.

The Grover & Layman Realty Co. to John B. and Mary F. McCarty, lots 77 and 78 in Belmont addition, \$925.

Charles A. Roach and wife to Sarah Roach, 2 lots in New Salem, \$1,000.

John F. and Laura Boyd to Rose Evans, lot 39 in Stackhouse Park, Rushville township, \$125.

A. L. Stewart et al. to Wm. and Tenia Gregg, lot 87 in Stewart and Tompkins' addition to Belmont, \$160.

Peter Reddick and wife to Charles F. and Sallie Whitton, 80 acres in Center township, \$9,000.

Trustees of Milroy U. P. church to John Cameron, lot in Milroy cemetery, \$20.

J. P. Frazee and wife to Greely P. and Fannie M. McCarty, lot 46 in McMahon and Foster's addition to Rushville, \$250.

Newton Paxton to Emma Myers, lots 15 and 16 in corrected plat of Mays, \$700.

Amos McCord and wife to Wm. M. and Mary H. Garner, 33 1/5 acres in Orange township, \$2,000.

Blanche Riley and husband to B. J. and Zeurilda Madden, part of lot 88 in the original plat of Rushville, \$2050.

Thomas Porter and wife to Willard C. Porter, 70 acres in Ripley town-

## VERIFY IT

The Proof is in Rushville, Almost at Your Door.

The public statement of a Rushville citizen is in itself strong proof for Rushville people; but confirmation strengthens the evidence.

Here is a Rushville citizen who testified years ago that Doan's Kidney Pills relieved weak kidneys and now states the result was permanent. Can any sufferer from kidney ills ask better proof? You can investigate. The case is right at home.

George Priest, 223 W. Third St., Rushville, Ind., says: "I use Doan's Kidney Pills whenever I feel in need of a kidney tonic and they always give highly satisfactory results. I gladly confirm what I said in their praise some years ago. For several years I had kidney trouble which came on by spells. The complaint started with a dull pain just over my kidneys then I became weak and dizzy. Doan's Kidney Pills were finally brought to my attention and were so highly recommended that I got a supply at Johnson's Drug Store. They proved to be the best medicine of the kind I had ever tried and in a short time restored my kidneys to a normal condition."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

(Advertisement.)

ship, \$1 and subject to life estate of grantors.

Frank McCorkle and wife to Harlan P. Overleese, lot 48 in McCorkle's addition to Milroy, \$185.

Frank McCorkle and wife to Cassius C. Readmond, lot 46 in McCorkle's addition to Milroy, \$185.

Frank McCorkle and wife to Joseph M. Farlow, lot 26 in McCorkle's addition to Milroy, \$185.

Anna B. Smith and husband to P. C. C. & St. L. R'y Co., part of lot 95 in H. G. Sexton's Heirs' addition to Rushville, \$1, etc.

Henrietta Stevens to George Reber, third interest in 168 acres in Orange township, \$1, etc.

Henrietta Stevens, adm'r estate of Wm. H. Stevens, to George Reber, 168 acres in Orange township, \$15,000.

Oscar E. Newhouse and wife to S. R. Newhouse, 60 acres in Jackson township, \$9,120.

## ANAEMIC PEOPLE

Need More Iron in the Blood.

If you are anaemic, you need more iron in your blood, and the tell-tale symptoms are a pale face—colorless lips, ashen finger nails, poor circulation, and short breath, and more serious diseases are easily contracted when in this condition.

What Vinol did for Mrs. G. S. Mannel of San Antonio, Texas, it will do for every anaemic run-down person. She says: "I was weak and nervous and had general debility for about three years. My health was badly run down and my complexion became sallow and badly affected with pimples. While in this weakened condition, I contracted pleurisy which made it very hard for me. I am happy to say that Vinol has restored me to health again, and I have no cough or soreness of the lungs at all."

We ask every anaemic or run-down, weak person in this vicinity to try a bottle of Vinol with the understanding that their money will be returned if it does not do all we claim. F. B. Johnson and Company, druggists, Rushville, Indiana.

P. S. Eczema Sufferers! We guarantee our new skin remedy, Saxo.

(Advertisement.)

Children are much more likely to contract the contagious diseases when they have colds. Whooping cough, diphtheria, scarlet fever and consumption are diseases that are often contracted when the child has a cold. That is why all medical authorities say beware of colds. For the quick cure of colds you will find nothing better than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It can always be depended upon and is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by All Dealers.

(Advertisement.)

You can say goodbye to constipation with a clear conscience if you use Chamberlain's Tablets. Many have been permanently cured by their use. For sale by All Dealers.

(Advertisement.)

## Only Unwise People Tolerate CATARRH

Here is a sure way to get rid of Catarrh; hawking, snuffing, and all misery caused by the Catarrh germs.

Get a HYOMEI outfit today, follow the instructions and breathe five times a day deep into your lungs the germ killing air through the little inhaler.

At night just before going to bed use the vapor treatment as directed. This treatment is prescribed by the best Catarrh Specialists in America and Europe to destroy Catarrh germs.

Booth's HYOMEI is Australian Eucalyptus and other splendid antiseptics. A complete outfit which includes inhaler is \$1.00; separate bottles, if the first does not entirely cure, can be obtained for 50 cents, and money back from F. B. Johnson and Company if you are dissatisfied. Just breathe it—no stomach dosing.

(Advertisement.)

Fresh sparveries at Harry A. Kramer's. 276tf

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has won its great reputation and extensive sale by its remarkable cures of coughs, colds and croup. It can be depended upon. Try it. Sold by all dealers.

(Advertisement.)

Many sufferers from rheumatism have been surprised and delighted with the prompt relief afforded by applying Chamberlain's Liniment. Not one case of rheumatism in ten requires any internal treatment whatever. This liniment is for sale by All Dealers.

(Advertisement.)

You can judge a man not by what he promises to do, but by what he has done. That is the only test. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy judged by this standard has no superior. People everywhere speak of it in the highest terms of praise. For sale by All Dealers.

(Advertisement.)

Corn and oats fertilizer in stock at my ware house Pennsylvania Depot. A. B. Norris. 295tf

Corn and oats fertilizer in stock at my ware house Pennsylvania Depot. A. B. Norris. 295tf

## THE MADDEN BROTHERS CO. MACHINISTS

REPAIR WORK IS OUR SPECIALTY

Have your old Machinery repaired and made good as new. Steam and Gas Engine Repairing a Specialty. Call and see our St. Mary's Semi-Automatic Gas and Gasoline Engines before you buy. 2 1/2, 4 and 7 horse power. BUILT FOR HARD SERVICE ON THE FARM.

We Grind and Sharpen Lawn Mowers, Mowers, Sickles, Plow Points, Cutter Knives, Etc.

Phone 1632. 517 to 519 West Second Street.

## FOR THE YEAR 1913.

We Offer Our Services as Designers and Executors of MONUMENTAL WORK

Which Has Merited for Us a Nation Wide Reputation. Lately Installed Up-To-Date Machinery and No Agent Fees

Places us in a position to operate under the lowest overhead expense of any firm in this section and to quote you a price on your monumental work as near first cost as is possible.

We are not quarry owners, (as this distinction belongs alone to Jones Bros. Co. of Boston) but we do manufacture our specialties

MONTELO — MILLSTONE — GRANITES

J. B. SCHRICHTER SONS

ESTABLISHED 1859.

117 - 121 South Main Street. Rushville, Indiana.

## PUBLIC SALE

I, the undersigned, will offer at Public Sale at my Farm 3 1/4 miles northeast of Rushville, Indiana

**Friday, March 7, 1913**

the following personal property to-wit:

## 12 Head Horses and Mules 12

consisting of one team Gray Geldings, 7 years old, one Black Mare, 5 years old; one Sorrel Gelding, 7 years old; one Bay Mare, 10 years old, can pace a 40 gait; two 2-year old Draft Mares; 1 span Mules, 4 years old, good workers; 1 Bay Gelding, 7 years old, one Bay Mare, 12 years old; one Gelding, 3 years old.

## 3000 Bushels of Corn 3000

## 5 Head Milch Cows 5

These are all good ones.

## Farming Implements Of All Kinds

consisting of Wagons, Plows, Hog Racks, Harrows, Corn Drills, Wheat Drills, Mowers, Work Harness of all kinds, Closed Buggy and Buggy Harness, Double Trees, Single Trees, etc,

## Also Some Household Furniture

## Terms of Sale

All sums of \$5 and under, cash on day of sale. All sums over \$5 a credit will be given until Sept. 1, 1913, without interest, purchaser giving bankable note, with approved surety. A 4% discount will be allowed for cash. No property to be removed until terms of sale are complied with.

Lunch Will Be Served on the Grounds

Sale begins at 9:30 **Verne W. Norris**

AUCTIONEERS: Miller & Flannagan

## AUCTIONEERS

## MILLER & VANDERBECK

When you want first class class auctioneering service Call Phone 4106, 2L and 2S Rings, or See Clen Miller

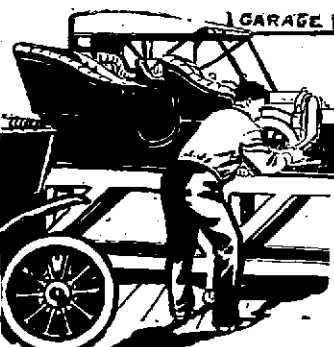
## FIRE and TORNADO INSURANCE

ABSTRACTS OF TITLE, FIDELITY AND SURETY BONDS, BURGLARY INSURANCE

GEORGE W. OSBORNE

308 Main St.

Telephone 1328



GARAGE

## Now is the Time

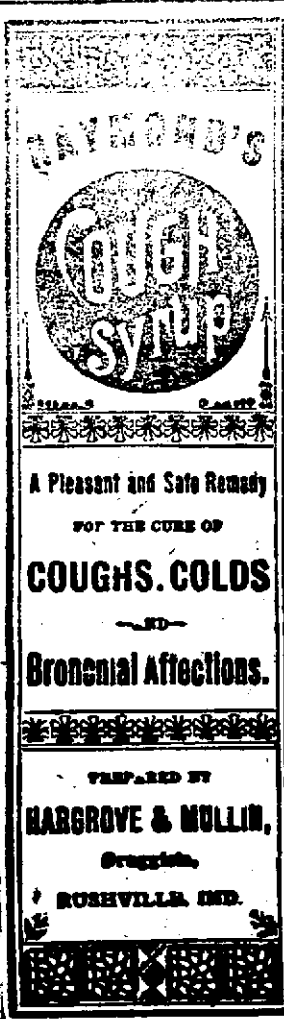
to have your auto overhauled or rebuilt while the weather and roads are bad. We can do everything in the auto line from repairing the tires to rebuilding the top. Our workmen are all experienced in their lines and our prices are reasonable, which assures satisfaction in every way. If you need anything in the auto line it will pay you to see us.

WILLIAM E. BOWEN  
Phone 1364.

## Raymond

Cough Syrup Will Cure Your Coughs and Colds

25c and 50c



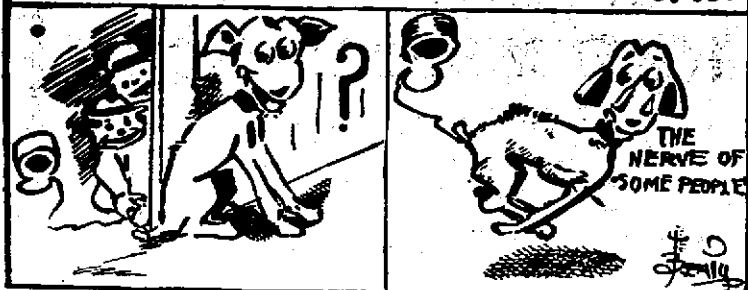
25c and 50c

"The Store for Particular People."

Hargrove & Mullin - Drugs  
Quality First



## THE WONDERS WHAT IT IS—THEN SUDDENLY FINDS OUT



## THE DAILY REPUBLICAN

Published Daily except Sunday by The Republican Company  
Office in Republican Building, Northwest Corner Second and Perkins Streets.

Entered as second-class matter March 22, 1904, at the postoffice at Rushville, Indiana, under the act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

One week, delivered by carrier.....10  
One year in the city by carrier.....\$4.00  
One year delivered by mail.....\$3.00

J. FEUDNER, Editor.  
ROY E. HARROLD, News Editor. ALLEN C. KINER, City Editor.

TELEPHONE NUMBER, 1111.

Wednesday, March 5, 1913.

## Smashing Precedent.

It is startling to hear that Mr. Wilson contemplates spending a part of each day in a room at the Capitol while Congress is in session, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. This would be a smashing of all precedent. It would be iconoclastic in its destruction of the theory that the executive should not infringe upon the legislative branch of government. The Parliament of England was once invaded by a king of that country who had not been invited to give it counsel. His appearance was resented as an intrusion. He lost his head afterward, but there are historians who contend that he had lost it before that.

What Mr. Wilson could do in Congress it is not easy to see. No president ever has been able to do what Mr. Taft again tried to do in asking Congress to consent to the budget plan of government. Our Congress, in both branches, has always been so jealous of executive encroachments that it has frequently refused to adopt a system of work which would simplify administration by bringing the two branches in closer and more familiar contact. It has stubbornly refused to do anything like calling the heads of departments into what might look like consultation as to appropriation bills. It has preferred shooting in the dark to taking necessary facts relating to receipts and disbursements in a way approved of all financial experience.

We shall have to await the appearance of Mr. Wilson in the Capitol before passing judgment upon such action as he is now said to contemplate. If he has a fear that he will not see members of Congress often enough, let him reassure himself. He will soon find that he is being asked to see them too often. He will find them taking the initiative in coming to see him without waiting for him to call first. Neither senators nor representatives ever have been sticklers, like women in a neighborhood, as to who should make the first call. They lay no obligation on presidents to begin the sociability. Most presidents have found it necessary to plead excuses to avoid receiving some of them. Mr. Wilson will soon be finding this out so well that, if he has formed a plan for returning their calls he will soon abandon it. It will not be necessary for Mahomet to go to the mountain. The mountain will go to Mahomet.

## The Extra Session.

Announcement is made by the President-elect that the new Congress will be called in session April 1.

A comparatively few years ago an extra session in the spring was something unusual. It usually occurred in case of some startling exigency, or when a change in administration called for some new policy.

It used to be a matter of common remark among business men that if congress would only adjourn for two years, business would be good. That may be perfectly true. But in view of the ability of congress to handle only a small part of the measures on its calendar, it may be assumed that the extra session has become a regular feature.

In many states, it is the practice to give hearings and make a report on every measure presented. It seems only fair that a petition signed by responsible people should be given this courtesy. But a committee's pigeon hole is the politician's typical method of disposing of inconvenient legislation.

## Pay No Attention

To reports that the legislature will knock out the Co-operative Rebate Stamp. We stand ready to comply with any law enacted by the legislature, so have no fear. Have been in business in Indiana for nearly twenty years. We are here to stay.  
Co-Operative Rebate Stamp Co.  
30314

## Chiropractors.

At 209 North Harrison street, hours 9 to 11, a. m., 1 to 3 p. m. Lady attendant, Thompson & Thompson.  
30416.

We will be glad to make out your mortgage exemptions at Recorder's office.  
CHAS. J. BROOKS,  
30412. Recorder.

## Pay Telephone Toll.

Don't overlook to pay your telephone toll before March 12 if you wish to avoid paying 15 cents extra for collection. No notice will be given by telephone.  
W. T. JACKSON,  
30310. Sec'y.

Fresh supply Mrs. Austin's Bag Buckwheat now on hand at your grocers.

Smoke FAIR PROMISE 5c Cigars

## \$500.00 REWARD

The Co-Operative Red Rebate Stamp Co. offers this reward for the arrest and conviction of the persons circulating the report that they are not permanently located in Rushville. Hang on to your Red Stamps and report names of persons to the Co-Operative Red Rebate Stamp Parlors who fraudulently attempt to obtain them from You.

## THAT'S OUR BUSINESS

SANITARY PLUMBING, HEATING, ELECTRIC LIGHTING

PHONE 1091

We do work of this kind up-to-date, and do it at a reasonable rate.  
The CAPP Plumbing & Electrical Co.

## LEGISLATURE IS COSTING A LOT

Estimates Reveal That General Assembly is Running \$890.24 a Day Over 2 Years Ago.

## "PLUNDER" CUTS LOTS OF ICE

Clause in Bill Allows Payment From General Fund if Deficiency in Appropriation is Found.

Based on the best estimates it is possible to obtain, the present session of the Indiana general assembly has spent approximately \$890.24 a day more than the session of two years ago for its own expenses. Additional increase all along the line, but principally in the matter of "plunder" in both houses, is responsible for the large amounts of money that have been used. Based on the same estimates, the total amount of money expended for this session would be \$183,414.40, says the Indianapolis News. The total cost two years ago, including every expense, was approximately \$130,000.

The increase has not been particularly in the printing of bills, although it is practically impossible to get "a line" on the total in the printing of bills of this session.

"Plunder" is doing the spending. In the house it is common knowledge that several resolutions have been drawn up for introduction calling on the Speaker to have a list of the employees compiled, showing which representative each employee was charged to on the official pay roll and showing the total number of employees drawing money from the state.

In the senate it is known that the "plunder" situation has created not a little dissension during the last few weeks. There, it is said, there were something like eighty-two employees on the pay roll last pay day, though Senators Harlan, Netterville and Yarling, of the "plunder" committee, "cut down" the pay roll several times during February to a basis of approximately sixty-four employees, which, they said, was sufficient to run the work of the upper house. The "cents" had no effect and at one pay day there were eighty-seven vouchers for "help," signed by Lieutenant-Governor O'Neil.

In the house there are so many employees that although they have been together for two months now, many of them do not know each others names.

In the house it is impossible to find any one who keeps the account of total expenditures, if such a person there is. In the senate the assistant secretary has charge of the figures. Myron D. King, deputy state auditor, explained that it would be impossible for his office to arrive at even an estimate of the total cost of the legislature until long after it had adjourned. He said that some of the employees in each house and many of the representatives and senators hold up their pay vouchers to the end of the session and then cashed them all at once. In the estimates made of the total cost of the session, this fact was not considered, but the total expenditures of the legislature to date, as shown on the books of the auditor's office, combined with a printing bill to date of approximately \$16,000 were the items taken into accounts in arriving at the totals.

The calculations show that at the end of the month of February, two years ago, the total expenses of the general assembly, as listed in the auditor's office, reached \$81,447.40, including all or much of the printing bill that had accrued up to that time. The total expenditures of the present legislature up to last Thursday, a week ago, which was the weekly pay day, were \$86,324.90. That figure includes not 1 cent of the printing bill of the present general assembly, according to Mr. King, who said that he had "held up all printing bills this session until I see just where we're coming out." According to the books of Ed D. Donnell, clerk of the state printing board, who simply records the purchases of both houses and does not have anything to say about the buying of printing supplies,

the approximate cost of the printing in both houses to date has been \$16,000.

Two years ago, although the printing bills of the assembly had been met by the auditor as they appeared, there remained a total bill of approximately \$16,500 to pay in the month of March, after the adjournment of the legislature. That the coming week will be the heaviest of all in the matter of printing is conceded by those in charge of the work.

Dividing the sum of the total cost of the legislature this year up to pay day a week ago, when approximately forty-three days of the session had passed, and the \$16,000 printing bill that is unpaid to date, which is a total of \$108,324.90, by forty-three, it is seen that the average cost of the present session a day is \$2,519.18. The average cost of the 1911 legislature a day up to the close of February, or approximately the end of fifty days of the session, was \$1,628.94. The difference in cost a day thus is shown to be \$890.24. At such a rate of increase the sixty-day session will cost the state approximately \$53,414.40 over the sum of \$130,000 expended by the 1911 session.

That many representatives and senators, hearing rumors of the extravagance of the leaders in passing out the legislative "pie" to political hangers-on, have begun quiet investigations and arrived at conclusion of their own on the situation, became known recently when a rumor was circulated that the present session would cost \$80,000 more than that of two years ago.

The specific appropriation bill carries a clause, which will allow the payment of legislative expense in addition to the \$120,000 appropriation at the beginning of the session, out of the general fund of the state without further appropriations.

\*\*\*\*\*  
+ From The Suburbs +  
\*\*\*\*\*

## Dangerous Traveling.

At the present rate of legislation it soon will be unsafe for any drinking animal, except the camel, to travel through the South.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

## His Own Stamping Ground.

Nothing pleases a man of natural conservatism in matters involving financial outlay better than to attend a free lecture on the evils of indiscriminate giving.—Ohio State Journal.

## Drawing the Line.

A Brooklyn Bull Moose has been expelled from the organization for calling a man a liar. It is only in campaigns that calling people liars, thieves and pickpockets is a Bull Moose virtue.—Kansas City Star.

## Only a Pike County.

Pennsylvania also has a Pike county, but it never had a Joe Bowers or Champ Clark to make it famous.—Kansas City Journal.

## Invariable Rule.

And when you get down to the rock bottom truth, you find this: The less a man has to do the less he does.—Columbus Dispatch.

## Another Benefactor.

He also is a public benefactor who fixes things so that only one weed grows where two grew before.—Boston Globe.

## Will Never Touch 'Em.

The advantage of being a regular minister, instead of a prominent evangelist, is that you're not anywhere near so likely to be liable under the income tax.—Ohio State Journal.

## Divorce of the Prosperous.

As usual in divorces of the prosperous, the separation of the Southern and Union Pacifics is chiefly interesting because of the size of the alimony.—New York Sun.

## Less a Function.

Instead of letting down the bars to easy divorces, it would be better for the general assembly to make marriage more difficult and the dissolution of the contract less a society function.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Just by Test, Fair Promise 5c Cigar

## Diversified Service

This bank performs all the functions of a commercial and savings bank.

Care of funds on checking or savings account, loans upon good security, discounts, collections everywhere, transmission of funds by draft, telegram or cable—these are a few of the services which it places at the disposal of patrons.

Your business, personal or savings account is invited.

## The Rush County National Bank

Rushville, Indiana

Capital \$100,000

Surplus, \$100,000

L. LINK, President,

W. E. HAVENS, Vice President

L. M. SEXTON, Cashier,

B. L. TRABUE, Asst. Cashier

## Combination Sale

Davis Bros. Sale Barn

Rushville, Indiana

Saturday, March 8, '13

40 Horses 40

10 Mules 10

20 Brood Sows 20

All bred to Pig soon. 15 of them Hampshires. 4 Sows and Pigs. Every one a good one.

A better class of horses was never offered at public sale. Every one a ribbon winner. 10 of these mares in foal.

We will have more stock in by day of sale. Enter your stock in this sale. It will be a money winner. Entries received up to day of sale. Write or phone.

J. E. Ryburn, Secretary

## Try Some Dried Raspberries

They Make Delicious Pies

Canned Mush

Fresh Potato Chips

FRED COCHRAN, Grocer

106 W. First

Phone 3293

## Spring Goods Ready To Be Shown

An immense stock consisting of a large variety of patterns, the season's best sellers. Many attractive models in Norfolk and double breasted suits, ages 6 to 17 at \$2.50 to \$10.00. Children's Top Coats, ages 3 to 8, little beauties, at \$2.50 to \$5.00.

YTRAGOOD

Will Be Glad to Have You Call

and see the new models for spring. You'll be welcome.

Wm. G. Mulno  
MEN - BOYS CLOTHING  
RUSHVILLE, INDIANA

It Pays To Advertise



# Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

The only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

Makes delicious home-baked foods of maximum quality at minimum cost. Makes home baking pleasant and profitable

## Personal Points

—Walter Kelley of Indianapolis has returned home after a visit here.

—Miss Alice Winship has returned to Indianapolis after a short visit here.

—Mrs. Hugh Manzy and daughter went to Richmond today for a week's visit with relatives.

—Mrs. H. S. Havens and Miss Lottie Callaghan are in Chicago purchasing spring goods.

—Robert Norris of Richmond is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Norris and family.

—Dr. and Mrs. Walter Havens of Connersville visited here last night and attended the dinner dance at the Social club.

—Mr. and Mrs. Verl Bebout of Indianapolis came to Rushville yesterday evening because of the illness of Mr. Bebout, who is suffering from a severe attack of the grippe.

—L. A. Krammes has returned to his home of near Gowdy after helping his brother Claude move from Grant county to his farm he has purchased south of Orange.

—Miss Theresa Sweetman of Indianapolis, who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. James Barrett, in West First street, went to Danville, Ill., this morning to be superintendent of a large hospital there. Miss Sweetman's friends are pleased to hear of

the promotion and hope that she will win success in her profession.

—The Rev. C. M. Yocum, pastor of the Main Street Christian church, and Hugh Manzy, superintendent of the Sunday school, will go to Canton, Ohio, to attend the school for Sunday school workers, which is located there, for a week.

## Society News

The Raleigh Embroidery Club met with Mrs. Maria Smullen in Raleigh today.

Mrs. Wm. R. Gartin will entertain the members of the Crosscountry club Friday afternoon north of the city.

Miss Lenora Norris will entertain the Happy-Go-Lucky club at 1 o'clock luncheon at her home at 728 North Morgan street Friday afternoon.

Mrs. A. L. Aldridge will entertain the Willing Workers at her home in North Perkins street, Thursday afternoon at three o'clock. All the numbers are requested to bring a guest that is not a member of the Sunday school. A free will offering will be taken.

## WILL GIVE CONCERT HERE

Mrs. Spencer to Sing at Christian Church March 26.

The young men's class taught by the Rev. C. M. Yocum and the young women's class taught by Mrs. Yocum both of the Main Street Christian Sunday school, have arranged for Mrs. Ruth Tevis Spencer of Indianapolis, daughter of Dr. V. W. Tevis of this city, to give a concert at the Christian church Wednesday evening March 26, at eight o'clock. Mrs. Spencer will appear in costume as "The Colonial Girl," "The Indian Girl" and "The Little Girl." She has been heard here numerous times since having won a reputation as a vocalist and her work has been greatly admired.

Theodore F. Holden will be at the auditor's office during March and April to execute affidavits of mortgage indebtedness. 30611.

FOR SALE—A heavy draft 3 year old Stallion, one of the best imported in the county. A bargain. See J. E. Spradling. 30611.

## SCOTT RULED FROM GAME

Star of Newcastle Team Played Over Four Years.

Local followers of high school athletics will be surprised to learn that Freddie Scott, the star center of the Newcastle high school basketball team has been ruled from the game by the Indiana High School Athletic Association. It has been discovered that Scott has played more than four years and as this is one of the important rules of the association, he was ruled from the team. When Newcastle played here Scott was directly responsible for the defeat of the locals. His work was of high order and about the best seen on the Rushville floor. The barring of Scott may keep Newcastle out of the State tournament.

## SEASON WILL END FRIDAY

Last Game Will be Played Here With Madison.

The last high school game of the season will be played on the local floor when the Madison high school team comes here for a game with Rushville Friday night. It has been a very unsuccessful season for the local team and the fans are pulling for a victory in winding up the season. The Madison team is said to be very fast and has defeated some of the best teams in southern Indiana and Kentucky. The Rushville team is in good condition for the contest and a battle is expected. The game will be called at eight o'clock. The girls will play the curtain raiser.

## HE IS STILL AFTER RICHIE

Joe Geraghty Wants to Play That Pool Game.

Joe Geraghty, of Indianapolis, is still after Richie, the pool shark of Milroy for a match game and can't understand why Richie does not accept his challenge. Since the grand jury put the lid on minors playing pool the match could not be played here or in Milroy. Geraghty recently won the tournament at the stock yards and the match between the two would prove interesting. Since Richie established a high run record of 69 balls little has been heard of him and all efforts to get him to play here failed.

## AMUSEMENT.

The Palace will show a comedy entitled "Oh! Such a Night" for the first picture tonight. The other film is a Power drama, "The Better Part." Both are said to be good pictures. Tonights show will be a benefit for Dr. C. H. Gilbert's class of the Christian Sunday school.

The Princess will show a two-reel Vitagraph feature "The Vengeance of Durand" or "The Two Portraits" tonight. "The Vengeance of Durand" is by Rex Beach and is said to be a wonderful picture. An all-star cast is used in producing the picture and it compares favorably with "The Dawning" a Vitagraph shown here recently and which received much favorable comment.

Test by Test, Fair Promise 5c Cigar

## GANTER HERO IN SENATE'S EYES

Rushville Man Holds up "Phoney" Amendments to Public Utility Bill in Engrossing Room.

## HE IS CHIEF CLERK THERE

Rule is That Senate's Floor Leader's Signature Shall be on all Documents.

After the senate had made the caucus amendments to the public utility bill an attempt was made to render the bill useless, and that is the reason the bill was taken to the Governor's office to be enrolled and that is why it has been watched so carefully, says the Indianapolis News.

That the bill was not put out of commission was due to the watchfulness of John Gantner, of Rushville, chief clerk in the senate engrossing room.

It will be remembered that the senate caucus had a long list of amendments, and after these were adopted the bill was sent to the senate engrossing room to be engrossed before it was sent to the house.

One of the rules that P. W. Roche, head of the engrossing bureau, made, was that no documents should be engrossed that did not bear the name of Senator Curtis, the floor leader. When the bundle of amendments reached the senate engrossing room Gantner noticed that they did not bear the signature of Senator Curtis and refused to engross them until they were so signed.

It was further discovered that the amendments were not those that had been adopted and, of course, Senator Curtis would not sign anything like that.

The real amendments were found with the name of Senator Curtis on them and these are the ones that went into the bill. No one seems to know where the "phoney" amendments came from, or who tried to slip them into the bill.

## GOLD MEDAL FLOUR

75c Per 24 Pound Bag

L. L. ALLEN, Grocer

Phone 1420

327-329, Main St.

## HARNESS LIGHT AND HEAVY

Have Tug, Trace and Piping Harness made by the best workmen in the city out the best oak tanned leather I can buy. I don't buy anything ready-made. Everything that goes in the harness made right in my store by men whose homes are in Rushville, and if I can't sell what they make, you know very well I can't keep them. They will have to leave our city and go where they can get work. You can get any kind of Harness you want at J. W. Tompkins and you won't have to wait over 15 minutes till you can go home with them, and this is no lie. Come and see who has lied, Sam or the other fellow.

## CLOSED BUGGIES

I have a full car load just come. This make 4 cars this winter. They are finer finish than the other ones. They are the best on earth today and this is no lie. I will sell on time or cash.

Come in and See Them

## SPREADERS

The Great Western Manure Spreader, one of the best made. We keep you in repairs for one year. Will A. Jones has used one for 6 years and bought only 3 links in that time. It is the best made of any of them. If you need one you can buy one at about cost, on time or for cash.

I have a one-horse power Grinder not sold. No better made. The price is right and the Grinder is one of the best.

## J. W. TOMPKINS

## The Opening Day Of Our Wall Paper Sale

was just fine. We sold more Wall Paper than we had ever sold on any previous day. Really we were greatly surprised and highly pleased.

Of course our stock is as yet practically unbroken and we want you to have some of the bargains we are offering, so come early—come tomorrow—and make your selections even if you do not want your paper hung for awhile, we will lay it away for you, and save you about the time you think you will want it. Ask your neighbor if she was in and what she thought of the bargains we are offering.

No trouble to show stock. We want you to come and see us whether you wish to buy or not. You are welcome. The usual bargains will prevail throughout the sale.

## The G. P. McCarty Co.

Decorations, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Window Shades etc.

W. Third St. FINE FRAMING A SPECIALTY Phone 1572

## PALACE

Harry Clifford, Owner and Manager

## "Oh! Such a Night"

(Dandy Comedy)

## "The Better Half"

(Powerful Drama)

5c Admission 5c

## Princess EXTRA SPECIAL Princess

TONIGHT

IN TWO REELS

TONIGHT

## "The Vengeance of Durand, or the Two Portraits"

Specially Written For the Vitagraph Co. by Rex Beach. A Beautiful Silent Drama. All Star Cast. Better Than "THE DAWNING"

## BASKET BALL Madison vs. R. H. S., High School Gym FRIDAY

Girls Will Play Curtain Raiser at 7:30



**For Dyspepsia**  
If you suffer from Stomach Trouble, and you try our Remedy, it won't cost you a cent if it fails.

To prove to you that indigestion and dyspepsia can be thoroughly relieved and that **RECALL DYSPEPSIA TABLETS** will do it, we will furnish the medicine absolutely free if it fails to give you satisfaction.

The remarkable success of **RECALL DYSPEPSIA TABLETS** is due to the high degree of scientific skill used in devising their formula as well as to the care exercised in their manufacture, whereby the well-known properties of Bismuth-Subnitrate and Pepsin have been properly combined with Carminatives and other agents.

Bismuth-Subnitrate and Pepsin are constantly employed and recognized by the entire medical profession as invaluable in the treatment of indigestion and dyspepsia. Their proper combination makes a remedy invaluable for stomach relief.

We are so certain that there is nothing so good for stomach ills as **RECALL DYSPEPSIA TABLETS** that we go to try them at our risk. Three sizes, 25 cents, 50 cents, and \$1.00.

You can buy **RECALL DYSPEPSIA TABLETS** in this community only at our store:

**LYTLE'S DRUG STORE**  
Rushville The **Lytle's** Store Indiana

There is a **RECALL STORE** in nearly every town and city in the United States, Canada, and Great Britain. There is a different **RECALL** Remedy for nearly every ordinary human ills, each especially designed for the particular ills for which it is recommended.

The **RECALL STORES** are America's Greatest Drug Stores.

When you have hogs to sell call on  
**H. A. KRAMER.** Highest Market price.  
293tf.

Fresh Pork 13c. per pound. **H. A. KRAMER.** 287tf.

Fresh spareribs at **HARRY A. KRAMER'S.** 276tf.

**When Your Salary Stops, What Then?**

You Need Coal.  
Your Rent is Due.  
Your Grocer Wants His Money.

Your credit will soon be gone. Don't let that happen. If you are short of money let us tide you over. We will furnish you money until you are again at work. We loan any sum from \$5.00 to \$200 on furniture, pianos, horses, etc. Payments weekly, monthly or quarterly.

We give you a written statement of your contract, also all with extra time without charge in case of sickness or loss of work.

If in need of money, fill out this blank and mail to us. Phone 1545

Your Name \_\_\_\_\_  
Address \_\_\_\_\_

**Richmond Loan Co.**  
Colonial Building, Room 1  
Richmond Ind.

**Traction Company**  
January 19, 1913.

**AT RUSSELLVILLE**  
PASSENGER SERVICE

West Bound	East Bound
R 4 58	R 5 45
R 5 37	R 6 20
R 6 15	R 6 58
R 6 54	R 7 42
R 7 32	R 8 20
R 8 10	R 9 00
R 8 48	R 9 42
R 9 26	R 10 06
R 10 04	R 10 50
R 10 42	R 11 30
R 11 20	R 12 10
R 11 58	R 12 50

Light face, A.M. Dark face, P.M.  
\*Limited. \*Connorsville Dispatch R Starts from Russellville. \*Makes local stops between Russellville and Connorsville.

Additional Trains Arrive:  
From East, 11:57 From West, 9:20

**EXPRESS SERVICE**  
Express for delivery stations carried on all passenger trains during the day.

The Adams Express Co. operates over our lines.

**TRAILER SERVICE**  
West Bound, Lv 9:50 am ex. Sunday  
East Bound, Lv 5:35 am ex. Sunday

**EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.**  
GLASSES FURNISHED.

**KRYPTOK**

**DR. F. G. HACKLEMAN**

**DR. J. B. KINSINGER**  
Osteopathic Physician

Office in Kramer Building, Rushville, Ind. Outside calls answered and treatment given in the home.

Office hours—8.30 to 11.30 a. m.  
1.30 to 4.30 p. m.

Phones—Office, 1587; residence 1281

Consultation at office free.

**JOHN RAWN**

Prominent Citizen

BY  
**EMERSON ROUGH**  
Author of "The Kississippi Bubble," "54-40 or Fight"

Illustrations by  
**RAY WALTERS**

Copyright 1911 by Emerson Rough

**CHAPTER XVIII.**

**They Who Sow the Wind.**

The information given by the director in regard to the whereabouts of Charles Halsey was substantially, if not circumstantially, correct. He had, indeed, done the most unlikely thing. He had taken up his abode, for the time at least, at the very place to which he might have seemed least apt to return; that is to say, the home of his father-in-law, John Rawn.

Many things moved Halsey to this action. In the first place, having ended his labors, he found no reason for any pretense of continuing them. Again, although he fully intended to bring divorce proceedings, and fully intended to leave the city, he was unwilling to depart without seeing once more his wife and their child, because news came to him of the little girl's serious and continued illness. In point of fact, Grace Halsey, unhappy, morose, and now jealously suspicious, had brooded over her unfortunate situation in life until she also really was ill. Halsey grieved over this, in spite of all. As to the little hunchback, Laura, she had known only illness all her life; and Halsey, father after all, felt some foreboding which made him unready to leave for yet a time.

Halsey, in spite of his own bitterness of soul, realized that Rawn himself was well-nigh crazed by the business situation, and his conscience misgave him when he reflected upon the sudden consequences of his own acts. His sense of business honor and of personal justice told him he owed even so unreasonable a man as Rawn some sort of definite accounting for his own stewardship, unwelcome as another meeting between them must be to both.

Lastly, it may be added, Virginia Rawn had sent for him.

When he received her message he spent a night resolving that he would not go, that he would never again see either her or Grace; never again would set foot on ground belonging to John Rawn, come what could, let be lost what any of them all might lose. In the morning he changed his resolution. By evening of the next day he was at Graystone Hall.

To his surprise, he found it not immediately necessary to patch a peace with the master of Graystone Hall, for Rawn was absent. The great mansion seemed strangely and suddenly changed. An air of anxiety hung over all, the place was oddly silent. The servants went slipshod about their duties, and their mistress did not chide them. Swift disintegration of the domestic machine seemed to threaten; mysterious danger seemed to menace the very structure itself, long of so bold and indomitable front. Halsey still hesitated—and still remained.

Rawn customarily divided his time between the operating headquarters in the western city and the general offices in the eastern capital, but now he had found it needful immediately to transfer all his activities to the latter scene. He did not know of his wife's invitation to Halsey, for he had started from his office, without even advising her of his intention, and even without conversation with her by telephone. He telegraphed from the train, stating that he had been called East on urgent matters. After that, no word at all came from him. It was not known when he would return. Halsey could only wait. In truth, he was little better than a man gone mad himself, and Rawn was worse than such.

Gradually, day by day, hour by hour, the terrible strain of this suddenly developed situation began to show its effects upon Rawn. He slept but little after his arrival in the East, showed himself more and more untidy in personal habits; and lastly, began to seek the false strength of intoxicating drink. His demeanor in his relations with his urbane associates lost its usual arrogance. John Rawn, late dictator, became explanatory, conciliatory—a change of mind which had visible physical tokens. His eye became weaker and more watery, his shoulders more drooped, his voice more quavering, his address less abrupt and dominating.

John Rawn was a broken man, and began to show it. Wherefore his late friends exulted. The wolves, ranged in a circle, lick their chops when the wounded bull totters upon his uncertain legs. Certain large financial figures in the eastern city licked their chops, and smiled grimly, wolf-like, in contemplation of John Rawn's tottering.

Yet Rawn himself could get no direct proof of the identity of those now secretly assailing him. At the directors' meeting of the International he was received politely and respectfully—with too much politeness and respect, as he felt, although himself unlike the man once wont to rule there with an iron hand. He did not dare tell them of Halsey's defection, could not doubt that they already knew of it; but he met no queries regarding that or anything else in the conduct of the western factory's business. No one seemed to know that the most important of all their factories was closed, after a tedious term spent in incompleteness. His associates all were as polite as himself, indeed, more so; as ready as himself to discuss gravely and earnestly any detail of the business which now, as all politely agreed, seemed "somewhat involved," or "somewhat delayed." No one offered any criticism of the executive.

But, what was far more deadly to him, the market seemed most onerously and cruelly oppressive upon the outside investments of John Rawn. International Power was not hampered, for the reason that there was little of it out to hammer. The Rawn stock in International, of course, did not come upon the market. Rawn intended to hold on to that grimly, fighting for it to the last gasp, trusting to chance to mend matters for him at the eleventh hour. But ruin in the general market faced him; and he knew that, with credit gone, the courts would take for his former creditors what-over property he could be shown to have. He saw the shadowy circle of the wolves of high finance. Almost he felt their fangs snapping at his hamstrings.

In these savage hours the mind of John Rawn cast about for rescue, for hope. No rescue, no hope, appeared except one last desperate alternative, purchasable not now with cash or power or influence—since these were gone—but with what other and dearer things remain to a man—things some men, not rotted with the love of self, keep through any or all disaster, prize, even above life and all a life's business success. Halsey! Ah! Halsey was the savior of Rawn—Halsey, the man who had humiliated him in his own home. How could Halsey be secured? There might be brought to bear upon him one influence—that of a beautiful and fascinating woman! What matter if the one woman was his wife, Virginia Rawn? He had already hinted to her of her duty. He wondered now continually whether she had really and fully understood. He wondered what she was doing with Halsey.

As to Halsey, who knew little or nothing of all these turbulent emotions, all these crowding incidents, he found his situation in the great house of John Rawn one wholly to his dislike. He saw little of his wife Grace after the first conventional greeting on his arrival, and as to the young mistress of Graystone Hall, she seemed so regularly to have matters demanding her own presence elsewhere, was so busy with other matters, as to have small time for him. The disturbed condition of the stock market was creating a furor in the business world, reflected, of course, in the daily markets of the western city; but Halsey had never had many investments, had watched the markets little; and now, isolated at Graystone Hall almost as much as though upon a desert island, and too much disturbed and distracted in his own mind to find any definite interest in business matters, was hardly conscious of the storm that raged. He simply waited on, unhappily. It seemed to him there was no place for him in all the world. Why did Virginia remain aloof?

Rawn, absent in New York, imagined his wife engaged continuously in the struggle of persuading Charles Halsey to see the light of reason, although he did not know Halsey was living under the same roof with her. As a matter of fact, Halsey and she met but rarely. Virginia breakfasted for the most part in her own rooms, and found, or pretended to find, something to occupy her for the most part of the day. Not once did she ask his attendance, not once did she speak

**"What Shall I Have for Dessert Tonight?"**

**Knox Coffee Jelly**

1 envelope Knox Sparkling Gelatine.  
½ cup cold water. ½ cup sugar.  
3 cups clear strong coffee. Juice 1 lemon.  
(½ cup cherry wine if desired.)

Soak gelatine in the cold water five minutes and dissolve in the hot coffee; add lemon juice and sugar, stir until dissolved, strain over the wine, if used, and turn into a mold. Serve with whipped cream.

Try Coffee Jelly tonight—and then depend on **Knox Gelatine** for every night thereafter. It will never fail to make a delicious, dainty dessert that will please everybody. It gives an added charm to the dinner.

**Two Packages—Plain and Acidulated.**  
Both Making Two Quarts (½ gallon) of Jelly.  
With the Plain Sparkling, lemons are used for flavoring; but with the Acidulated package comes an envelope of concentrated lemon juice—a great convenience when too busy to squeeze lemons. Both contain a tablet for coloring.

Let us send you the **Knox Recipe Book** and enough **Gelatine** to make one pint—enough to try many one of our desserts, puddings, mounds, jellies, ice creams, sherbets, candies, etc.

Write back free for your price's money—no money back for 10¢ stamp.

**CHARLES E. KNOX CO.**  
400 Knox Ave. Johnston, R. I.

**KNOX SPARKLING GELATINE**  
**KNOX ACIDULATED GELATINE**

aces in the eastern capital, but now he had found it needful immediately to transfer all his activities to the latter scene. He did not know of his wife's invitation to Halsey, for he had started from his office, without even advising her of his intention, and even without conversation with her by telephone. He telegraphed from the train, stating that he had been called East on urgent matters. After that, no word at all came from him. It was not known when he would return. Halsey could only wait. In truth, he was little better than a man gone mad himself, and Rawn was worse than such.

Gradually, day by day, hour by hour, the terrible strain of this suddenly developed situation began to show its effects upon Rawn. He slept but little after his arrival in the East, showed himself more and more untidy in personal habits; and lastly, began to seek the false strength of intoxicating drink. His demeanor in his relations with his urbane associates lost its usual arrogance. John Rawn, late dictator, became explanatory, conciliatory—a change of mind which had visible physical tokens. His eye became weaker and more watery, his shoulders more drooped, his voice more quavering, his address less abrupt and dominating.

John Rawn was a broken man, and began to show it. Wherefore his late friends exulted. The wolves, ranged in a circle, lick their chops when the wounded bull totters upon his uncertain legs. Certain large financial figures in the eastern city licked their chops, and smiled grimly, wolf-like, in contemplation of John Rawn's tottering.

Yet Rawn himself could get no direct proof of the identity of those now secretly assailing him. At the directors' meeting of the International he was received politely and respectfully—with too much politeness and respect, as he felt, although himself unlike the man once wont to rule there with an iron hand. He did not dare tell them of Halsey's defection, could not doubt that they already knew of it; but he met no queries regarding that or anything else in the conduct of the western factory's business. No one seemed to know that the most important of all their factories was closed, after a tedious term spent in incompleteness. His associates all were as polite as himself, indeed, more so; as ready as himself to discuss gravely and earnestly any detail of the business which now, as all politely agreed, seemed "somewhat involved," or "somewhat delayed." No one offered any criticism of the executive.

But, what was far more deadly to him, the market seemed most onerously and cruelly oppressive upon the outside investments of John Rawn. International Power was not hampered, for the reason that there was little of it out to hammer. The Rawn stock in International, of course, did not come upon the market. Rawn intended to hold on to that grimly, fighting for it to the last gasp, trusting to chance to mend matters for him at the eleventh hour. But ruin in the general market faced him; and he knew that, with credit gone, the courts would take for his former creditors what-over property he could be shown to have. He saw the shadowy circle of the wolves of high finance. Almost he felt their fangs snapping at his hamstrings.

In these savage hours the mind of John Rawn cast about for rescue, for hope. No rescue, no hope, appeared except one last desperate alternative, purchasable not now with cash or power or influence—since these were gone—but with what other and dearer things remain to a man—things some men, not rotted with the love of self, keep through any or all disaster, prize, even above life and all a life's business success. Halsey! Ah! Halsey was the savior of Rawn—Halsey, the man who had humiliated him in his own home. How could Halsey be secured? There might be brought to bear upon him one influence—that of a beautiful and fascinating woman! What matter if the one woman was his wife, Virginia Rawn? He had already hinted to her of her duty. He wondered now continually whether she had really and fully understood. He wondered what she was doing with Halsey.

As to Halsey, who knew little or nothing of all these turbulent emotions, all these crowding incidents, he found his situation in the great house of John Rawn one wholly to his dislike. He saw little of his wife Grace after the first conventional greeting on his arrival, and as to the young mistress of Graystone Hall, she seemed so regularly to have matters demanding her own presence elsewhere, was so busy with other matters, as to have small time for him. The disturbed condition of the stock market was creating a furor in the business world, reflected, of course, in the daily markets of the western city; but Halsey had never had many investments, had watched the markets little; and now, isolated at Graystone Hall almost as much as though upon a desert island, and too much disturbed and distracted in his own mind to find any definite interest in business matters, was hardly conscious of the storm that raged. He simply waited on, unhappily. It seemed to him there was no place for him in all the world. Why did Virginia remain aloof?

Rawn, absent in New York, imagined his wife engaged continuously in the struggle of persuading Charles Halsey to see the light of reason, although he did not know Halsey was living under the same roof with her. As a matter of fact, Halsey and she met but rarely. Virginia breakfasted for the most part in her own rooms, and found, or pretended to find, something to occupy her for the most part of the day. Not once did she ask his attendance, not once did she speak



**Mrs. Halfwise**—"I'd like to use a gas stove, but I need so much hot water for washing and scrubbing."

**Anty Drudge**—"My dear woman! Are you progressive enough to use a gas range and still wash and scrub with hot water and old-fashioned soaps? Don't you know that with **Fels-Naptha Soap** you can do all your washing and cleaning in cool or lukewarm water, do it easier and better than with hot water?"

**Does housecleaning mean to you a blistering fire in the kitchen and half-scalded hands? Why not try the modern way—the Fels-Naptha way? Fels-Naptha Soap, in cool or lukewarm water, will make your house spick and span. You avoid the necessity for a hot fire, and your hands don't become red and rough from constantly dipping them in hot water.**

Follow the easy directions on the red and green wrapper.

**Fels & Co., Philadelphia.**

with him, when by chance she saw him, upon any but casual or conventional matters. She seemed always to evade him; and because she did this, he, rebelling, sought her out all the more, even while continually resolving to take his departure, and never again to see this place, or her, again. He wondered at her reticence, her avoidance of him. He wondered why she was so pale. He loitered about, unhappily, in this or that common meeting ground of the great mansion house, waiting to hear the rustle of a gown upon the stair, the touch of a white hand, the sound of a voice—all things belonging, not to his wife, but to his young stepmother by law.

Yes. Without his wish, in spite of her wish, these had become things desired, the only things desirable any more in his distracted life. He lived under the same roof with two women, saw either rarely, and rarely thought of but one—the wrong one. To atone, Halsey lavished all his time and care on his little hunchback daughter, and had her with him as much as the nurse and doctor would allow. The child, undersized, pale, deformed, silent and listless, and pathetic always, now was wistful and weak, obviously very seriously ill. It wrung her father's heart to see her. But Charles Halsey wanted it wrong. He wanted to do bitterest penance for what he now knew was his secret sin. So the ways of inordinate power, the consequences, for this one or that one, which follow on inordinate greed, worked themselves out toward their sure and logical ending, the mill of fate grinding those primarily, secondarily, even incidentally guilty.

At this time, had Virginia Rawn asked of him to recant, to relent, to change, there is likelihood he would have done so. John Rawn, cuckold, was right in his despicable reasoning. There are many prices which purchase principles. The weakness which had prompted Halsey to remain at Graystone hall on such a tenure—which held him there now, waiting for a voice, listening for a foothold—was the ancient weakness of youth before youth, of strength before beauty, of the empty heart before one offering love, of the mind finding perfect echo in another mind.

With all his starved heart, all his repressed soul, all his muthous body, Charles Halsey loved Virginia Rawn.

To be continued.

Fresh Pork 13c. per pound. **H. A. KRAMER.** 287tf.

**WILSON'S IDEA OF HUMAN LIBERTY**

A Chapter In His Book "The New Freedom."

**HE URGES PERFECT HARMONY**

President Elect Gives His Profession of Faith on Big Subject—Says Politics Must Be Made Occupation In Which Honest Men Can Take Satisfaction. Tells What Freedom Consists Of.

Copyright by Doubleday, Page & Co.

One of the strangest chapters in Woodrow Wilson's new book, "The New Freedom," is that on liberty. It is as follows:

What is liberty?

I have long had an hnage in my mind of what constitutes liberty. Suppose that I were building a great piece of powerful machinery, and suppose that I should so awkwardly and unskillfully assemble the parts of it that every time one part tried to move it would be interfered with by the others, and the whole thing would buckle up and be checked. Liberty for the several parts would consist in the best possible assembling and adjustment of them all, would it not? If you want the great piston of the engine to run with absolute freedom give it absolutely perfect alignment and adjustment with the other parts of the machine so that it is free, not because it is let alone or isolated, but because it has been associated most skillfully and carefully with the other parts of the great structure.

What is liberty? You say of the locomotive that it runs free. What do you mean? You mean that its parts are so assembled and adjusted that friction is reduced to a minimum and that it has perfect adjustment. We say of a boat skimming the water with light foot, "How free she runs," when we mean how perfectly she is adjusted to the force of the wind, how perfectly she obeys the great breath out of the heavens that fills her sails. Throw her head up into the wind and see how she will halt and stagger, how every sheet will shiver and her whole frame be shaken, how instantly she is "in irons," in the expressive phrase of the sea. She is free only when you have let her fall off again and have recovered once more her nice adjustment to the forces she must obey and cannot defy.

**Human Freedom.**

Human freedom consists in perfect adjustments of human interests and human activities and human energies.

We have got to make politics a thing in which an honest man can take his part with satisfaction, because he knows that his opinion will count as much as the next man's and that the boss and the interests have been de-throned. Business we have got to un-trammel, abolishing tariff favors and railroad discrimination and credit deals and all forms of unjust handicaps against the little man. Industry we have got to humanize, not through the trusts, but through the direct action of law guaranteeing protection against dangers and compensation for injuries, guaranteeing sanitary conditions, proper hours, the right to organize, and all the other things which the conscience of the country demands as the workman's right. We have got to cheer and inspire our people with the sure prospects of social justice and due reward, with the vision of the open gates of opportunity for all. We have got to set the energy and the initiative of this great people absolutely free, so that the future of America will be greater than the past, so that the pride of America will grow with achievement, so that America will know as she advances from generation to generation that each brood of her sons is greater and more enlightened than that which preceded it, know that she is fulfilling the promise that she has made to mankind.

**Purpose of Democracy.**

Such is the vision of some of us who now come to assist in its realization. For we Democrats would not have endured this long burden of exile if we had not seen a vision. We could have traded; we could have got into the game; we could have surrendered and made terms; we could have played the role of patrons to the men who wanted to dominate the interests of the country—and here and there gentlemen who pretended to be of us did make those arrangements. They couldn't stand privation. You never can stand it unless you have within you some imperishable food upon which to sustain life and courage, the food of those visions of the spirit where a table is set before us laden with palatable fruits, the fruits of hope, the fruits of imagination, those invisible things of the spirit which are the only things upon which we can sustain ourselves through this weary world without fainting. We have carried in our minds, after you had thought you had obscured and blurred them, the ideals of those men who first set their foot upon America, those little bands who came to make a foothold in the wilderness because the great teeming nations that they had left behind them had forgotten what human liberty was—liberty of thought, liberty of religion, liberty of residence, liberty of action.

Since their day the meaning of liberty has deepened. But it has not ceased to be a fundamental demand of the human spirit.

**LOOKS AFTER THE DETAILS**



**F. ELLIS HUNTER.**

Looking after the details of the Indianapolis Automobile Show to be held at the Coliseum and the Annex at the State Fair grounds, March 24-29, is F. Ellis Hunter, a four-time winner in the motor business in Indianapolis. Hunter is a busy man in his efforts to make the show the grandest success in its history.

**BOOSTERS AT WORK**

**JOHN ORMAN AND JOE KELLY BOOM AUTOMOBILE SHOW.**

Gigantic Plans to Make Display at Fair Grounds Attract Attention.

"Boosting Indianapolis all the time" is one of the slogans of the Indianapolis Automobile Trade Association, under whom the auto show, March 24-29, is to be given.

And there is to be boosting of Indiana as a State and boosting of Indiana-made cars and foreign-made cars and everything connected with the show.

The directors of the Trade Association this year have established a press bureau, in which they will advertise Indianapolis and the automobile show as much as possible in all cities where there is auto interest. News pertaining to the local auto show is to be sent out to all the daily papers in the larger cities, caring for automobile news, together with papers over the State. The Indiana press has always shown a disposition to say the kindest things about the auto show.

Joe Kelly, well known local sport and automobile writer, now well known in automobile advertising circles, has been placed in charge of the press bureau and will direct it. By sending out stories of real "news" value, Kelly is certain that the show can be boosted to the limit and at the same time giving the editors copy that they want.

Kelly has a desk with Orman in the Premier salesroom. The publicity managers of the local factories and the local retail concerns work through Kelly and it will be his duty to censor all publicity matter to see that only general show news goes out under the colors of the auto show. In other words, it will be his duty to put the kibosh on the efforts of the bright young publicity men to put "something over."

**A NEW SHOW DIRECTOR**



**L. L. BANFORD.**

When the directorate of the Indianapolis Automobile Trade Association was increased from seven to nine members, L. L. Banford, a speedometer man, was selected to represent the accessory interests. Banford looked after the Stewart business in Indianapolis and when the combination with the Warner was consummated, Banford was told to take charge of both businesses and weld them into one unity. The show, as far as accessories are concerned, will be a big one. The dates are March 24-29 and the place the Coliseum and Coliseum Annex, State Fair grounds.



# MOTHERS

insist upon CLEAN FLOUR for the CHILDREN'S BREAD. In the crease of every wheat kernel lodges dirt. Unless all the dirt is washed out of the wheat and the wheat hair and waste fibre separated from the flour, it goes into the bread and the children have only partly clean, partly wholesome food. You can always tell clean flour by the length of time the bread keeps fresh. No other bread keeps fresh and sweet as long as bread made from

## "CLARK'S PURITY FLOUR"

Pure Bred Stock and Farm Sales

Real Estate and Merchandise

**CLARENCE G. CARR**  
AUCTIONEER

Falmouth Phone

GLENWOOD, IND.

# FARM LOANS

Renewals or New Loans

Tax Exempt Gravel Road Bonds and Bank Stock

**A. C. BROWN**

Office Phone 1037 Over Aldridge's Grocery Residence Phone 1276

# DAILY MARKETS

The local elevators are paying the following prices for grain today, March 5, 1913.

Wheat	97c
Corn	43c
Oats	28c
Eye	55c
Timothy Seed	\$1.00 to \$1.50
Clover Seed	\$7.00 to \$8.00

The following are the ruling prices of the Rushville market, corrected to date—March 5, 1913.

## POULTRY AND PRODUCE.

Geese	10c
Spring Turkeys	15c
Turkeys	13c
Chickens	10c
Hens	12c
Ducks	11c
Butter	18c
Eggs	20c

# Want Ad Department

Advertisements under this head are charged for at the rate of one-third cent per word for each insertion. The same ad will be placed in the Indianapolis Star and Daily Republican at the combined rate of one cent per word. Found articles of small value will be advertised free of charge.

**FOR SALE**—Duroc Jersey Male Hogs. Ben Reeves, R. R. 12, phone 4110, 2 long, 1 short ring. 30616

**AGENTS WANTED**—To do canvas work. Call 1426. 30616

**TO LET**—First class furnished room and board, 405 North Harrison. Flora Gray. 30616

**FOR SALE**—Five room cottage. City water, good location. Phone 1473. 3051f.

**MILE ZARA**—New York's favorite palmist and clairvoyant has just returned from Europe where she has met with remarkable success in the foretelling of coming events. This wonderful woman can tell you all about your business and love affairs, anything you want to know. Special offer—bring this ad. and 25c. and Mile Zara will give you a \$1.00 reading, or for 50c. a \$2.00 full life reading. This offer is good for a few days. You will find her at 332 Morgan, corner 4th, from 9:30 a. m. to 9:00 p. m., including Sunday. 30412

**FOR SALE**—A span of 5-year-old Mules, 15 hands and 2 inches high. Good workers. John Wright, R. 10, Rushville. 30316

**FOR SALE**—Little Red, Mammoth, Alsike, clover, Timothy and Alfalfa. Hinkle & Co., Rushville. 2901f.

**FOR QUICK SALE**—A full lot with 7 room house, located at corner 10th and Oliver St., if sold by March 15th, \$1,100. See Chas. Tucker, or phone 3409. 287115.

**Indianapolis Grain and Live Stock.**  
Wheat—Wagon, \$1.03; No. 2 red, \$1.06½. Corn—No. 3, 50½c. Oats—No. 2 white, 34½c. Hay—Baled, \$9.00 @ 11.00; Timothy, \$10.00 @ 12.00; mixed, \$10.00 @ 12.00. Cattle—\$2.00 @ 8.50. Hogs—\$5.00 @ 8.35. Sheep—\$2.50 @ 5.75. Lambs—\$4.00 @ 8.75. Receipts—5,000 hogs; 600 cattle; 300 sheep.  
At Cincinnati.  
Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.10. Corn—No. 2, 51½c. Oats—No. 2, 34½c. Cattle—\$1.00 @ 8.25. Hogs—\$5.00 @ 9.00. Sheep—\$2.75 @ 5.25. Lambs—\$5.25 @ 9.25.  
At Chicago.  
Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.06. Corn—No. 3, 50½c. Oats—No. 2, 32c. Cattle—Steers, \$1.00 @ 9.25; stockers and feeders, \$5.00 @ 8.15. Hogs—\$5.50 @ 8.55. Sheep—\$5.00 @ 6.85. Lambs—\$7.40 @ 8.75.  
At St. Louis.  
Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.09. Corn—No. 2, 49c. Oats—No. 2, 33c. Cattle—Steers, \$5.00 @ 8.75. Hogs—\$5.25 @ 8.65. Sheep—\$3.50 @ 5.00. Lambs—\$6.50 @ 8.75.

**FOR SALE**—20 tons of good Clover Hay with some Timothy in mow, at my farm known as the Fleebart Farm. Must vacate mow at once as my reason for selling.

**JOHN K. GOWDY.**  
D-30018-W12.

**FOR RENT**—Nine room house, bath, city and cistern water, 423 North Harrison street. Phone 1063. 3041f.

**FOR SALE**—Sugar tree stove wood. Amos Blackledge. Phone 3129. 30316.

**FOR SALE**—Sideboard. Mrs. Bainbridge, 228 North Julian street. 30316.

**FOR SALE**—Good second hand pans for evaporator. Robert Holt, R. R. 8. Occident phone. 30316

**FOR SALE**—1 span of mules coming 4 year old. Good workers. Earl B. Winship. 30316

**FOR SALE**—Residence property on Morgan street between Fifth and Sixth. See Wm. E. Bowen. 3021f.

**FOR RENT**—an 8 room house with bath on North Main street. See James M. Gwinn. 30212

**FOR SALE**—A Surrey, rubber-tired, almost new, used only short time. 2951f. WM. G. MULNO.

**FOR SALE**—Good violin for \$15, also banjo for \$25.00. Call phone 1360. 292112

**WOOD FOR SALE**—Prompt delivery. Ora Cline, Rushville, Ind. Phone 4106, 31 LS. 2851f

**FOR RENT**—6 room house. Bath, city and cistern water; 15c. gas. 830 Main. Phone 1069. 2501f

**FOR SALE**—Best Michigan Salt, \$1.20 per barrel. C. W. Hinkle & Co., Rushville. 2631f.

# SENATE HELD UP THE CEREMONIES

Polindexter's Filibuster Responsible for Delay.

## FORMALITIES OF INAUGURATION

Preceding the Impressive Ceremony Which Marked Taking of Oath of Office by New President, a Brilliant Crowd Had Gathered in the Senate Chamber to Witness the Induction into Office of Thomas Riley Marshall.

Washington, March 5.—Preceding the inaugural ceremonies all was a bustle and a hustle on the floor of the senate. The big appropriation bills had been disposed of, but many members had public measures for which they desired to make one final effort. The senators themselves were a pretty tired looking lot. They had been grinding away with the legislative mill until 4 o'clock in the morning, and then had been called back at 9:30. It was not, however, until the hands of the clock began to move around to the hour when the inaugural ceremonies were to begin that the senators drifted into their seats. Some who were saying good-by to Washington were early on the floor and met with a kindly reception on the part of the victorious Democrats. The reading clerk of the senate droned through the bills and the senators continued to swap stories until after 11 o'clock.

When there was commotion out in the lobby everybody who was familiar with the proceedings knew what it meant. The president and the president elect had arrived at the capitol. Preceded by the sergeant-at-arms of the senate and the president's aides, Mr. Taft, with the incoming president, moved through the senate corridors to an ornate room at one end. Mr. Wilson looked very serious, while President Taft was smiling and happy, bowing to right and left to acquaintances.

**Diplomatic Corps Meets Bryan.**  
The members of President Taft's cabinet followed into the little room and there they were introduced to Mr. Wilson, while the president himself took a seat at the table, preparatory to passing on the bills that were put through in the final hour of the session.

Things had again assumed a humdrum course in the senate and outside, when there came another stir and William Jennings Bryan put in an appearance. He beamed upon a number of Democrats who greeted him, and finally Senator Bacon of Georgia, who is to be chairman of the foreign relations committee in the senate, took him by the arm and they moved together into the marble room of the senate.

For more than half an hour the diplomatic corps, all dressed in their brilliant state costumes, had been gathering in this room. Mr. Bryan was steered straight toward this gorgeous group by Senator Bacon. He was soon surrounded by the foreign representatives, who seemed glad of this opportunity to meet informally Mr. Wilson's secretary of state. By 11:15 o'clock the senators inside the chamber had arranged themselves in the space which had been reserved for them.

**A Unique Situation.**  
By this time the members of President Wilson's cabinet had begun to take their seats on the floor, and there was a great craning of necks to get a look at the incoming cabinet. There had been no official announcement of its personnel, but there they were on the floor of the senate. The situation was unique in the history of inaugurations.

It was now 11:40 o'clock and everybody was expecting the announcement which would begin the formal ceremonies of the day, but instead of this a tall young man in a frock coat moved down the center aisle of the senate and announced: "The president asks me to present to congress a message in writing."

This turned out to be Mr. Taft's last message to congress, and for a while it threatened to play havoc with the plans that had been made for the Wilson inauguration. It was partly responsible for the failure to rush the entire program through on time. This communication was a veto of the sundry civil bill carrying millions of dollars to run the government. Mr. Taft had vetoed the bill because it exempted labor unions and farmers from prosecutions under the Sherman anti-trust law.

The message had no sooner been concluded than Senator Polindexter of Washington was on his feet. He seized on this opportunity to attack the Washington police for their failure to protect the suffragettes in their parade Monday. He talked on and on and on and on and everybody grew nervous and glanced at the clock. Inasmuch as the Washington senator seemed to be wound up for a long run inauguration or no inauguration, the senate clerk hurried around and turned the big hand of the clock back half an hour, and later was compelled to repeat the operation. Finally, however, the Washington senator had had his say and sat down. In a jiffy a wiry young man in a frock coat announced in a solemn voice: "The speaker and the members of the house of representatives."

Everybody had risen with this announcement, and as they made back into their seats a throng from the low

house squeezed their way into the chamber. Again Senator Gallinger's level fell with a sharp rap, and the young man with the solemn voice again presented himself with a stately bow before the senate.

"The ambassadors and ministers from foreign countries," he announced.

Added a Touch of Color.  
In came the diplomatic corps, led by Ambassador Jusserand of France. They added the touch of color that was needed to set off the somber effect on the floor of the senate and to blend it with the medley of colors in the gallery.

The herald then announced: "The chief justice of the United States and associate justices of the supreme court."

Hardly had the justices arranged their black silk skirts about their feet when the sergeant-at-arms stepped down the center aisle and with the same solemn voice announced: "The vice president elect of the United States."

Instantly Governor Marshall entered with Senators Bacon and Crane. He wore a black frock coat, a pearl-colored tie and gray gloves. Mr. Marshall took a seat on the right of the president elect. Again the sergeant-at-arms appeared in the center aisle.

"The president of the United States and the president elect," was the announcement, and through the center doors of the senate appeared the two big figures in the ceremony. Mr. Taft had the semblance of a smile on his face, but Mr. Wilson still looked very serious and very solemn. The president elect was seated on Mr. Taft's left beside the presiding officer's desk. Mr. Wilson wore a black frock coat, a dark purple tie and striped trousers. He wore no gloves.

Without further delay Senator Gallinger administered the oath to Vice President Marshall. Mr. Marshall's reply in pledging himself was somewhat unusual.

"God helping me, I will," was his statement, spoken in a strong voice.

Without further delay Senator Gallinger began his farewell address. Mr. Gallinger then turned the gavel over to the new vice president, after announcing that the Sixty-second congress was adjourned sine die.

The president's proclamation had already been read calling the senate in special session, and Vice President Marshall called upon the chaplain, the Rev. Dr. U. G. B. Pierce, to deliver the prayer.

Vice President Marshall seemed to be somewhat shaky at first, and Senator Gallinger remained close at his right hand to give him a little advice now and then. Mr. Marshall's speech made a poor impression upon the senate. His references to burglar kits and divorcees and a few other things seemed to grate even on the Democratic senators, two or three of whom moved their heads sadly while the address was being delivered. Some of the senators seemed to feel that the vice president had taken on himself rather early in the proceedings the duty of lecturing the senate. The swearing in of the new senators took place immediately after the delivery of the vice president's address.

**The Inaugural Address.**  
The program was more than half an hour behind time when the procession moved toward the great stand that had been built from one wing of the capitol to the other and which accommodated 10,000 persons. The spacious capitol grounds was a sea of humanity. It was the biggest assemblage that had ever come together to witness the taking of an oath by an incoming president.

It was just 1:30 when President Taft raised a warning hand to the crowd and the racket was stilled. Clerk Maher of the supreme court advanced, holding an open Bible in his hand. The president elect laid his hands upon the open book. The chief justice did likewise and in a voice clear and strong, recited the presidential oath:

"I do solemnly swear that I will faithfully execute the office of president of the United States, and will to the best of my ability, preserve, protect and defend the constitution of the United States."

As he finished, the new president replied with fervor:

"I do."

At the same time he bent reverently and kissed the open book.

Woodrow Wilson had become president of the United States and the big man sitting on his left, a private citizen. Mr. Wilson's inaugural address was punctuated with cheers at several points. His final declaration that God helping him, he would not fail those who stand by him in the task that is ahead, brought a round of applause.

After this concluding sentence no time was lost by the new president and Mr. Taft in stepping again into the carriage and starting the return trip to the White House.

## WEATHER EVERYWHERE.

Observations of United States weather bureau taken at 3 p. m. yesterday follow:

Temp.	Weather
New York..... 45	Cloudy
Boston..... 35	Cloudy
Denver..... 30	Partly Cloudy
San Francisco. 43	Cloudy
St. Paul..... 2	Cloudy
Chicago..... 23	Snow
Indianapolis.. 27	Clear
St. Louis..... 24	Snow
New Orleans.. 60	Cloudy
Washington... 54	Partly Cloudy

For more weather

# GENERAL HUERTA IS LOOKED UPON AS AN UNUSUAL TYPE

Man Who Overthrew Madero Is Member of Higher Class, Wealthy Landholder and Exporter.

## HUERTA SPEAKS TO CROWD.

Huerta, following his overthrow of Madero, made a speech to a great crowd that gathered in front of the national palace. He appeared on a balcony and was wildly cheered.  
"The killing of brother by brother is over!" he cried. "The people should embrace one another and live in peace. They need peace so that they may develop their land and industries."  
He assured his hearers that he had taken the presidency with no desire to serve any personal ends and would hand over the government to the man duly elected. He would be proud to hand to his sons the legacy of a duty performed.

## VICTORIANO HUERTA, who recently won the provisional presidency of Mexico by cleverly turning upon Madero and making him prisoner, has always appeared to the American onlookers in the Mexican situation as a rather unusual type of Mexican general. Many an American, sticking close to his investments in that troubled region, has felt a distinct disinclination to talk Mexican politics with the leading natives, because it would be impossible to guess at the real sympathies of the leader addressed. But Huerta throughout the recent uprisings had always been considered a shining example of loyalty to the administration. He was one of the men who stuck to Diaz to the bitter end, not so much because he was devoted to the president, but because he was a federal general, an officer of the government, and so long as Porfirio Diaz was the government just so long Victoriano Huerta fought for Diaz. The moment that Diaz resigned and De la Barra became provisional president of Mexico Huerta began to fight for De la Barra.

When Madero was elected president of the republic Huerta became a fighter for Madero, although he had been one of the stubbornest fighters against him so long as Madero was a rebel. Huerta has always been considered orthodox, and because of his very considerable ability as a general he became Madero's right hand man in military matters.

## Madero Relied on Huerta.

That is how it happened that when Madero began to experience the excitement of being rebelled against, instead of doing most of the rebelling himself, it was Huerta who as general was sent out to obliterate his enemies. The chief command, however, was not granted to him until Gonzales Salas, in charge of the federal forces at first, committed suicide after the defeat of the federalists at Corralitos, near Jimenez, in March of last year. After the suicide of Salas, Huerta, who had formerly been in command of the federal forces in Morelos, took charge of the campaign to subdue Orozco and spoke of that rebellious critic of the Madero regime with as much fine scorn as he had once been wont to heap upon the head of Madero himself.

The news that Huerta had decided to succeed Madero could not shock the already jangled nerves of those who were sensitive because of their heavy investments in Mexico. Americans in the comparatively safe coast towns of Tampico and Vera Cruz have brought back word that at least ten claimants to the presidency were to be found in the field in various disguises of loyalty to Madero and the federal cause. Each of these has done some plotting and entered into secret deals with different foreigners resident in Mexico, making vast promises of federal patronage and concessions in return for a little immediate material assistance. Many a frantic appeal for prompt intervention by the government at Washington has been interpreted as inspired by a fear that some such investment was about to fail dismally.

## Huerta Suspected of Early Plot.

So to the canniest of Mexican observers it has seemed highly probable that at any moment some comparatively inconspicuous general would step forward and call himself the successor to Madero. Even Huerta, with all his reputation for sobriety in the midst of revolution, has not been above suspicion, and it was not very long ago that there was an open prediction that he was scheming to unseat his chief.

This prediction was made last September, when an unusually savage outbreak of anti-Maderist sentiment had enlivened the City of Mexico, where the citizens paraded the streets with uproarious "vivas" for the banished Diaz. On that same day, Sept. 14, an American newspaper received an illuminating dispatch from that observation outpost of Mexican affairs, El Paso, Tex.

"Rumor is persistent that Mexico is on the brink of another revolt against the organized government," the dispatch said, "and that this time it will come from within, from the federal army. General Huerta is determined to be the military dictator and even military president of Mexico. He has expressed himself to his subordinates in this effect: 'Unless he is taken care of

there will be a new revolution, for he is the acknowledged leader in the new movement to restore the military power to the control of Mexican affairs."

## Huerta Protests Loyalty.

This predicted overturn of the Maderist administration was scheduled for Sept. 16, the Mexican independence day in celebration of the release from the ancient domination of Spain. Queries were rushed to Huerta as to his attitude in the matter, and his reply was indignantly haughty:

"I am not Orozco," he said, with a fine show of contempt for the man who had revolted against Madero. "I vouch for the loyalty of the army. We will hold a celebration in Juaréz on the national holiday, but it will be merely one of patriotism and nothing more. I am a soldier and nothing more."

The news of Huerta's ascendancy aroused the greatest interest among New Yorkers who have Mexican interests and who have recently returned to this city from the vicinity of the trouble. Edwin M. Macpherson, who is directing large engineering schemes in Mexico, received the news at the Hotel Vanderbilt.

"General Huerta is one of the higher class Mexicans, a man of the De la Barra type," he said. "He is a man of large means, a member of the Mexican gentry. He has large ranch lands and many cattle. He does a very considerable export business to the United States, shipping to the Swift and Armour people. So Americans know him; and know him very favorably. Almost all foreigners who are guarding their investments in Mexico would feel a considerable degree of confidence in General Huerta and would welcome his control of affairs."

## Story of His Life.

Victoriano Huerta was born in the state of Chihuahua some fifty-six years ago and as a lad of seventeen went to Mexico City and entered the military school at Chapultepec. Immediately after his graduation from that institution he entered the active service and by successive promotions reached the generalship he held at the time of the Maderist uprising against Diaz. Huerta was called into consultation by the elder Diaz after the capture of Juaréz and counseled against resignation. He wanted 3,000 men and, with that force, promised to retake the city, but the opportunity was not granted to him, and, with the resignation of his chief, he was recalled to Mexico City. He headed the escort that attended the exiled Diaz as far as Vera Cruz, and it was Diaz's parting injunction that Huerta should support the administration.

A rumor of a break in the outwardly friendly relations between Madero and Huerta came only a few days ago, when one of Madero's brothers openly criticized Huerta's handling of the federal forces against the rebel Orozco. Men who knew Huerta guessed how furious that would make him and suspected that it caused later events.

## TWO YEARS OF REVOLUTION IN MEXICO.

1910, June 24.—Porfirio Diaz re-elected president. Rebellion planned for election day frustrated by proclamation of martial law in border towns.

1910, November.—Insurrection breaks out in northern states. Francisco I. Madero proclaims himself "provisional president."

1911, March 7.—President Taft orders 20,000 United States troops to Mexican border and is reported to have given Mexico until May 1 to restore peaceful conditions.

1911, May 10.—Insurgents recapture Juaréz in fight costing many lives and establish provisional government.

1911, May 25.—Diaz resigns presidency and De la Barra is made president pro tem, pending new election.

1911, Oct. 1.—Madero chosen president at general election; inaugurated Nov. 6.

1912, January-December.—Fighting between Madero's troops and various insurgent bands.

1912, Oct. 16.—General Felix Diaz, nephew of president deposed by Madero, seizes arsenal and garrison at Vera Cruz.

1912, Oct. 23.—Madero troops recapture Vera Cruz; Diaz taken prisoner, is court martialed and sentenced to death, but is saved from execution by Madero.

1913, Feb. 9.—Army revolts in the City of Mexico, releases Diaz and Reyes and captures arsenal under leadership of Diaz.

## "Gopier" Put Under Gun.

The entire board of the District of Columbia recently delivered a sharp blow to "gopiers." A law was put on the sale of beer in bottles. But only the "gopier" leaders were caught. The law is now being enforced by the government.



## No "Gold Brick Sale" at Betker's Shop

**OWING** to the fact that we are putting in a full line of **MEN'S HATS**, and have bought a larger spring line of other goods than ever before, it forces us to reduce our present stock to make room.

So we are offering to you a one week's **SPECIAL SALE**

One lot of Men's Dress Shirts, both light and dark patterns, \$1.50, \$2, \$2.50 grades **79c**

Choice of any other Dress Shirts in the house, \$2.50 grade **\$1.79**

\$2.00 grade **\$1.37** \$1.50 grade **\$1.00**  
\$1.75 grade **\$1.13** \$1.25 and \$1.00 **79c**

Men's Fancy Silk and Silk Lisle Hose  
50c grades - 25c. 25c fancy hose 15c; 2 for 25c

## Betker's Shop

"It's the Man Who Knows That Wears My Clothes"

## ECHO OF LATE OUSTER FAINT

Continued from Page 1  
motion to read that the Mahin original claim should be allowed in full.

"Is there a second to the motion?" asking Mayor Black, knowing full well there was not.

"The motion is lost for the want of a second," said the mayor.

A motion was passed that the mayor and clerk be instructed to borrow \$300 for the general fund. The council also voted to instruct the same officials to issue warrants to pay off notes to the extent of \$12,500.

Councilman Orme moved that sixty water meter covers be purchased at the list price, with ten per cent. discount.

Councilman Newhouse suggested that water mains be extended into the new Stewart & Tompkins addition because a number of people have built homes up there and others contemplate doing so during the spring and summer. He thought they should be extended two blocks into the addition in Perkins, Willow and Cherry streets. A water main was run up Eleventh street to the Pennsylvania railroad when the factory was built. A motion was eventually passed that Supt. Brown be instructed to look over the ground, correspond with the water pipe concerns and report at the next meeting.

Supt. Brown told the council Clyde Deeters was doing the work of two men as electrician at the water and light plant and suggested his salary be increased to \$75 a month. Deeters has been receiving thirty cents an hour. Councilman Kelley allowed Deeters ought to have the raise, if he was doing two men's work, and Councilman Orme put his thoughts into a motion granting the increase. Suffice to say it passed.

Councilman Orme said he had noticed ashes had been thrown in the streets and alleys. The city attorney said the evil could be remedied by having the city health board order the debris cleaned up. If the property owner did not obey, he said, the police could have the work done and it would be charged to the property owner.

"We haven't got any health board have we?" Councilman Kelley wanted to know. The question was dropped after that.

## LAST SALOON TO CLOSE APRIL 4

Continued from Page 1  
crease meant a "wet" majority.

The returns eventually were made, and showed a "dry" majority of 85 in the precinct, which ran the "dry" lead up to 95. Apparently, as compared with the 1911 vote, the extra votes cast were all "dry."

This year's vote shows a loss to the "wets" and a "dry" gain in every precinct but one. The "wets" showed a gain of eight votes in the first precinct, which voted at the Catholic church. The "wet" majority two years ago was 17 and this year it was 25.

The second ward kept up its reputation as a "wet" district, but it lost 64 votes over two years ago. The third and fourth precincts, which comprise this ward, had a "wet" majority yesterday of 64 and 33 respectively. The vote two years ago showed a "wet" majority of 97 in the third precinct and 64 in the fourth precinct. The second ward comprises all that part of the city lying west of Main street and south of the C. H. & D. railroad.

The first precinct went "wet" by 17 two years ago and by 25 this year. The second precinct, the other half of the first ward, went "dry" two years ago by 21 votes and this year by 48, a net "dry" gain of 27 votes.

The third ward, composed of the fifth and sixth precincts, maintained its reputation for the big "dry" precinct and increased its "dry" majority this year in both precincts.

The fifth precinct went "dry" two years ago by 30 votes and this year by 85, a "dry" gain of 55 votes. The sixth precinct, which, voted at Irvin's garage and includes the strip between Main and Harrison streets as far south as the C. H. & D. railroad, voted "dry" two years ago by 71 votes and this year by 87 votes, a net "dry" gain of 16 votes, even though the "wets" in the precinct cast 5 more votes than two years ago.

Close students of politics marveled at the heavy vote which was cast. There were a total of 1498 cast yesterday, as against 1400 cast two years ago.

The "dry" poll included many more names than the "wet" poll. The "drys" had 1652 votes on their poll books, which indicates that there were only 154 voters remained away from the polls. Ninety per cent of the polled vote was cast.

There were no disturbances to mar the day. The election passed off quietly and very little illegal voting was attempted. The women stuck at the polls until they were closed. Many of them remained on the all-day vigil through the worst of the inclement weather. The "drys" celebrated last night by ringing the church bells and the court house bell for more than an hour.

## OPTION ELECTIONS FAVOR THE "DRYS"

Several More Campaigns Ended in Indiana.

Wabash, Ind., March 5.—When the city was voted "dry" by a majority of 15, a bitterly fought campaign ended here. The city has been "wet" during the last two years.

Portland—By a majority which astounded even the most optimistic "dry" workers, Portland rolled up a "dry" vote of 866 to 58 "wet," giving the "drys" 357 majority, an increase of 306 above the majority of two years ago.

Tipton—The city of Tipton voted "dry" by a majority of 120. Two years ago the city, voting as a unit, gave a "dry" majority of 42.

## FRED MCLOUD, Jr., DIED

Frederick McCloud, Jr., age one year, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. F. McCloud of Cincinnati, formerly of this city, died at his home in Cincinnati this morning of measles and pneumonia. The body will be brought here for burial Friday. The child was the grandson of Squire James Kratzer.

Word has been received here that an eight and one-half pound boy has been born to the wife of Harry Carr in Chicago.

## FARM LOANS

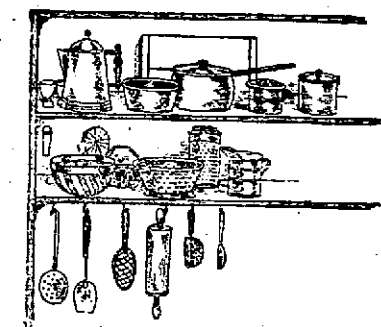
We have ample facilities to handle Farm Loans in any Amount, and if you are thinking of making A New Loan or Renewing One soon to become Due, we invite you to call and get our Terms and Rates, which will be found reasonable and satisfactory.

**THE PEOPLES LOAN & TRUST CO.**  
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"The Home For Savings"

WE GIVE **GREEN TRADING STAMPS**

## An Interesting Section



of this store is the **HOUSE-FURNISHING DEPARTMENT**, interesting in the variety of goods shown, in the many novelties to be found only here, and in the economies the prices speak. Every time you are in this store you should not omit a visit to this department.

**Dinnerware**, in many beautiful designs, both floral and conventional, available in all the different pieces. Select a few pieces as a starter and add to this nucleus as you feel able.

**Fancy China and Glassware**, suitable both for home use and for gifts. **Guernsey Cooking Ware**, the kind that has no superior, in casseroles, bean pots, bakers, and castards. Should you desire it, we can furnish these in silver or nickel containers.

**Cooking Utensils** in the best grades of aluminum, granite, and tin. The variety is almost endless.

**Brushes**, of every description for the hair, teeth, clothes, shoes, bath, nails. Also scrub brushes, brushes for cleaning sinks, radiators, cream separators, lamp chimneys, etc.

**Cedar Wardrobes**, otherwise moth-proof bags in all sizes for protecting your fine garments and furs when not in use.

**Gas Fixtures**—lamps, burners, mantles, globes, etc., for either inverted or upright style. We first introduced the 5c mantle to Rushville, and we still continue to give the same exceptional value for a nickel.

**Sewing Machines** in several different models, priced from \$15.00 to \$35.00. We are agents for the famous "FREE" and have needles for all machines made.

**Upholstering Goods**—imitation leather, pantastote, velour, gimp, tacks, chair seats, cotton, etc.

**For Housecleaning**—Curtain stretchers, carpet beaters, tack claws, ammonia, scour-alls, silver polish, feather dusters, carpet sweepers, and vacuum cleaners—hand power or electric. We are sole agents for **Oil of Gladness** Dustless Mops and Dusting Cloths. Try these for ten days without costing you a cent.

**For Gifts**—Cut Glass, Silverware, Brassware, Parisian Ivory, Books, etc.

LADIES HOME JOURNAL PATTERNS

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## Ninth Annual Seed Day

Fri. and Sat., March 14 and 15

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: Lytle's Drug Store :

## House Dresses of Style and Beauty

The Prices Will Surprise You Pleasantly

\$1 to \$1.50

Style features from the latest costumes have been adapted for these beautiful and becoming dresses. They are house dresses raised to real beauty, in which one may well receive or pay a morning call and be becomingly dressed. Shapely, perfecting fitting, neatly made of pretty materials and priced extremely LOW—these dresses are worth your careful investigation. You will certainly find a great deal of proper pride and real satisfaction, if you select one or more of these beautiful dresses.

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PICTORIAL REVIEW PATTERNS.

223 NORTH MAIN ST.

## Annual Horse Sale

At the Livery Barn in Lewisville, Ind., on

Saturday, March 8, '13

at 10:00 a. m., the following:

50 Head Horses and Mules 50  
50 Head Hogs 50  
5 Head Cattle 5  
19 Head Sheep 19

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## FOR SALE--Real Estate

I have for sale a number of houses and lots, that can be bought at the right price and without commission to anyone.

These properties are very desirable either for a house or as an investment.

The locations are the very best in the city, with improved streets, sidewalks, sewer, etc. Also several vacant lots for sale. I intend to sell and it will pay you to see me.

## GATES SEXTON